

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОБОРОНИ УКРАЇНИ

English for you

practice grammar
exercises and tests

You must
practise every day!!!

Львів 2011



Міністерство оборони України

Академія сухопутних військ імені
гетьмана Петра Сагайдачного

Дмитриєнко В.Г., Лозова О.Т., Малік О.І., Малік О.О.

ENGLISH FOR YOU
Practice Grammar Exercises and Tests

Навчальний посібник. Частина II.
Збірник граматичних вправ і тестів.

Передмова

Посібник “English for you”, частина друга “Practice grammar exercises and tests”, є збірником граматичних вправ і тестів, розрахований на широку аудиторію і призначений для закріплення граматичного матеріалу, представленого у першій частині підручника “English for you. Grammar from A to Z”. Загалом він спрямований на підготовку курсантів військових навчальних закладів, слухачів курсів мовної підготовки і всіх військовослужбовців Збройних Сил України, посади яких передбачають знання іноземної мови, що дозволяє їм виконувати запропоновані завдання за посадами. Даний посібник рекомендується також для всіх тих, хто хоче вдосконалити знання з граматики англійської мови як самостійно, так і під керівництвом викладача. Це навчальне видання може стати корисним для викладачів при проведенні аудиторної та позааудиторної роботи.

Посібник охоплює основні граматичні явища сучасної англійської мови, знання яких необхідне для формування навичок письма, говоріння і розуміння текстів англійською мовою. При розробці завдань були використані матеріали із сучасної періодики та з інших автентичних джерел.

Навчальне видання структурно складається з декількох розділів. Для зручності користування граматичний матеріал у розділі “Grammar exercises” поданий у тому ж порядку, що й у першій частині підручника “English for you. Grammar from A to Z”. Підбірка речень у розділі “Miscellaneous” виконана так, що завдання до них охоплюють всю граматику в довільній формі. Засвоєння граматичного матеріалу пропонується перевірити тестами, які розбиті на дві групи за різними рівнями складності. У розділі “Enjoy your English” можна перевірити свої знання шляхом виконання завдань у розважальній формі.

Завершується посібник підбіркою додаткового матеріалу, який може знадобитися при виконанні завдань, а також є ключі до кожної вправи, що дозволяє перевірити правильність відповідей і звернути увагу на ті моменти з граматики, які потребують ретельнішого вивчення.

CONTENTS

Tenses

Present Tenses

Present Simple and Present Continuous 6

Present Perfect 8

Present Continuous, Present Perfect and Present Perfect Continuous 10

Past Tenses

Past Simple 12

Past Simple and Present Perfect 15

Past Simple and Past Continuous 17

Past Simple, Past Perfect and Past Perfect Continuous 19

Future Tenses

Present Tenses for Future 21

Future Simple 22

Future Continuous and Future Perfect 24

Future Tenses-in-the-Past 26

Passive Voice 28

Reported Speech 30

Modal Verbs 32

Conditionals 35

Verb Patterns 37

Participle 39

Questions. Question Tags 41

Noun. Plural Nouns. Possessive Case 43

Article 46

Adjective. Adverb 49

Pronoun 52

Preposition 57

Conjunction. Linking Words 60

Phrasal Verbs 63

Miscellaneous 65

Enjoy Your English 75

Sample Tests 83

Appendix 1 104

Patterns of Irregular Verbs

Appendix 2 106

Main Verb Forms

Appendix 3 107

Verb Patterns

Appendix 4 108

Adjectives with -ing and -ed

Keys 109

Grammar Exercises

Present Simple and Present Continuous

Exercise 1. Choose the correct answer and fill in the gaps.

1. Where can I find Major Evans? – He _____ to Sergeant Ford on the parade square.
a) speaks b) speaking c) is speaking
2. What languages _____? – English, German and French.
a) are you speaking b) do you speak c) you speak
3. John and Paul are in the barracks now. They _____ about today's obstacle course.
a) talk b) are talking c) talking
4. Captain Briggs always _____ at the meeting.
a) is talking b) talks c) talking
5. _____ Lieutenant Walker _____ to work? – Not every day.
a) Is; driving b) Does; driving c) Does; drive
6. Why _____ so fast? Are you crazy? Look at the speedometer!
a) are you driving b) do you drive c) you driving
7. These recruits _____ from different countries.
a) come b) coming c) comes
8. I haven't seen Karol for ages! Where is he? – He _____ from the NATO school tomorrow.
a) comes b) is coming c) come
9. Where are the men from No 3 Platoon? – They _____ five-mile foot march.
a) are doing b) do c) doing
10. At first he could do 30 push-ups, now he _____ 50 push-ups every day.
a) doing b) is doing c) does

Exercise 2. Which alternative is correct?

1. Why **do you look/are you looking** at my uniform like that? Is it dirty?
2. When I am on holiday I **take/am taking** photos of different plants and flowers.
3. Where is Private Black? – He **cuts/is cutting** grass at the stadium.
4. Don't you know who **stands/is standing** with Major Brown at the moment?
5. Sergeant Wilson **is wearing/wears** glasses only for reading and watching.

Exercise 3. Correct the mistakes if there are any.

R - Right **W** - Wrong

1. If you **don't read** this magazine, please, give it to me. _____
2. What **do** they **laugh** at? They seem very happy. _____
3. Sergeant Wilson **is** always **looking** for his glasses. _____
4. I can see two soldiers. They **are camouflaging** the truck. _____
5. Lieutenant Edwards usually **observes** the enemy when he is on a reconnaissance patrol. _____

Exercise 4. Present Simple or Present Continuous?

1. Something _____ good. Are they making biscuits? (**smell**)
2. I'm a little bit nervous. Tomorrow I _____ the major general. (**see**)
3. It's 7 pm. All soldiers _____ dinner. (**have**)
4. I advise you to buy this sort of coffee. It _____ delicious. (**taste**)
5. Captain Forrester _____ of leaving the Army because of health problems. (**think**)
6. What's happened to Sergeant Copper? He _____ so rude today! He is usually polite. (**be**)
7. I've just received a parcel from my parents. I wonder what it _____. (**contain**)

8. I have repeated the rules of safety several times, men. _____ you _____ everything now? **(understand)**

9. Don't take this GPS. It _____ to Major Harris. **(belong)**

10. When the weather changes, I always _____ a headache. **(have)**

Exercise 5. Read the texts and fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb (the Present Simple or Present Continuous).

1. "Doctor", asked the patient, "I _____ **(feel)** much better now, and I want you to let me have your bill."

"Nonsense, sir", said the physician, "do be calm; you are not strong enough for that yet!"

2. A military policeman reported to the Provost Marshal about the escape of a prisoner.

"Got away, has he?" the Marshal roared. "Did you guard all the exits?"

"Yes, sir. But we _____ **(think)** he must have left by one of the entrances."

3. A new contingent of US troops land somewhere in Asia. An information officer _____ **(give)** them briefing on relations with the native people.

"Never mock at their customs, beliefs, prejudices. Even if some ignorant person _____ **(say)** that Asia is larger than Texas, don't try to correct his error."

4. A young girl received a letter from her soldier friend from a secret place. Upon opening the envelope she found only the following note, "Your boy friend still _____ **(love)** you very much, but he _____ **(talk)** too much. Signed – Military Censor."

5. A guard challenged a man appearing within sight of his post: "Halt! Who goes there?" And he heard the reply from an AWOL (Absent Without Official Leave). "Shhh! I _____ **(not go)** – I _____ **(come)** back."

6. The orderly officer was going his rounds at breakfast in the mess-hall and stopped at one table with the usual question: "Any complaints?"

One soldier jumped to attention and said: "Yes, sir, this tea _____ **(taste)** of chloride of lime."

The officer tasted the tea cautiously. "Nonsense," he pronounced. "That's carbolic acid."

Present Perfect

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Present Perfect.

1. Bob, where's your compass? – Oh, I _____ in the barracks. (**leave**)
2. _____ you _____ the rules of safety in weapon handling yet? – Yes, sir. I am ready to answer your questions. (**learn**)
3. I'm so tired. I need a rest. I _____ on holiday this year. (**not be**)
4. Why are you so nervous? – It's the first time I _____ a rifle. (**fire**)
5. I can't find my razor. I think somebody _____ it by mistake. (**take**)

Exercise 2. Match the sentences in A with the sentences in B.

A	B
1. Now I see that ...	a) have crashed lately.
2. Usually I do 50 push ups, but yesterday ...	b) when you bought it.
3. An enemy helicopter ...	c) have failed your driving test!
4. Oh, a new hand-held computer! I wonder ...	d) I have done a lot of stupid things in my life.
5. My brother is a talented painter. ...	e) have never studied any foreign languages.
6. A lot of planes ...	f) failed to get into art college last year.
7. Do you want the news? Captain Cutler ...	g) He studied at the Royal College of Art.
8. It's a great mistake that you...	h) crashed in the field an hour ago.
9. Unbelievable! It's the third time you ...	i) has bought a motorcycle!
10. Colonel Morrison's son ...	j) I did 60!

Exercise 3. Which alternative is correct?

1. *Did you ever travel/Have you ever travelled* by ferry before?
2. It's the first time I *am eating/have eaten* Chinese food.
3. Lieutenant Wilson *is ill/has been ill* since Monday. He's got flu.
4. When *have you bought/did you buy* this digital camera? I *haven't seen/didn't see* it before.
5. Sorry, I *have forgotten/forgot* to buy you some batteries in the PX.
6. Is Captain Esteban here yet? – Yes, he *has arrived/ arrived* yesterday evening.
7. I *never saw/have never seen* our sergeant on a motorbike before.
8. When *did you get married/have you got married?* - Five years ago.

Exercise 4. Complete the sentences with the suitable verbs in the Present Perfect.

happen forget never have cook not see ask

1. The dentist _____ us to wait for a few minutes.
2. Is this the first time you _____ dinner?
3. Why aren't they here yet? I'm sure something terrible _____!
4. Who is that officer? – He told me his name but I _____ it.
5. Where's Tom? I _____ him since morning.
6. Whose is this car? Major Warren's? As far as I know he _____ a car.

Exercise 5. Correct the mistakes if there are any.

R – Right **W** – Wrong

1. I'm so thirsty. I **didn't drink** anything since breakfast. _____
2. Oh, somebody **has scratched** my new car! _____
3. How many countries **did** you **visit** in your life? _____
4. We **know** Sergeant Ford for three years. He's a good specialist and a good man. _____
5. You're so pale. – Yes, I **have had** a headache since morning. _____
6. Oh, I don't recognize you. Why **did** you **shave** off your moustache? _____
7. **Have** you ever **swum** in the ocean? _____

Exercise 6. Read the texts and use the correct forms of the verbs.

1. "Does the Unit Engineer know that the trench _____ (**fall**) in?"
"Well, sir, we're digging him out to tell him."
2. During the critique held after field exercises the umpire told the unit commander: "There were two correct solutions of the problem. You _____ (**select**) the third one."
3. A parachutist jumped during a training drop. His parachute failed to open. As he was falling past his comrades in the stick, with an unopened chute, he shouted, obviously displeased: "That's the second time this _____ (**happen**)."
4. A woman visitor to the city entered a taxicab. No sooner the door was closed than the car started forward violently and went racing wildly along the street, narrowly missing collisions with innumerable things. The passenger was terrified. She shouted to the taxi driver: "Please, be careful! I'm nervous. This is the first time I _____ (**ride**) in a taxi."
The driver yelled in reply: "That is all right, ma'am. It's the first time I _____ (**drive**) one."
5. The Company Commander and the 1st Sgt, were in the field. As they hit the sack for the night, the 1SG said: "Sir, look up into the sky and tell me what you see."
The CO said "I see millions of stars."
1st Sgt.: "And what does that tell you, sir?"
CO: Astronomically, it tells me that there are millions of galaxies and potentially billions of planets. Theologically, it tells me that God is great and that we are small and insignificant. Meteorologically, it tells me that we will have a beautiful day tomorrow. What does it tell you, Top?"
1st Sgt.: "Well sir, it tells me that somebody _____ (**steal**) our tent."

Present Continuous, Present Perfect and Present Perfect Continuous

Exercise 1. Which alternative is correct, the Present Continuous or Present Perfect Continuous?

1. Why is your face so red? – I **am running/have been running**.
2. Rob **is learning/has been learning** Turkish for 3 years.
3. Our platoon commander **is smoking/has been smoking** since he was 16.
4. Hurry up! The general **is waiting/has been waiting** for you at the headquarters.
5. Please, be quiet! He **is speaking/has been speaking** on the phone.

Exercise 2. Correct the mistakes if there are any.

R – Right **W** – Wrong

1. My friend **is thinking** of working abroad. _____
2. Paul **is working** as an instructor at the NATO school for a year. _____
3. How long **are you writing** a report? – For an hour. _____
4. I'm exhausted! **I've been working** all day! _____
5. Look! He **is wearing** a suit today. He looks gorgeous! _____

Exercise 3. Fill in the gaps with the correct variant.

1. You know, Major Evans _____ Arabic. – Really? What for?
a) learns b) has been learning c) is learning
2. I've always wanted to visit the Taj Mahal. I _____ money for a year to go there.
a) am saving b) have been saving c) save
3. Captain Cutler _____ from toothache since morning.
a) has been suffering b) is suffering c) suffers
4. Private Smith _____ the truck. – He must be tired. He _____ it all day.
a) is still repairing; has been repairing
b) still repairs; is repairing
c) is still repairing; repairs
5. Where is Private Jenkins? – He _____ his equipment for a map reading exercise. He _____ it for half an hour.
a) has been checking; is doing
b) is checking; has been doing
c) is checking; is doing

Exercise 4. Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous?

1. Meet my friend, Major Edwards. I _____ him since an infantry officer specialization course. (**know**)
2. Captain Cutler's car is very old. He _____ it for ten years. (**have**)
3. Slow down! You might have an accident! – Don't worry. I _____ since I was 18. (**drive**)
4. Private Allen feels awful. He _____ a pain in his stomach since he had dinner at 6 o'clock. (**have**)
5. Oh, sorry I am late. How long _____ you _____? (**wait**)
6. Yesterday Captain Esteban invited us to the restaurant on his birthday. Will you come? – With pleasure. I _____ to the restaurant for ages. (**not be**)
7. John is terribly upset. He _____ motionless for three hours since he got a letter from his girlfriend. (**sit**)
8. You are late again! The briefing _____. (**already begin**)

Exercise 5. Fill in the gaps with the correct verb forms in the Present Continuous, Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous.

1. Private Smith, you look very cheerful. – We _____ each other stories about military life. (**tell**)
2. Scientists say that the climate _____ warmer. (**get**)
3. Are you hungry? – No, I _____ all day. (**eat**)
4. Where is Private Jackson? – He _____ his boots outside. We have drill tomorrow. (**polish**)
5. A lot of refugees _____ to their homes lately. (**return**)
6. _____ you _____ Sergeant Williams riding a bicycle? – No. It must be funny. (**ever see**)
7. It's the battalion football match. Our company _____ against B Company. Unfortunately, we _____. (**play; lose**)
8. Are you a careful driver? – Yes, I think so. At least I _____ an accident. (**never have**)
9. Why are you so annoyed? You _____ all day! (**grumble**)
10. What _____ Henry and Dieter _____ about? – They _____ today's communications training. (**talk; discuss**)

Exercise 6. Read the texts and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form in the Present Continuous, Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous.

1. 1st Soldier : "What made you volunteer for military service?"
 2nd Soldier: "Oh, I had no wife, and I loved a good scrap. And why did you do it?"
 1st Soldier: "I have a wife, and I _____ (**look**) for peace."
2. Major General MacNormann, the Division General Commanding, drove over to watch the results of a practice on the rifle range. The results were terrible. The general, forgetting that he himself was out of practice, jumped out of his car and grabbed a gun away from one of the soldiers.
 "I'll show you how to do this thing." He carefully took aim and fired several times. Every shot was a complete miss. It was an embarrassing moment for everybody but the general finally saved the situation.
 He said: "That's what you _____ (**do**). Now learn to do it right." And he jumped into his car and disappeared in a cloud of dust.
3. "Why does a woman say she _____ (**shop**) when she _____ (**not buy**) anything?"
 "Why does a man say he _____ (**fish**) when he _____ (**not catch**) anything?"
4. Angler: "You _____ (**watch**) me for three hours. Why don't you try fishing yourself?"
 Onlooker: "I haven't got patience."
5. At the march-past, the reviewing general saw that the commander of a company just marching by the reviewing stand was walking out of step in front of his men.
 The general's diplomatic remark was: "What a mess! The whole company is out of step. Only the captain _____ (**march**) in step."
6. Private Smith, stationed overseas, wrote to a girlfriend: "It _____ (**be**) so long since I heard from you that you are practically a stranger."
 The letter was returned with the military censor's notation: "Military personnel are not permitted to correspond with strangers."
7. Sergeant Miller _____ (**shout**) at some shabby recruits: "Just look at yourselves! Your shoes _____ (**not shine**), your ties aren't straight, your hair isn't combed – suppose some country suddenly declared war!"

Past Simple

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Past Simple.

My friend, Roy, _____ (1) (**die**) last year. He _____ (2) (**leave**) me his record player and his collection of records. Roy _____ (3) (**spend**) a lot of money on records. He _____ (4) (**buy**) one or two new records every week. He never _____ (5) (**go**) to the theatre. He _____ (6) (**stay**) at home every evening and _____ (7) (**listen**) to music. He often _____ (8) (**lend**) records to his friends. Sometimes they _____ (9) (**keep**) them. He _____ (10) (**lose**) many records in this way.

Exercise 2. Make questions and negatives.

1. It rained heavily during the night.

Q: How _____ ?

Q: When _____ ?

N: _____.

2. Prisoners of war built this bridge in 1942.

Q: What _____ ?

Q: When _____ ?

N: _____ (in 1944)

3. Private White felt very nervous when he went into major's office.

Q: How _____ ?

Q: When _____ ?

N: _____.

4. We left the camp early in the morning.

Q: What _____ ?

Q: When _____ ?

N: _____.

5. Captain Hawkins used to go to work by bus.

Q: How _____ ?

Q: Where _____ ?

N: _____.

6. On May 10th 1960 the nuclear submarine USS Triton completed the first underwater circumnavigation of the Earth.

Q: When _____ ?

Q: What _____ ?

N: _____ (second)

7. The attacker detonated a bomb in a waiting room at the Civil Hospital.

Q: What _____ ?

Q: Where _____ ?

N: _____ (in a ward)

8. The troops practised convoy drills, search and rescue tasks, amphibious operations and beach landings.

Q: Who _____ ?

Q: What _____ ?

N: _____ (map reading)

9. Last week 200 workers at a warehouse in Copenhagen went on strike for five days in protest.

Q: When _____ ?

Q: Who _____ ?

N: _____ (for a month)

10. A United Nations bodyguard saved 17 colleagues by holding back Taliban fighters who stormed a guesthouse.

Q: Who?

Q: How _____?

N: _____.

Exercise 3. Choose the correct answer from the options (a, b, or c).

1. Last Thursday morning I _____ a phone call from an ex-cop.

a) got b) get c) getted

2. Among the civilian organizations that _____ in the exercise were representatives from the International Committee of the Red Cross and the US Agency for International Development.

a) take part b) taken part c) took part

3. Five men from the 2nd Battalion _____ in a single incident near Sangin, when a patrol was hit by two Taliban explosive devices.

a) dyed b) died c) dead

4. I _____ by air a great deal when I was a boy.

a) was travelling b) used to travel c) have travelled

5. A pilot _____ a balloon which seemed to be making for a Royal Air Force Station nearby.

a) noticed b) used to notice c) had noticed

6. I first _____ Michael before Christmas, while researching an article about the Gaelic sport of hurling.

a) used to meet b) met c) has met

7. A half century ago, police officers _____ 69 black South Africans in the township of Sharpeville, where protesters had burned the passbooks that the white-led apartheid government required them to carry at all times.

a) has massacred b) used to massacre c) massacred

8. Authorities evacuated hundreds of people after a volcano _____ beside a glacier in southern Iceland around 11:30 p.m. Saturday.

a) used to erupt b) erupts c) erupted

9. The worst train crash for half a century in Belgium _____ in icy conditions, but it was not clear whether the weather had been a causal factor.

a) took place b) taken place c) has taken place

10. Clashes with police through much of Saturday night.

a) lashing b) lashed c) lash

Exercise 4. Put the words into the correct order.

1. cleared/ the/ of/ sappers/ land mines/ area.

2. give/ the/ didn't/ the/ police officer/ man/ ticket/ a.

3. recruits / asked / continuously / questions / in class / this morning.

4. we / at home / stayed / last Sunday.

5. this morning / a book / I / from the library / borrowed.

6. large/ building/ forces/ retake/ launched/ a/ campaign/ to/ a/ military.

7. agreement/ effect/ ceasefire/ came/ the/ at/ into/ 11am.

8. on/ the/ began/ first/ airlifts/ NATO/ July/ 1/ 2005.

9. widespread/ dishwasher/ become/ until/ as/ a/ the/ the/ labour-saving machine/ 1960s/ didn't.

10. Nobel/ many/ explosives/ invented/ and/ relatively/ powerful/ safe.

Exercise 5. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

replied	learnt	said	waved	had	drove
---------	--------	------	-------	-----	-------

Do You Speak English?

I _____ (1) an amusing experience last year. After I had left a small village in the south of France, I _____ (2) on the next town. On the way, a young man _____ (3) to me. I stopped and he asked me for a lift. As soon as he had got into the car, I _____ (4) good morning to him in French and he _____ (5) in the same language. Apart from a few words, I do not know any French at all. Neither of us spoke during the journey. I had nearly reached the town, when the young man suddenly said, very slowly, 'Do you speak English?' As I soon _____ (6), he was English himself!

Exercise 6. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. Officers spoken with specific accents and it was difficult to understand them.
2. In 2009 North Korea conduct its second nuclear test, successfully detonating a weapon as powerful as the one that destroyed Hiroshima.
3. A series of murders terrified the town of Gaffney last year.
4. Tests showd that the gun had been used in the murders.
5. He serves in Bosnia in 2006-2007.
6. The jury taked 37 minutes to find the man guilty of first-degree murder for shooting a prominent doctor in the head in May.
7. Yesterday he didn't wrote reports to his commander.
8. Militants also allegedly gatherd ammunition for Hamas attacks against Israel.
9. The special effects of the movie were breathtaking. Everyone stareded at the screen with the mouth open.
10. Centralized recruit training in the Canadian Army not existed until 1940.

Past Simple and Present Perfect.

Exercise 1. Underline the correct tense, the Past Simple or Present Perfect.

1. BAE Systems' ATC training experience originally *came/ has come* from the Ferranti-owned Dundridge College.
2. Over the past three years we *doubled/ have doubled* the size of the company.
3. Last year Russia successfully *conducted/ has conducted* live test firing of the S-400 at the Kapustin Yar firing range.
4. This is the first time Project Helix *was reorganized/ has been reorganized*.
5. They *worked/ have worked* on the military/ political concept of the battle group since 2005.
6. Louise Broun *borrowed/ has borrowed* more than 25.000 books since she *started/ has started* using public libraries in 1946.
7. Japan *relied/ has relied* heavily on the US for its fighter aircraft.
8. He *served/ has served* with a multinational team of advisers to the Sudanese Police in 2007-2009.
9. In 2006, in Afghanistan, just 40 Gurkhas *held/ have held* a police station against massed attacks over ten days by Taliban fighters.
10. The USA *bought/ has bought* Alaska from Russia for 2 cents an acre.

Exercise 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form, the Past Simple or Present Perfect.

1. The first flight of new aircraft _____ (take place) in mid-2004.
2. A single-seat fighter _____ (crash) northeast of Athens on 27 February; the pilot _____ (eject) safely.
3. September 11 _____ (change) everything.
4. Over the past 20 years BAE Systems _____ (train) over 4800 students from 50 countries.
5. The company _____ (supply) the original simulator 15 years ago.
6. Douglas Carl Engelbart _____ (invent) the first computer mouse in 1964.
7. If a surgeon in Ancient Egypt _____ (lose) a patient while performing an operation, his hands were cut off.
8. Last night government forces _____ (try) to recapture a municipal building occupied by separatists.
9. Many of the greatest athletes in the world _____ (take part) in the Olympic Games.
10. Only fourteen countries _____ (take part) in the first modern Olympics in Athens.

Exercise 3. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. Have you did the work yet?
2. The Italian parliament decidied to take action after a weekend in which eight people died and ten suffered serious injuries in a series of avalanches across the Italian Alps.
3. On 26 April 2005, the African Union has asked NATO to provide logistical support for its operation in Darfur.
4. The Chinese has used gunpowder to make fireworks and signals, and later to make weapons of war.
5. How many bombs you have dealt with?
6. Security forces counter-attacked and was recapturing that check post.
7. About half of Mogadishu's residents has fled their homes after two decades of conflict.
8. What the protesters shouted their support for?
9. Sgt Moncayo have lost a very important part of his life.
10. The vessel sinked close to the sea border with North Korea.

Exercise 4. Choose the most appropriate answer from the options (a, b, or c).

1. A British biology teacher _____ the first woman to row across the Indian Ocean and only the fourth person to complete the journey.
a) became b) has become c) have become
2. Two American journalists imprisoned in North Korea were released on Tuesday, after the president _____ a surprise visit to the country to plead for their release.
a) has made b) made c) have made
3. The father of tennis player _____ in Serbia for threatening to fire a rocket at the car of the Australian ambassador.
a) has arrested b) have arrested c) has been arrested
4. According to survivors, police _____ aside as hundreds of supporters of an outlawed Islamic group looted and set fire to around 40 Christian houses and attacked their inhabitants.
a) has stood b) stand c) stood
5. Sarah Outen, 24, _____ 124 days rowing 4000 miles from the west coast of Australia to Mauritius.
a) spent b) has spent c) have spent
6. Paul's friend _____ a new car a month ago.
a) buyed b) bought c) has bought
7. David's grandparents _____ to this country thirty years ago.
a) came b) has come c) have come
8. Israeli forces and the rival Palestinian leadership in the West Bank _____ the militant group since 2007.
a) battled b) has battled c) have battled
9. The women, mostly dressed in black, _____ that the government protect women and children better.
a) demand b) demanded c) has demanded
10. L/Cpl Craig Lundberg, 24, who lost his sight while serving with the King's Regiment, _____ the first soldier to test the Brain Port device.
a) has become b) became c) becomes

Exercise 5. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

was(x2)	didn't take	has bought	wanted	flew	has flown	has refused
has begun	landed (x2)					

TAXI

Captain Ben Fawcett _____ (1) an unusual taxi and _____ (2) a new service. The 'taxi' is a small Swiss aeroplane called a 'Pilatus Porter'. This wonderful plane can carry seven passengers. Captain Fawcett's first passenger _____ (3) a doctor who _____ (4) from Birmingham to a lonely village in the Welsh mountains. Since then, Captain Fawcett _____ (5) passengers to many unusual places. Once he _____ (6) on the roof of a block of flats and on another occasion, he _____ (7) in a deserted car park. Captain Fawcett _____ just _____ (8) a strange request from a businessman. The man _____ (9) to fly to Rockall, but Captain Fawcett _____ (10) him because the trip was too dangerous.

Past Simple and Past Continuous.

Exercise 1. Which alternative is correct?

1. At that time our troops *crossed/were crossing* the bridge.
2. Jan and Dave Griffith *sailed/were sailing* through stormy waters off Queensland when their dog *vanished/ was vanishing* overboard.
3. After his triumph of 1954, he *did not attempt/was not attempting* many other climbs, but instead *was opening/ opened* a small guest house in the resort of Cervinia.
4. Many foreigners *came/ were coming* to Bosnia in the 1990s, and some *stayed/ were staying*.
5. A man *rode/ was riding* a motorbike when the cigarette he *smoked/was smoking* suddenly *blew up/ was blowing up*.
6. Two men *attacked/ were attacking* my brother as he *walked/ was walking* home from work last night.
7. They *walked/ were walking* through the jungle when soldier Johns nearly *stood/ was standing* on a snake.
8. When the troops *left/ were leaving* the camp, the sun *shone/ was shining* brightly.
9. Snow *fell/ was falling* as our plane *took off/ was taking off*.
10. Private Johnson *cut/ was cutting* himself while he *shaved/ was shaving*.

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Past Simple or Past Continuous.

1. They _____ (**speed**) when the accident happened.
2. The unmanned goods train _____ (**derail**) and _____ (**smash**) into a building towards port in Oslo.
3. A piracy attack by Somalis against a Yemeni oil tanker that _____ (**carry**) large amounts of oil to the port in Aden _____ (**be repelled**).
4. An Israeli army unit _____ (**halt**) three Palestinians when they _____ (**illegally cross**) the border from Gaza.
5. Four armed men _____ (**ambush**) the family as they _____ (**get**) ready to leave the house to go to the airport.
6. An Army officer _____ (**defuse**) a record 93 bombs while he _____ (**serve**) in Afghanistan.
7. Mayor Abdurisaq Mohamed Nor _____ (**order**) the homes to be demolished earlier this week.
8. Sgt Wuterich _____ (**operate**) within military combat rules and he _____ (**order**) his men to attack.
9. Trucks _____ (**travel**) from the capital to the camps when several armed men _____ (**stop**) them.
10. An eyewitness _____ (**move up**) on the escalator when he _____ (**hear**) a loud bang, a blast.

Exercise 3. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. I saw a bad accident while I driving home.
2. What was you doing at seven o'clock yesterday?
3. Nobel also was making inventions in the fields of electrochemistry, optics, biology, and physiology.
4. Who the police were still looking for?
5. Capitan Owens was joining the Army 20 years ago.
6. I didn't broke a fingernail. I was very lucky.
7. Officials was investigating several possible causes, including an attack by a torpedo boat, a mine or an explosion of munitions aboard the ship.
8. Where the explosion took place?
9. In January the North has fired 370 artillery shells into the sea near the border.
10. I was very frightened while I waiting in the emergency room.

Exercise 4. Choose the correct answer from the options (a, b, or c).

1. He _____ very sick while he _____ overseas.
a) got; was travelled b) got; was travelling c) got; travelling
2. Monty _____ in his garage last night when he _____ a loud noise.
a) was working; heard b) worked; was hearing c) was working; hearing
3. The soldiers _____ a checkpoint close to the airport, when several gunmen _____ them.
a) were manning; attacked b) manned; attacking c) manning; were attacking
4. 47 Saudis and 51 foreigners in three independent groups _____ to target oil facilities and security forces when Saudi Arabian security forces _____ them.
a) planned; were detaining
b) were planning; were detaining
c) were planning; detained
5. In 2003 Dr Grigori Perelman, who _____ as a researcher at the Steklov Institute of Mathematics in St Petersburg, _____ posting papers on the internet suggesting he had solved the puzzle (Poincare Conjecture).
a) working; beginning b) was working; began c) worked; was beginning
6. The second blast _____ at the back of the train as people _____ on board.
a) struck; were getting on b) struck; are getting on c) was striking; were getting on
7. I _____ he _____ from the beginning.
a) knew; lied b) knew; was lying c) knew; was lying
8. Another plane _____ down last week while it _____ a recon mission.
a) was shot; performing b) was shot; was performing c) shot; performing
9. More than 20 people _____ in the first bombing, as a train _____ at Lubyanka station.
a) dies; standing b) died; was standing c) were dying; stood
10. A truck _____ into a church van that _____ family on their way to a wedding.
a) was crashed; carried b) crashed; carrying c) crashed; was carrying

Exercise 5. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

saluted	marched	were blazing	drove off	dragged	were running	felt
changed	knocked	stopped				

When he had killed the guard, the prisoner of war quickly _____ (1) him into the bushes. Working rapidly in the darkness, he soon _____ (2) into the dead man's clothes. Now, dressed in a blue uniform and with a rifle over his shoulder, the prisoner _____ (3) boldly up and down in front of the camp. He could hear shouting in the camp itself. Lights _____ (4) and men _____ (5) here and there: they had just discovered that a prisoner had escaped. At that moment, a large black car with four officers inside it, _____ (6) at the camp gates. The officers got out and the prisoner stood to attention and _____ (7) as they passed. When they had gone, the driver of the car came towards him to talk. The prisoner _____ (8) very sorry for him, but there was nothing else he could do. He _____ (9) the driver to the ground with a sharp blow. Then, jumping into the car, he _____ (10) as quickly as he could.

Past Simple, Past Perfect and Past Perfect Continuous.

Exercise 1. Choose the most appropriate answer from the options (a, b, or c).

- Pentagon Press Secretary said on 15 January that the President _____ the deployment of approximately 3.200 marines to bolster the NATO-led International Security Assistance Force.
a) had been approving b) had approved c) approved
- When police _____, they found two bombs.
a) inspected b) have inspected c) inspecting
- He _____ in Flanders in the First World War.
a) fought b) had fought c) fought
- My old friend _____ in the Mediterranean for many years before he _____ to England.
a) lived; had returned b) had lived; returned c) lived; returned
- When he _____ lunch he _____ for a glass of water.
a) had been finishing; had asked
b) had finished; asked
c) had finished; had asked
- A dog _____ a lucky escape when a boat rescued him from an ice floe that _____ him more than 100 miles up a river and out onto the Baltic Sea.
a) had been having; carried b) had had; carried c) had; had carried
- A huge gas explosion _____ a newly built power plant in the town of Middletown last weekend, killing at least five people and injuring dozens more.
a) had destroyed b) destroyed c) had been destroying
- We all _____ at the square right in front of the station building, beginning to realise what _____.
a) gathered; had happened b) had gathered; happened c) gathered; had been happening
- The authorities recently _____ a major operation against the rebels in a number of states.
a) began b) had been beginning c) begun
- When asked why police _____ Paulette sooner, they said that they _____ search efforts outside the home.
a) not find; had been concentrating
b) didn't find; had been concentrated
c) hadn't found; had been concentrating

Exercise 2. Put the verb in brackets in the correct form, the Past Simple, Past Perfect, or Past Perfect Continuous.

- He _____ (**live**) in Scotland fifteen years ago.
- He _____ (**live**) in Scotland before he moved to London last year.
- By that time most of the population _____ (**abandon**) the city.
- Mr Susanto told Jakartan journalists he _____ (**smoke**) since he was a schoolboy and _____ (**never have**) any problems.
- Last year four rescue workers _____ (**die**) during a search for two people who _____ (**go**) climbing in the Dolomites in defiance of avalanche warnings.
- The blast was so large that some people _____ (**mistake**) it for an earthquake.
- They _____ (**hike**) on foot to the base of the mountain.
- Federal prosecutors said they _____ (**open**) an investigation into suspected acts of terrorism.
- He was exhausted because he _____ (**hike**) for three hours.
- The briefing _____ (**already start**) by the time I arrived.

Exercise 3. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

- The Sukhoi T-50, also called the PAK FA, had made its maiden flight in Russia's far east.
- He had had PT at 10 o'clock yesterday morning.
- When I saw Julie, I realized that I met her before.

4. We had waiting for an hour before the bus came.
5. He was very depressed because he loses his job.
6. The river flooded because it was raining heavily for two weeks.
7. The Indian government had began a major offensive against the rebels in some states several days ago.
8. Dozens of prisoners had escaped from a Yemeni jail after a bomb went off in the prison, causing chaos.
9. He has become an American citizen after moving to the US in the 1960s.
10. She had finish work by 8 o'clock.

Exercise 4. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

began	had begun	ordered	had been fighting	had been planting
had covered	had been growing	rose up	threatened	

AFTER THE FIRE

Fireman _____ (1) the forest fire for nearly three weeks before they could get it under control. A short time before, great trees _____ (2) the countryside for miles around. Now, smoke still _____ (3) from the warm ground over the desolate hills. Winter was coming on and the hills _____ (4) the surrounding villages with destruction, for heavy rain would not only wash away the soil but would cause serious floods as well. When the fire had at last been put out, the forest authorities _____ (5) several tons of a special type of grass-seed which would grow quickly. The seed was sprayed over the ground in huge quantities by aeroplanes. The planes _____ (6) seed for nearly a month when it _____ (7) to rain. By then, however, in many places the grass had already taken root. In place of the great trees which _____ (8) there for centuries, patches of green _____ (9) to appear in the blackened soil.

Present Tenses for Future

Exercise 1. Present Simple or Present Continuous for Future?

1. Next term _____ on the 1st of February, and the exams _____ in July. (**start; be**)
2. Something smells delicious! What _____ we _____ for dinner? (**have**)
3. Captain Walker _____ this Saturday at the races. (**spend**)
4. We _____ barbecue at the camp on Sunday. Do you want to come? – I'd love to. What time _____ it _____? (**have; start**)
5. _____ you _____ to the match tomorrow? – Sorry, I can't. I _____ for Stockholm tonight. (**come; leave**)
6. What time _____ the train _____ in Oberammergau? – At 7 am. (**arrive**)

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with *going to* and one of the verbs below.

congratulate snow stay fall return have

1. Look at that tree. It _____ down.
2. Lieutenant Cutler's wife _____ a baby.
3. Why have you got the flowers? – I _____ my wife on her birthday.
4. It's getting colder and colder. I think it _____.
5. Captain Esteban _____ to Spain in two months.
6. Major Brown and Major Evans _____ in Iraq another six months.

Exercise 3. Which alternative is correct?

1. Welcome to the briefing for personnel selected for the courses in Oberammergau. All courses *start/are starting* on Monday morning.
2. What *do you do/are you doing* this weekend, Charles? – I don't know. I don't have any plans.
3. What a beautiful day! Not a cloud in the sky! – Yes, but the weather forecast says *it's raining/it's going to rain*.
4. What time *do you see/are you seeing* the bank manager? – At 12.
5. Bob *is flying/flies* to Egypt tomorrow. His flight *is leaving/leaves* at 6 am.
6. All participants in the conference *are having/have* a lecture at 9.00 tomorrow.

Exercise 4. Read the texts and use the Present Simple or *going to* and the verb in brackets to complete the sentences.

1. An Air Force weather officer was compiling a weather forecast on the basis of a large number of scientific information obtained with weather satellites, probe rockets, radars and what not. "Hmm," he at last remarked impressively to a fellow weather man, "it _____" (**rain**).
"How do you know?" inquired the other man.
"Because," said the first meteorologist, still studying his papers, "my corns hurt!"
2. "Why _____ you _____ (**marry**) that police captain?"
"It is against the law, you know, to resist an officer."
3. "What birthday present _____ you _____ (**give**) your husband?"
"Oh, a hundred cigars."
"What did you pay for them?"
"Nothing! For the last few months I have taken one or two from his box daily. He has not noticed it, and will be delighted with my tact in getting the kind he always smokes."

Future Simple

Exercise 1. Fill in the gaps with *will* or *going to* and the correct verb form.

1. Who do you think _____ the next election? - I don't know. I am not interested in politics. (**win**)
2. Pete, you still owe me 10 pounds. Have you forgotten? - Yes, I have. I am sorry. I _____ back tomorrow. (**give**)
3. Are you and Samantha still going out together? - Yes, we _____ next month. (**get married**)
4. Captain Warren is 30 minutes late. I think I _____ him a call. (**give**)
5. It's Sergeant Miller's birthday next week. - Yes, we know. We _____ him a new mobile phone. (**buy**)
6. At the end of the XXI century people _____ on the Moon. (**live**)
7. The briefing _____ no more than 15 minutes. (**take**)
8. Why did you buy so much food? - I _____ some friends to a party. (**invite**)
9. Landmine clearance _____ about 15 hectares on either side of the main road. (**cover**)
10. Have you cleaned your uniform yet? - Not yet. I _____ in half an hour. (**clean**)

Exercise 2. Which alternative is correct?

1. Oh, dear. I'm late for work. - Don't worry. I **will give/am going to give** you a lift.
2. - Could I speak to Major Brown? - I'm afraid he's out at the moment.
- I **will call/am going to call** back later then.
3. I **am going/will go** to the PX to buy after shave cream. Do you want anything there?
4. It's so hot in this room! - I **will open/am going to open** the window.
5. Why is he wearing his old clothes? - He **will wash/is going to wash** a car.

Exercise 3. Correct the mistakes if there are any.

R - Right **W** - Wrong

1. He says he **will stop** smoking after his birthday. _____
2. Don't lend him your car. He **is going to** crash it. _____
3. Our platoon **will play** tennis against Platoon No2 on Saturday. Would you like to join us?

4. I can't go with you to the stadium. I **am meeting** Colonel Wilson at the airport. _____
5. His plane **will arrive** at 12 o'clock. Don't be late! _____

Exercise 4. Choose the correct answer and fill in the gaps.

1. Can you give Captain Morris the message if you _____ him.
a) will see b) see c) are going see
2. Hurry up! If you _____ a taxi, you _____ late for the meeting.
a) won't take; will be b) don't take; will be c) won't take; are
3. When he _____ a job, he _____ tell you at once.
a) will find; will tell b) will find; tells c) finds; will tell
4. If you _____ that again, Private White, I _____ you.
a) do; will punish b) will do; will punish c) will do; punish
5. When you _____ to Iraq, I _____ you
a) will go; will miss b) go; will miss c) will go; miss

Exercise 5. Complete the sentences with *if* or *when* and the correct verb forms.

1. The men of the Platoon No1 _____ the game _____ they train hard. (**win**)
2. What are you going to do _____ you _____? (**retire**)
3. _____ you don't apologise to Major Brown, I _____ you any more. (**not respect**)
4. I'll wonder _____ they _____ my advice. (**follow**)
5. Sergeant Wilson is very sociable and jovial. _____ he _____, everybody starts smiling. (**come**)

Exercise 6. Read the texts and put the verbs in the correct form.

1. "Now, men, you _____ (**have**) a break for smoking and Private Smith, who was a doctor in civilian life, _____ (**give**) a talk on the harms of smoking," announced the company commander after an exercise.

2. Captain Harrison, addressing new recruits in his company, explained that he wanted only willing fighters.

"Now, boys," he said, "I don't wish to retain any of you who wish to leave and therefore if anyone of you is dissatisfied and wishes to return to his home he may signify the same by stepping six paces in front of the line. "But," he added, "I _____ (**shoot**) the first man that steps out."

3. Captain Wilson gave orders to his company: "You men will hold this position at all cost and when there _____ (**be**) an atomic explosion, platoon sergeants _____ (**blow**) a whistle to jump off. Any questions?"

One of the sergeants asked: "Just one question, sir. Do we blow that whistle going up or coming down?"

Future Continuous and Future Perfect

Exercise 1. Put the verbs in the correct form: *will (do)*, *will be (doing)* or *will have (done)*.

1. The future situation is uncertain. What do you think _____ ? (**happen**)
2. You said you wanted to talk to Major Robinson. At 10 o'clock tomorrow he _____ at the headquarters. You can find him there. (**work**)
3. Phone me about 9 pm. I _____ my problems by that time. (**settle**)
4. The football match between A Company and B Company _____ in 20 minutes. Then you can ask the captain some questions. (**finish**)
5. This time tomorrow I _____ very busy. I _____ some new recruits. (**train**)
6. Have you seen my letter? It is from my parents! – Don't worry. I'm sure you _____ it soon. (**find**)

Exercise 2. Which alternative is correct?

1. Next year my parents *will be married*/*will have been married* for 30 years.
2. Why are you in a hurry? – By the time I come, my friends *will go*/*will have gone*.
3. This time tomorrow the men of No3 Platoon *will demonstrate*/*will be demonstrating* night patrolling skills.
4. It's raining heavily. Have you listened to the weather forecast for tomorrow? – They say it *will stop*/*will have stopped* by tomorrow morning.
5. Don't bother Private Johnson from 5 to 6. He *will learn*/*will be learning* the rules of safety in weapon training.
6. Let's meet at the NCO club at 7 o'clock. – OK, I *will wait*/*will be waiting* for you there.

Exercise 3. Correct the mistakes if there are any.

R - Right **W** - Wrong

1. **Will you have finished** your work by 5 o'clock? - I hope so. _____
2. Private Thomas **will prepare** the room for inspection by the time the Company Commander comes. _____
3. Call me if you need me. - OK, I **will get** in touch with you if I need your help. _____
4. What **will** you **do** at 7 pm tomorrow? Let's go to the gym. _____
5. At last I am on holiday! This time next week I **will swim** in the ocean. _____

Exercise 4. Read the following predictions on how life will be different by the year 2050 and then write the sentences using the Future Continuous or Future Perfect.

Life in Future

- By the year 2050 pollution levels in cities **decrease** - scientists **invent** environmentally-friendly cars.
- A lot of animals **become** extinct.
- People **live** in cities under the sea - normal cities **become** too crowded.
- People **stop** dying - scientists **find** cures for many diseases.
- More and more children **use** computers in schools in thirty years' time.
- We **do** more creative jobs - computers **do** the most boring jobs.
- Crime **increase** - more people **are** without work.
- We **go** on holiday to other planets - space travel **improve**.
- Thirty years from now, people **set up** colonies on the moon.

0. Pollution levels **will have decreased** *because* scientists **will have invented** environmentally-friendly cars.

1. A lot of animals _____ extinct.
2. People _____ in cities under the sea because normal cities _____ too crowded.
3. People _____ dying because scientists _____ cures for many diseases.
4. More and more children _____ computers in schools in thirty years' time.
5. We _____ more creative jobs because computers _____ the most boring jobs.
6. Crime _____ because more people _____ without work.
7. We _____ on holiday to other planets because space travel _____.
8. Thirty years from now, people _____ colonies on the moon.

Future Tenses-in-the-Past

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Future Simple-in-the-Past.

recover be keep come win

1. Colonel Morrison's son said that he _____ an officer.
2. I thought you _____ to see me in hospital. Why didn't you come?
3. We didn't think Sergeant Ford _____ us so long.
4. The medical officer said that Private Johnson _____ soon.
5. The men of A Company hoped that they _____ the football match against B Company.

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Future Continuous-in-the-Past.

check prepare do discuss do

1. He asked what I _____ at this time tomorrow.
2. The commander informed that we _____ the plan of the attack at 3pm on Thursday.
3. Private White said that he _____ his room for inspection from 10 to 11.
4. Sergeant May warned that he _____ our patrol kit at 2300 hours.
5. Lieutenant Walker said that the soldiers _____ assault course training from 1200 to 1400 hours.

Exercise 3. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Future Perfect-in-the-Past.

be married reach paint repair do

1. The recruits said that they _____ the fence by 5 o'clock.
2. Major Brown said that he _____ for 5 years next month.
3. The builders promised they _____ the roof of the barracks by Saturday.
4. They thought they _____ all necessary things before the sergeant came back.
5. The reconnaissance patrol hoped they _____ the base by the end of the day.

Exercise 4. Future Simple-in-the-Past, Future Continuous-in-the-Past or Future Perfect-in-the-Past?

walk get see practise return pass

1. He said if I thought it over I _____ that he was right.
2. Private Collins was sure that he _____ his driving test by 3 o'clock.
3. I hoped you _____ in touch with me as soon as possible.
4. He asked not to call him at 8 o'clock. At that time he _____ with a dog.
5. The Company Commander knew that the platoon _____ from a 24-hour exercise by the end of the week.
6. The platoon commander said his men _____ in shooting from morning to afternoon.

Exercise 5. Read the texts and put the verbs in the correct form.

1. Doctor (ecstatically): "Sir, yours is a case which will enrich medical science!"

Patient: "Oh dear! I thought I _____ (**pay**) no more than five or ten dollars!"

2. The corporal stood timidly before his Commanding Officer.

"You see, sir," he said, "my wife says I am not being advanced fast enough. She told me to ask you if you _____ (**recommend**) me for a promotion."

"I understand," smiled the officer, "I know what I'll do. I'll ask my wife if I can."

Passive

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences with the correct passive forms.

1. It _____ to carry loaded weapons on aircraft. (**prohibit**)
2. These are the Camp Orders.
First of all, weapon _____ at all times in the “unload” position. (**should carry**)
Next, combat uniform _____ at all times on the camp. (**should wear**)
Then, for security reason, alcohol _____ on the camp. (**not allow**)
And finally, work parties _____ on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. (**will organise**)
3. Only people with permission _____ in the restricted area. (**allow**)
4. In the USA elections _____ in November. (**hold**)
5. A party of recruits _____ at the station yesterday morning. (**meet**)
6. Pierre was one year in the NCO school and in 1991 he _____ to sergeant. (**promote**)
7. My computer _____ by an unknown man when I came in the office. (**use**)
8. At last the bridge across the river _____ after the floods. (**repair**)
9. By the time a platoon commander got to the parade square, all soldiers _____ special tasks by his 2IC. (**give**)
10. I am sure, in the future fires _____ by robots. (**put out**)

Exercise 2. Change the verbs in the sentences from Active into Passive.

1. Watch out! They **are painting** the fence.
2. You **should water** these plants three times a week.
3. They **prohibit** servicemen to smoke inside the buildings.
4. They **will take** soldiers to the War Museum on Saturday.
5. Water **covers** most part of the Earth.
6. Laslo Biro **invented** ball-point pens.

Exercise 3. Correct the mistakes if there are any.

R – Right

W – Wrong

1. The doctor said: “Your broken leg **will be X-rayed** immediately.” _____
2. A police car came when the injured man **was carrying** off the road. _____
3. This book **will republish** soon. You’ll be able to buy it at the end of the year. _____
4. The roof of the barracks **has been damaged** in a storm a few d says ago. _____
5. I see you are tired, Sergeant Fox. You **have been asked** too many questions. _____
6. Can I borrow your camera for a while? – I’m afraid you can’t. It **is repairing** this week. _____

Exercise 4. Match the sentences in A with the sentences in B.

A	B
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please, be quiet, ... 2. Look at this new hospital! At last ... 3. When the major entered the classroom, 4. He got a sports car, but he didn’t like it. 5. He called and asked if ... 6. Don’t worry! 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Sergeant Fox was still being asked the questions. b) So it was sold some weeks ago. c) Your letters will be sent tomorrow. d) the film is being shown there now. e) it has been built! f) our luggage had already been packed.

Exercise 5. Read the texts and fill in the gaps with the correct *passive* forms.

1. A shoplifter _____ (**catch**) red-handed trying to steal a watch from an exclusive jewelry store. "Listen," said the shoplifter, "I know you don't want any trouble either. What do you say I just buy the watch and we forget about this?"

The manager agreed and wrote up the sales slip. The shoplifter looked at the slip and said, "This is a little more than I intended to spend. Can you show me something less expensive?"

2. There is an envelope on the windshield with a note of apology and two tickets to a music concert. The note reads, "I apologize for taking your car, but my wife was having a baby and I had to hot-wire your ignition to rush her to the hospital. Please forgive the inconvenience. Here are two tickets for tonight's concert of Garth Brooks, the country-and-western music star."

Their faith in humanity restored, the couple attends the concert and returns home late. They find that their house _____ (**rob**). Valuable goods _____ (**take**) from the house. And, there is a note on the door reading, "Well, you still have your car. But I have to give college education to my newly born child, don't I?"

3. Private Miller, a driver, was reporting to his Commanding Officer on his distant trip mission.

"Your orders to deliver the cargo _____ (**not carry out**), sir."

"Why?"

"My truck _____ (**steal**) last night."

"Have you got a look at the fellow?"

"No, but I got the truck number."

4. The division commander received a report by radio from one of his unit commanders.

"Sir, we _____ (**surround**) by enemy tanks."

"That's not correct," said the general. "your force _____ (**not surround**). You are just fighting in four different directions."

Reported Speech

Exercise 1. Change the sentences into reported speech.

Example. "I **love** you," she said. - She said she **loved** him.

1. "I will phone you tomorrow," he said to his wife.
2. "Have you seen Lieutenant Walker?" he asked me.
3. The section commander said: "The nearest village is two miles to the left."
4. Michael said: "I can't come to the party because I'm working this evening."
5. Major Brown said: "All men practised survival skills and improved their fitness at the battle camp."

Exercise 2. Which variant is correct?

1. "I am leaving for Fort Jackson next week," the sergeant said to his men.
 - a) The sergeant told his men that he was leaving for Fort Jackson the next week.
 - b) The sergeant told his men that he is leaving for Fort Jackson the next week.
 - c) The sergeant said to his men that he leaves for Fort Jackson the next week.
2. "Do you know that Corporal Evans is in hospital?" he asked me.
 - a) He asked me if I know that Corporal Evans is in hospital.
 - b) He asked me if I knew that Corporal Evans was in hospital.
 - c) He asked me if I knew that Corporal Evans is in hospital.
3. "Crawl under the wire and jump into the ditch," the instructor said to the soldiers.
 - a) The instructor ordered the soldiers crawl under the wire and jump into the ditch.
 - b) The instructor ordered the soldiers to crawl under the wire and jump into the ditch.
 - c) The instructor ordered the soldiers crawled under the wire and jumped into the ditch.
4. "Stay in bed and you will feel better in a few days," the doctor told the patient.
 - a) The doctor told the patient to stay in bed and he will feel better in a few days.
 - b) The doctor told the patient stay in bed and he would feel better in a few days.
 - c) The doctor told the patient to stay in bed and he would feel better in a few days.
5. Sergeant Ford said to the privates: "Don't leave your weapons unattended."
 - a) Sergeant Ford told the privates not to leave their weapons unattended.
 - b) Sergeant Ford told the privates not leave their weapons unattended.
 - c) Sergeant Ford told the privates didn't leave their weapons unattended.
6. The inspecting officer asked Tom: "Why haven't you cleaned your room properly?"
 - a) The inspecting officer asked Tom why he didn't clean his room properly.
 - b) The inspecting officer asked Tom why he hasn't cleaned his room properly.
 - c) The inspecting officer asked Tom why he hadn't cleaned his room properly.

Exercise 3. Find and correct the mistakes if there are any.

R – Right **W** – Wrong

1. She said she **hadn't seen** that officer before. _____
2. I asked when my car **is going to** be ready. _____
3. Lieutenant Edwards asked if I **have listened** to the news. _____
4. Did you hear that? She said she **was** 19! _____
5. Colonel Morrison's son said he **would inform** his father about his plans. _____
6. See, I told you he **doesn't have** much sense of humour. _____

Exercise 4. Complete the sentences with *say* or *tell* in the correct form.

1. He _____ he was learning German.
2. Sergeant Collins _____ his men to check their patrol kits.
3. Pierre phoned me and _____ he was leaving the next day.
4. The officer _____ two privates to camouflage the vehicle very thoroughly.
5. Lieutenant Evans _____ that my results in shooting were very good.

Exercise 5. Use reported speech retelling the incident.

There has been an incident in a local bar involving some of the soldiers from the base. A bar owner is telling the peacekeeper some details.

0. It happened at 11 last night.
1. Four soldiers and eight local youths were involved.
2. The soldiers came and started drinking.
3. Then these guys came in with some girls.
4. One of the soldiers started flirting with one of the girls.
5. Local youths began to fight.
6. My whole bar was destroyed.
7. Tables were broken, mirrors were smashed and the front door was ripped off.
8. I don't know how I am going to repair all this.
9. I called the police.
10. They arrested two soldiers and two local youths.

The peacekeeper reported of the incident.

0. The bar owner said that it happened at 11 the night before.

1. He said (that) _____
2. He said _____
3. He said _____
4. He said _____
5. He said _____
6. He said _____
7. He said _____
8. He said _____
9. He said _____
10. He said _____

Modal Verbs

Can (Could)

Exercise 1. Which alternative is correct?

1. Lieutenant Walker broke his leg. He *can/will be able to* walk in a few weeks.
2. He *could/managed to* repair his car after the accident, but it took him a long time.
3. Sergeant Fox always speaks so loudly. I *can/am able to* hear him through the window.
4. When he was young, he *was able to/could* swim very well. Once he *could/was able to* swim across a wide river.
5. Soldiers *can/could* do any work even if they are tired.
6. I don't believe you. John *couldn't leave/couldn't have left* his friends in need.
7. The weather is so nasty. We *can/could* stay at home and watch a new film.
8. I am full of energy! I think I *can/could* fly!
9. I *could phone/could have phoned* you but you didn't leave me your phone number.
10. After hearing that Major Brown *couldn't say/couldn't have said* a word.

May (Might)

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with *may (might)* and the correct form of the infinitive.

1. If you don't hurry up, you _____ a train. (**miss**)
2. Why didn't Alan come to you yesterday? – He _____ very busy. (**be**)
3. I can't find my GPS. Somebody _____ it by mistake. (**take**)
4. If you don't repeat traffic rules, Private Williams, you _____ your driving test again. (**fail**)
5. Where's everybody? – I suppose they _____ a coffee-break out in a café. (**have**)
6. I am not sure, but this information _____ wrong. (**be**)
7. Have you seen George? – He _____ karate in the gym. (**do**)
8. Are you going to invite all your friends to the wedding party, Lieutenant Fletcher? If you don't, they _____ offended. (**be**)
9. Be careful! The road is icy. You _____ into a car in front of you. (**bump**)
10. Major Pulaski is very punctual. If he isn't here yet, something extraordinary _____. (**happen**)

Must and Have To

Exercise 3. Choose the correct variant.

1. A soldier *must/has to* obey orders.
2. This new restaurant isn't very popular. You *mustn't/don't have to* book a table there.
3. After a long quarantine students *must/have to* go to school on Saturdays.
4. What are you doing here? Sergeant Collins *must look/must be looking* for you everywhere!
5. Soldiers *must/have to* learn the simple skills that help them survive in the field.
6. I told you several times that you *must not/don't have to* knock before you enter my room.
7. You *needn't/mustn't* pay now, tomorrow is OK.
8. I hate ties! But I *must/have to* wear a tie at work.
9. Look at Private Williams! He looks happy. He *must pass/must have passed* his driving test.
10. Major Morrison *must /had to* pay a parking fine yesterday.

Should

Exercise 4. Fill in the gaps with *should* or *must* and the infinitive in the correct form.

1. You don't look healthy. You know, I think you _____ a holiday. **(take)**
2. All officers _____ to the Commanding Officer by midday. **(report)**
3. I think you _____ more polite to your subordinates, Major Warren. **(be)**
4. When a soldier passes an officer, he _____ him. **(salute)**
5. Colonel Moore is in hospital with lungs problem. He _____ smoking long ago. **(stop)**
6. There have been a lot of road accidents lately. People _____ more carefully. **(drive)**
7. He _____ his dream to become a pilot. **(not give up)**
8. Help yourself! You _____ this cake. It's delicious. **(try)**
9. Where's General Merrill now? – I haven't heard of him lately. He _____. **(retire)**
10. It is his fault his wife left him. He _____ nicer to her. **(be)**

Exercise 5. Complete the sentences with the appropriate modal verbs.

1. You look embarrassed. You _____ have misunderstood me. **(must/could)**
2. When he was younger, he _____ sing quite well. **(could/might)**
3. I think you _____ visit your parents more often. **(might/should)**
4. Our mission is to escort a humanitarian aid convoy. We _____ reach the point of destination tomorrow at 0700 hours. **(can/will be able to)**
5. I think you _____ try to relax more. You've been so nervous lately. **(should/must)**
6. You _____ have returned this book last week, why didn't you do it? **(should/might)**
7. Passengers _____ speak to the driver. It's dangerous. **(don't have to/must not)**
8. Soldiers _____ wear uniform on Sunday. **(don't have to/mustn't)**
9. Sappers _____ put on body armour and a helmet before work. **(must/should)**
10. Yesterday all personnel _____ get up early because of battle alarm. **(must/had to)**
11. Lieutenant Fletcher, you never walk, you drive everywhere. You _____ use your car so much. **(mustn't/ shouldn't)**
12. Look, that recruit can hardly walk. He _____ have injured his leg during basic training. **(might/was able to)**

Exercise 6. Read the texts and choose the correct variant.

1. "But why," demanded the puzzled judge of the burglar standing before, "did you break into the same store three nights running?"
"Well, judge, it's like this," was the reply. "I picked out a dress for my wife and I _____ **(must/had to)** change it twice."
2. Noiselessly the officer of the guard approached and, shaking the dozing sentry by the shoulders, said: "Private Flinch, you are under arrest for sleeping on duty!"
The soldier quickly replied: "A man _____ **(might not/cannot)** even have a minute of prayer without someone coming to spoil it."
3. When the battery commander visited the site of one of the battery guns he saw the gun crew crawling in the shrubbery searching for something. He asked: "What's the idea of crawling like that?"
The gun commander reported: "We camouflaged the gun this morning, sir, and now we _____ **(may not/can't)** find it."

4. After battle Private Anderson was asked to account for his flight from the battlefield.

“How come,” his commander asked, “that you were armed to teeth and did not fight?”

“I had my rifle in one hand and a grenade in another, both hands occupied. What _____ (**must I /did I have to**) do, bite the enemy with my teeth?”

5. One soldier got the injection from the medico. “Gosh, you did it so gently that I hardly felt it. How did you get so good at it, doc?”

“I _____ (**had to/must**) be gentle in my practice before the Army,” the medico replied. “My patients _____ (**could/should**) bite.”

Conditionals

Exercise 1. Match a line in A with the line in B.

A

1. If you are tired,
2. If you've got a toothache,
3. If you are coughing,
4. If your nose is blocked,
5. If you put on some weight,
6. If you've broken your leg,
7. If you've burnt your hand,
8. If you've cut your finger,
9. If you are bored,
10. If you are sleepy,

B

- a) take some medicine.
- b) take a nap.
- c) apply a field dressing.
- d) stop the bleeding with plasters.
- e) go to the dentist.
- f) keep a diet.
- g) use nasal drops.
- h) relax for a while.
- i) watch a comedy.
- j) stop its moving with a splint.

Exercise 2. All the sentences in this exercise are about unreal situations. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

1. If Greenland _____ (**be granted**) independence from Denmark, it _____ (**be**) the 13th largest country in the world.
2. If every household in the UK _____ (**install**) three energy saving light bulbs in the future, enough electricity _____ (**be saved**) to power all of the country's street lights, according to the Daily Telegraph.
3. If we _____ (**leave**) earlier, we _____ (**be**) on time. But we are late.
4. If you _____ (**have**) more money, you _____ (**can buy**) a house.
5. Ed _____ (**pass**) if he _____ (**study**) harder. He has failed.
6. Jane _____ (**call**) John if she _____ (**not be**) so busy. But she had no time.
7. If I _____ (**have**) more money, I _____ (**buy**) a car.
8. If I _____ (**have**) a parachute, I _____ (**jump out of**) this plane.
9. The 7:30 p.m. explosion at the German Bakery was likely caused by a bomb. If it _____ (**confirm**) to be a bombing, it _____ (**be**) the country's first terror attack since 2008.
10. I _____ (**not trust**) him if I _____ (**be**) you.

Exercise 3. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. If you make a mistake, corrected it.
2. If you not like the food, don't eat it.
3. Please don't disturb him if he busy.
4. If he exercises regularly, he would probably feel better.
5. Next game is on Saturday. If the team won this game, it will advance to the state competition.
6. I lend you some money if you promise to pay me back
7. If you really will want to remember a lesson or an experience, then take a break immediately afterwards.
8. If you buy more than one copy, you get a discount of 15%.
9. If the trucks will break down, we'll be in trouble.
10. If everybody knew exactly what to do, the unit will run much smoother.

Exercise 4. Choose the correct answer from the options (a, b, or c).

1. If you _____ the soldier what is basic to him, he _____ clothing, protection and load carriage.
a) ask; will say b) asked; would say c) had asked; would have said
2. Marie _____ to the party if she _____ her ex was going to be there.
a) didn't go; would know b) won't go; knows c) wouldn't have gone; had known

3. If the forces _____ better, it _____ people alive. But they didn't get enough.
 a) are funded; will keep b) were funded; would keep c) had been funded; would have kept
4. You _____ your stay here if you _____ attention to our street signs.
 a) have enjoyed; had paid
 b) will enjoy; pay
 c) would enjoy; pay
5. If you _____ hard, you _____ this test next month.
 a) don't work; won't pass
 b) didn't work; wouldn't pass
 c) hadn't worked; wouldn't have passed
6. If I _____ you, I _____ the doctor's advice.
 a) have been; would have followed
 b) were; would follow
 c) am; will follow
7. What _____ would you _____ do if you _____ knew you only had one day, or one week, or one month to live?
 a) will do, knew;
 b) would do, knew;
 c) would do, know
8. Sam _____ finishing this Friday if he _____ time.
 a) will go; has b) would go; had c) would have gone; had had
9. If the weather _____ good, we _____ to the beach tomorrow.
 a) is; would drive b) is; will drive c) had been; would have driven
10. If you _____ carefully, you _____ into an accident. Now your passenger is at hospital.
 a) drive; won't get b) drove; wouldn't get c) had driven; wouldn't have got

Exercise 5. Put the verb in brackets in the correct form.

-I remember my farmer grandfather saying: "If someone _____ (1) (**ask**) you what the weather is going to do tomorrow, tell them it's going to rain. If it _____ (2) (**rain**), they _____ (3) (**say**): "He was right." If it _____ (4) (**not rain**) and the sun _____ (5) (**shine**), they _____ (6) (**forget**) all about it."

Verb Patterns

Exercise 1. Underline the correct form, - ing or to+ infinitive.

1. Commanders have decided not *to rely/ relying* on bombing from the air to protect civilians.
2. The president plans *to cut/ cutting* the nuclear arsenal, *to refrain/ refraining* from nuclear tests and *not to use/ using* nuclear weapons against countries that do not have them.
3. Two police officers denied *to make/ making* false witness statements over a motorcycle incident last year.
4. Nobody expected that friendly Peter could be a spy who just wanted *to know/ knowing* our plan of action to use it against us.
5. I never put off *to pay/ paying* my bills.
6. Finland had refused *to give/ giving* the green light to construct the pipeline, but finally agreed to it in February.
7. In Britain, sharia courts are permitted *to rule/ ruling only* in civil cases.
8. I can't stop *to rub/ rubbing* my arm. I think a mosquito bit me again.
9. 'Speed play' training involves *to vary/ varying* your speed and the type of terrain over which you run, walk, cycle or ski. It improves aerobic and anaerobic fitness.
10. Ukraine has agreed *to eliminate/ eliminating* its stockpile of weapons-grade nuclear material.

Exercise 2. Choose the correct answer from the options (a, b, or c).

1. The Tories also promised _____ the closure of separate schools for children with special needs.
a) stopping b) stop c) to stop
2. To improve you English the teacher suggests _____ English all the time.
a) to speak b) speaking c) speak
3. Don't make me _____, said Duncan Fletcher in the same paper.
a) laughing b) to laugh c) laugh
4. Most people look forward _____ to other countries.
a) to travelling b) to travel c) travelling
5. It is now only a few trees that are holding up the train and preventing it _____ into the river.
a) falling b) to fall c) to falling
6. After a quarrel they decided _____.
a) to splitting up b) split up c) to split up
7. The rising price of copper has prompted the US government to consider _____ coins with cheaper metals.
a) make b) making c) to make
8. On a wet, miserable day in Southampton, Sam can't help _____ a spectacular week's diving in Thailand.
a) to remember b) remembering c) to remembering
9. In 1980 Marcos let him _____ to America for a heart bypass, hoping he would never return.
a) to travelling b) to travel c) travel
10. If you are a confident cyclist and fancy _____ something different at the weekend, why not give distance cycling a go.
a) doing b) to do c) to doing

Exercise 3. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. She managed overcoming her fear of height.
2. He can't imagine to work somewhere else.
3. After having a bad day I like to listening to some cheerful music.
4. I decided not drive today because of the dense mist.
5. Many people prefer do their shopping at home by using a catalogue that lists everything a company has in its inventory.
6. Being a journalist I started to filming with my mobile phone.
7. Nobody wants buying this house. It is said to be haunted by a phantom.
8. He was accused of to collaborating with the enemy and was sentenced to death.
9. I love stroll on the beach in the early morning. It's so relaxing.
10. His promise creating jobs for the young people also helped him get the youth vote.

Exercise 4.

1. Don't try _____ (**explain**) the situation to the major today because he is boiling mad.
2. Why don't you try _____ (**put**) some petrol in the tank?
3. If you don't stop _____ (**mess**) around, you are going to blow your chance for promotion.
4. He stopped _____ (**get**) some petrol before continuing on his journey to Leeds.
5. Ship-owners now no longer need _____ (**prove**) their vessels are free of toxic substances.
6. The vehicle needs _____ (**repair**) after the accident.
7. Don't be afraid to _____ (**make**) changes, or even start all over again!
8. Don't be afraid of _____ (**ask**), but don't expect instant answers.
9. We regret _____ (**inform**) you that we cannot help you with your tribal warfare.
10. Miss Johnson said she regretted not _____ (**pass**) the information onto doctors.

Exercise 5. Complete the sentences with these words.

unlimited	exchanging	done	offering	having	preferred	speaking
carried out	sending	being able to				

Teenagers prefer texting to talking

Many young people prefer _____ (1) text messages to _____ (2) an actual conversation, with one in three teenagers _____ (3) more than 100 texts a day.

Text messaging has become the _____ (4) method of communication for young people above face-to-face conversations, telephone calls and social networking websites, a new study has revealed.

Teenagers enjoy _____ (5) have a conversation with someone without _____ (6) to them directly, and can do so thanks to the wide range of cheap mobile phone deals _____ (7) an _____ (8) number of text messages.

The study found that texting among American teenagers had risen dramatically since as recently as 2008.

It found that female teenagers send an average of 80 text messages a day, while the average boy of the same age will send 30.

While most young people make an effort to send text messages to their friends every day, only one third will seek to have a discussion with them in person. Unlike phone calls, text messaging can be quietly _____ (9) under the noses of parents, teachers or other authority figures and, unlike computers, it can be _____ (10) almost anywhere.

Participle

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences with the correct form of Participle 1.

1. James Watt retired at the age of 64, but he never stopped working in his workshop _____ (**invent**) new things.
2. Thanks to climate change, winters were becoming milder, _____ (**allow**) the survival of the less fit.
3. The region has also attracted militants _____ (**look**) for a haven from army operations in the other parts of the tribal belt.
4. Gunmen opened fire indiscriminately on three buses _____ (**carry**) female factory workers back from a shift at a plant making car parts.
5. The packages were found on UPS and FedEx cargo planes, _____ (**trigger**) alerts in the US, UK and Middle East.
6. Cars were crashing into each other in streets, _____ (**try**) to find a way to flee.
7. In 1670, Spain renewed hostilities in the West Indies, _____ (**capture**) ships and ravaging British settlements there.
8. Australia has some 1,550 troops based in the southern province of Uruzgan, mostly _____ (**train**) Afghan army recruits.
9. Germany and its allies invaded Yugoslavia in 1941, _____ (**carve**) the territory up between the different Axis powers.
10. The latest eruption caused panic, with hundreds of people, including police and soldiers, _____ (**try**) to flee in cars or on motorbikes.

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences using Participle 2.

1. The real victims of the war are the children _____ (**leave**) without parents.
2. The Prime Minister has said: "I want to apologise for what has _____ (**happen**) in the events of the last few days."
3. Over the last 60 years Britain has _____ (**spend**) billions on defence which could have been invested in trains, roads and hospitals.
4. The Air Force Obstacle Course consists of 20 obstacles, _____ (**design**) to test your strength, endurance, and will power.
5. Week one is best characterized by a term _____ (**know**) as total control.
6. Hamas is the largest Palestinian militant Islamist organisation, _____ (**form**) in 1987 at the beginning of the first Palestinian uprising against Israel's occupation in the West Bank and Gaza.
7. The original defence budget was _____ (**approve**) at the beginning of the year.
8. The interest _____ (**show**) by people for vitamins is quite reasonable.
9. In a combat situation, medics _____ (**equip**) with a Land Warrior suite could monitor a unit.
10. When Linda entered the room, she saw a lot of strangers and she felt _____ (**embarrass**).

Exercise 3. Which alternative is correct?

1. The oldest city in the USA is Santa Fe *founded/ founding* in 1610.
2. Most rooms have a balcony *overlooking/ overlooked* the beautiful terraced gardens that drop down to the rocky coast below, where there is a beach club and possible restaurant.
3. The elections are meant to be a significant moment for Sudan, *marking/ marked* the transformation from a military and Islamist government to a democratic one.
4. Guantanamo is widely seen as a symbol of abuses *carried out/ carrying out* in the name of the US war on Al-Qaeda and other Islamic extremists.
5. Originally scheduled for 2007, the T-50's maiden flight was repeatedly *postponed/ postponing* because of technical problems.
6. Hurricane Agatha struck the coast of Guatemala last weekend, bringing the highest rainfall *recording/ recorded* in parts of the country for 60 years, and setting off devastating mudslides.

7. Dozens of airmen, *wearing/ worn* protection suits, were evacuated from a command centre, as a disposal team located and defused an unexploded mortar bomb - just yards from an armed F15 aircraft.
8. The *injuring/ injured* man was taken to Nottingham's Queen's Medical Centre.
9. Units will carry out tasks *working/ worked* under a fictional mandate to provide humanitarian assistance.
10. All personnel *involved/ involving* in the exercise have been briefed on the requirement to avoid disturbance to traffic, property and livestock.

Exercise 4. Match the beginning in A with the ending in B.

	A	B
1	Carrying about five tonnes of equipment,	Len decided to stay away from classes for a few days.
2	Wishing to see as much as possible of the town,	carrying the M16A2 Rifle
3	I was watching big men	involving theft or smuggling of nuclear material.
4	You'll run the obstacle course	moving cocaine from South America to Europe.
5	Don't apply any form of heat for at least 72 hours, as it increases blood flow to the area,	they had to negotiate vertical drops and freezing torrents of water.
6	On average every two days they receive one new information on an incident	planning to finish Hamas off altogether.
7	Having lost control of his car on an icy road,	worsening the bruising.
8	In early 2009, Israel invaded Gaza	the driver hit a tree.
9	Drug smuggling is also growing,	doing an obstacle course.
10	Feeling unwell,	we hired a car.

Exercise 5. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. A new power plant provided electricity to three districts was built here.
2. Exercise Griffin Focus involved more than 5,000 troops locating mainly around Carlisle, Dumfries, Dalbeattie, the Galloway Forest, West Freugh, Luce Bay and Stranraer.
3. Exercise Griffin Focus is set against the fictional background of a country recovered from the effects of an invasion.
4. Basing on the director's experiences as a tank gunner in the Israeli army, Lebanon is shot entirely from the perspective of four young men inside a tank during the 1982 Lebanon war.
5. I heard him shouted something from the opposite side of the street, but I pretended not to hear.
6. A study carrying out in the UK for technology company Microsoft showed 37% of secondary pupils used computers every day at home.
7. The presence of foreign troops in Red Square was a highly symbolic gesture, demonstrated how far the rivalry of the Cold War has been pushed aside.
8. Britain was represented by 76 soldiers from the 1st Battalion Welsh Guards, weared bright red tunics and tall bearskin caps.
9. Thank you for the information, - Mandy said not known what to do next.
10. The man stood by the schedule was our teacher two years ago.

Questions. Question Tags

Exercise 1. Put *general* questions to the following sentences.

1. British Forces are currently deployed in more than 80 countries.
2. He joined the army when he was 19.
3. We will join the humanitarian aid trucks at the petrol station.
4. Every day starts with the commander's briefing at 0800 hours.
5. Captain Esteban has just arrived from Madrid.

Exercise 2. Put *special* questions to the italicized words.

1. **They** talked about the accident.
2. People in Chile speak **Spanish**.
3. The tank weighs **52 tonnes**.
4. The men carry out the live-firing **at the shooting range**.
5. Private Allen is covering his hand with a dressing **because he cut it on barbed wire**.

Exercise 3. Put *alternative* questions to the following sentences.

1. A brigade consists of three **or** four battalions.
2. He served abroad for three **or** five years.
3. The Brigade Headquarters is in a camouflaged position in a wood **or** in the village.
4. The recruits will get to the exercise area on foot **or** by APC.
5. Soldiers demonstrate patrolling skills by night **or** by day.

Exercise 4. Put suitable questions to the answers.

1. _____ ?
Yes, I do. Every day I get up at 6 o'clock.
2. _____ ?
My working day usually begins at 8.30.
3. _____ ?
The accident happened two hours ago.
4. _____ ?
Well, I usually go on holiday once a year.
5. _____ ?
I've been married for five years.

Exercise 5. Are these questions correct? If not, correct the mistakes.

R – Right W – Wrong

1. Where was you at 7 o'clock yesterday? _____
2. Who does know French in your platoon? _____
3. What did you buy at the PX yesterday? _____
4. How far he lives from the garrison? _____
5. Why are you smiling? _____

Exercise 6. Complete the sentences with the appropriate question tags.

1. You are a new section commander, _____ ?
2. It'll be all right, _____ ?
3. Everybody is here, _____ ?
4. Private Jackson never smiles, _____ ?
5. Don't forget to call me back, _____ ?
6. Major Shepherd helped you with the report yesterday, _____ ?

Exercise 7. Fill in the gaps with the correct question tags.

1. There was nobody in the barracks, _____ ?
a) wasn't there b) was there c) wasn't it
2. I see you don't work hard, Private Cooke, _____ ?
a) don't you b) do you c) aren't you
3. Don't drive too fast, _____ ? It's dangerous.
a) do you b) don't you c) will you
4. The briefing is at 0800 hours, _____ ?
a) is it b) isn't it c) doesn't it
5. Sergeant Ford never missed the target, _____ ?
a) did he b) didn't he c) wasn't he
6. A soldier can't do his job properly if he is unfit, _____ ?
a) can't he b) can he c) does he
7. Let's go to the stadium instead of watching this football match on TV, _____ ?
a) will we b) do we c) shall we

Exercise 8. Read the texts and fill in the gaps with correct questions and question tags.**1. At the draft board.**

- What _____ (you/want) to be in the service, James Hall?
- I would like to be an artillery man.
- Request granted. You are enrolled into artillery.
- Next, please. And what _____ (be) your name?
- Glenn Fast, sir.
- What position _____ (you/want) to have in the Army?
- I'd like to be Chief of Staff NATO Forces.
- _____ (you/be crazy), man?
- _____ (it/be) a necessary condition to hold that post, sir?

2. She: "Jack, I was sorry to treat you the way I did. You will forgive me, _____ , for being so angry?"

He: "Sure! That's all right. I saved \$22 while we were not on speaking terms."

3. "My wife used to play the piano a lot, but since the children came she doesn't have time."

"Children are a comfort, _____ ?"

4. General Brown who wanted to make a show of his being concerned with the welfare of his men decided to blitz the mess kitchen. There he saw two soldiers with a large soup kettle.

"Let me taste that," he ordered.

"But, sir, ..."

"No buts! Give me a spoon."

Taking a taste the general sputtered.

"You don't call that soup, _____ ?"

"No, sir," replied one of the soldiers, "I was trying to tell you, it's dish-water."

6. The officer of the day questioned a new sentry. "Suppose," the OD asked, "that you shouted 'Halt' three times and I kept going. What would you do?"

The guard was apparently stumped by the question. Finally he answered, "Sir, I would call the guard commander."

The OD gloated. "Aha," he said, "so you would call the guard commander, _____ ? And why would you call the guard commander?"

"To haul away your dead body, sir!"

Noun. Plural Nouns. Possessive case

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences with the correct *plural* nouns.

1. Two enemy soldiers are laying explosive _____ under the bridge. (**charge**)
2. Private Smith is the platoon's radio operator. He communicates with other _____. (**platoon**)
3. You can get _____ to _____ about the headquarters at the information post. (**answer; question**)
4. Recruits are usually organized into _____. (**company**)
5. We have English _____ twice a week. (**class**)
6. (At the PX) Please, show me those _____. I need the sharpest and the cheapest one. (**knife**)
7. During basic training recruits do several five kilometre foot _____. (**march**)
8. In the USA Memorial Day is in May. People honour the _____ who gave their _____ in past wars. (**hero; life**)
9. Halloween is the evening before All Saints' Day. Halloween customs date back to a time when people believed in _____, _____ and _____. (**devil; witch; ghost**)
10. In the US Armed Forces _____ of Staffs are principal military advisers to the Secretary of Defense. (**Chief**)

Exercise 2. Fill in the gaps with the correct plural forms of the *irregular* nouns.

1. Lieutenant Edwards is on a reconnaissance patrol with a corporal and two _____. (**rifleman**)
2. Last Saturday we went fishing, but we only caught several _____. (**fish**)
3. How many _____ does Colonel Morrison have? (**child**)
4. Oh, my _____ are aching after that long march. (**foot**)
5. Why is there a sanitary epidemiological service in the barracks? – A lot of _____ have been seen lately. (**mouse**)

Exercise 3. Which alternative is correct?

1. The police *want/wants* to interview some officers about the accident.
2. My platoon commander always gave me *good advices/good advice*.
3. Sergeant Fox's clothes *is/are* always above his bed.
4. \$895 *is/are* too much to pay for a hand-held computer. I can't afford it.
5. Five miles *is/are* a long distance for recruits to march during basic training.
6. Mathematics *was/were* my favourite subject at school.

Exercise 4. Complete the sentences with the correct *possessive* forms 's (s'). Sometimes you need *of*.

1. _____ was damaged in a storm two days ago. (**the roof/the mess hall**)
2. Have you seen _____? (**new car/Major Connors**)
3. What is _____ you saw yesterday? (**the film/the title**)
4. These _____ in shooting are fantastic! (**results/soldiers**)
5. Can you help me? I don't know _____. (**this word/the meaning**)
6. Do you know _____? I've lost my notebook. (**phone number/Barry**)
7. Watch out! Don't sit down! _____ is broken. (**the chair/the leg**)
8. I'm so tired. I need _____. (**a month/holiday**)
9. What exactly is _____ on children? (**the influence/television**)
10. _____ on the world community is great. (**influence/America**)

Exercise 5. Choose the correct variant (noun+noun or possessive noun).

1. book shop *or* book's shop
2. chocolate cake *or* chocolate's cake
3. baby toy *or* baby's toy
4. wine bottle *or* wine's bottle
5. train timetable *or* train's timetable
6. horse tail *or* horse's tail
7. bus station *or* bus's station
8. instructor office *or* instructor's office
9. football club *or* football's club
10. computer discs *or* computer's discs
11. telephone box *or* telephone's box
12. bath towel *or* bath's towel
13. newspaper editor *or* newspaper's editor

Exercise 6. Read the texts and fill in the gaps with the correct *plural* nouns.

1. War _____ (**gas**) have such difficult _____ (**name**) to pronounce that some _____ (**expert**) disagree on which side will suffer greater _____ (**casualty**) if chemical _____ (**agent**) are used - enemy forces or friendly troops trying to pronounce them.

2. When new replacement came, the Adjutant reported to the battalion commander.

"Sir, these new _____ (**man**) in our outfit have a strange habit. Every time they fire their _____ (**gun**), they wipe off their _____ (**fingerprint**) with their _____. (**handkerchief**)"

"And what state are they from?"

"Texas, sir."

3. In many supply documents, as well as in other papers, the so-called nomenclature way of listing supply items is used. Attributes here follow the main word, rather than preceding it as usually. Here's a telephone conversation of a supply officer who has got so used to the language of supply requests that uses it even in oral speech.

"Here's Captain Milford speaking, Supply Officer, Request the following items: four _____ (**pouch**), ammunition; six _____ (**helmet**), steel; eleven _____ (**knife**), clasp - and send them in the morning first thing, heaven, for the sake of."

Exercise 7. Read the texts and fill in the gaps with the correct *possessive forms* of the nouns.

1. At mail call a soldier got a letter from his home. He opened an envelope and took out a white sheet without a word on.

"What's that?" his friend asked.

"_____." (**letter/my wife**)

"Why doesn't she write anything?"

"We had a quarrel and now we are not on speaking terms."

2. It was _____ (**first turn/the recruit**) of sentry duty, so his voice was rather shaky as he exclaimed: "Halt! Who goes there?"

Out of the darkness came the startling reply: "Foe!"

"Have a heart, chum," the sentry protested. I haven't had time to learn the answer to that yet!"

3. The sergeant heard a mortar shell overhead and jumped into a shell pit. It was already occupied by a private who was hit in the stomach by _____ (**head/the sergeant**).

_____ (**a moment/silence**) – and then a frightened voice: “Is that you, sarge?”

“It’s me – Sergeant Ford.”

“Hot day! I was just waiting for you to explode.”

4. The company commander checked up how weapons had been cleaned. He got irritated when he saw _____ (**rifle/Private Smith**).

“Private Smith, your barrel is dirty and it isn’t the first time. I have a good mind to award you punishment for neglect...”

Private Smith tried to stammer something, “Sure, sir, I never...”

The CO shouted, “Silence, Private, when you speak to an officer!”

Article

Exercise 1. A or AN?

1. He equipped *a/ an* fleet for *a/ an* attack on Panama, *a/ an* Spanish territory.
2. Earlier, security forces retook *a/ an* anti-government satellite TV station.
3. Running *a/ an* mile each day keeps me in shape.
4. When *a/ an* person finds *a/ an* better method, by all means reward him according to its worth.
5. He wants to study aviation and become *a/ an* pilot.
6. *A/ an* terrible storm had ripped off part of the roof.
7. Pte Bergdahl was serving with *a/ an* Alaska-based infantry regiment in Paktika province.
8. The basic trainees did *a/ an* excellent job of cleaning the barracks.
9. Kyrgyzstan is *a/ an* strategically important central Asian state and houses *a/ an* Russian base and *a/ an* key US military base that supplies forces in Afghanistan.
10. Modern technology has allowed Integrated System Technologies to create *a/ an* extremely sophisticated training package for the vehicle.

Exercise 2. A, THE or Nothing?

1. _____ average person laughs 13 times _____ day.
2. _____ series of spectacular new buildings appeared downstream on _____ banks of _____ Liffey River.
3. _____ fire broke out in _____ basement and quickly spread upstairs.
4. _____ greatest satisfaction we have is _____ knowledge of _____ task well done.
5. _____ Knowledge is _____ power.
6. The city's Metro is one of _____ busiest underground rail networks in _____ world, carrying about 5.5 million passengers _____ day.
7. I was not satisfied with _____ journey, so _____ travel agency decided to give me 50% refund.
8. _____ second blast struck at _____ back of _____ train as people were getting on _____ board.
9. _____ Maldives offer to take _____ two prisoners from _____ the controversial US Guantanamo Bay detainee centre.
10. _____ forces are to deploy to _____ southern Afghanistan in _____ March.

Exercise 3. Choose the most appropriate article if necessary.

1. They have recently bought _____ empty home and are in the process of renovating.
2. The Office of National Statistics now estimates that approximately half of families that seek a new life abroad return _____ home.
3. What do they miss when they are away from _____ "home"?
4. Families who choose to educate their children at _____ home do this for a number of reasons.
5. Almost every _____ home in Swansea is up for sale.
6. _____ home is for sale because its owners, Donald and Jane Smyth want to retire.
7. Pupils are more likely to use computers for their schoolwork at _____ home on a daily basis than they are to use them every day at _____ school, according to a survey.
8. We decided to go _____ home before our money ran out.
- 9 A bomb has exploded outside a courthouse in Thessaloniki, hours after an earlier blast at _____ prison.
10. Lee Hickman, 24, from Liverpool was sentenced to 15 years in _____ prison after the raid outside the Co-op store last November.
11. Mental health services in _____ prisons need major investment if they are to provide good care to inmates, experts say.
12. _____ secret prison has recently been discovered at Bagram Air Force Base located in Afghanistan.

13. A man was arrested in Britain as he was trying to break into _____ prison to free an inmate while dressed as Snoopy, a character from comic strip Peanuts.
14. The company which runs _____ prison, Global Solutions Limited, has been asked to take urgent action.
15. The destruction at _____ Lincoln Prison in October 2002 was the worst disturbance at a British jail for 11 years. _____ prison was in the hands of the prisoners for about eight hours.

Exercise 4. Choose the correct answer from the options (a, b, or c).

1. _____ manager stated that _____ quickest and most efficient methods should be used to complete the job.
a) The, an b) The, the c) The, a
2. _____ Dinka are _____ largest ethnic group in the south.
a) The, the b) An, a c) -, the
3. _____ Joint Chiefs of Staff receive directions from _____ Secretary of Defence.
a) The, the b) -, the c) The, a
4. _____ Iron, steel, and concrete are used extensively in _____ construction today.
a) -, an b) -, - c) -, the
5. Paul has diverse interests such as _____ reading, playing _____ piano, and weight lifting.
a) -, - b) -, a c) -, the
6. _____ prisoner managed to break out of prison after murdering _____ guard.
a) The, the b) A, a c) A, the
7. He is still in _____ hospital, but he is better than he was last week.
a) the b) a c) -
8. The bombs blew up outside _____ restaurant and a security checkpoint near the Imam Hussein shrine, one of _____ holiest sites in Shia Islam.
a) a, the b) a, a c) -, the
9. _____ rock hit the windshield of my car as I was driving. _____ rock didn't break it, but it scared me.
a) The, a b) A, the c) -, -
10. _____ Lake Titicaca is the second largest lake in South America. _____ lake is located in the Andes Mountains on the border of Peru and Bolivia.
a) A, the b) -, the c) -, -

Exercise 5. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. His first stop was at Old Providence, to north of Panama.
2. There was widespread looting and gunfire during the night in capital.
3. The source of Nile River is in Rwanda; it begins there.
4. Leadership is essential to an successful officer.
5. The quiet student was very nervous when he gave the his first speech.
6. Police found seven hunting rifles, handgun, two bombs and a cache of bullets in the house.
7. Torrential downpours that began on the Monday afternoon set off dozens of landslides.
8. Biggest losses of forest occurred in Brazil, Indonesia and Australia.
9. A room which was demonstrated to me with all its useful electronic devices is very convenient.
10. The shelling started in afternoon when Islamist fighters fired mortars at the presidential palace and airport.

Exercise 6. Complete the text below with the article. Sometimes you don't need it.

_____ (1) Dutch boy who was _____ (2) sole survivor of _____ (3) plane crash in _____ (4) Libya that killed 103 people flew back to _____ (5) Netherlands on a Libyan air ambulance. Ruben van Assouw was accompanied by his aunt and uncle on the flight from _____ (6) Tripoli to Eindhoven. _____ (7) head of the medical team caring for him said Ruben was recovering well after _____ (8) four-and-a-half hour operation to repair multiple fractures to his legs.

The nine-year-old was told on _____ (9) Friday that his parents and brother had died. Ruben had been on _____ (10) holiday in _____ (11) South Africa with his parents and his older brother. _____ (12) family had been celebrating the parents' 12-and-a-half-year wedding anniversary, _____ (13) Dutch custom.

It is not clear what caused _____ (14) plane to crash just short of _____ (15) runway as it approached _____ (16) Tripoli airport. _____ (17) head of the investigation team said _____ (18) pilot had not reported any problems.

Adjective. Adverb

Exercise 1. Complete the sentence below by using the correct preposition after the adjective.

for (x 2)	of (x 3)	to (x 2)	with (x 2)	at
------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-------------------	-----------

1. I'm afraid _____ getting seasick if I travel by ship.
2. I hate the research because that involves reading, and I'm not particularly good _____ reading.
3. I'm fed up _____ people being rude to me all the time.
4. American football isn't similar _____ soccer.
5. Robert tries very hard, but the sergeant is always critical _____ his work.
6. Sgt Allen's responsible _____ locking the building at night.
7. Thank you very much! I'm grateful _____ your help.
8. The instructions weren't clear _____ recruits.
9. Don't give up! You are capable _____ learning English.
10. In rush hours public transport is crowded _____ travellers.

Exercise 2. Complete these sentences. Use the comparative of the words in brackets.

1. As cities grow and become _____ (densely **populated**), and more energy is used by household appliances, temperatures in places such as London and Manchester could become as much as 10 C _____ (**hot**) than in rural areas.
2. The reason Americans are _____ (**fat**) than they used to be is because they eat more, not because they exercise less, says The Daily Mail.
3. To overrun the enemy may be _____ (**difficult**) than you think.
4. Our Stone Age ancestors were _____ (**good**) doctors than you might think.
5. The Chinese VH3 is a _____ (**large**) vehicle with a crew of five(commander, driver and three other crew) and a gross vehicle weight of 5.3 tonnes.
6. People move _____ (**fast**) when reacting to something than when they initiate an action themselves.
7. Scientists in Japan claim to be just a few years away from developing a strain of genetically modified tuna fish, designed to be _____ (**strong**), _____ (**resistant**) to disease and _____ (**tasty**) to eat than its natural cousins.
8. The amount of ocean to patrol is too vast to protect every ship and pirates have responded to the increased naval presence by moving attacks _____ (**far**) out to sea.
9. The new Polo is _____ (**long**), _____ (**wide**) and _____ (**light**) than the previous model, but the drive is no less boring.
10. As the redwoods grow _____ (**tall**), they lose the branches on the _____ (**low**) part of their trunks.

Exercise 3. Complete the sentences with a superlative.

1. There are big lithium deposits in Chile, Australia and Russia, but the world's _____ (**large**) (between an eighth and half the global total) lie under the Bolivian salt flats.
2. A 7.2 magnitude earthquake hit the Mexican peninsula was the _____ (**powerful**) earthquake people have ever felt.
3. The mineral salts remain in the water, making the Dead Sea one of the _____ (**salty**) lakes in the world.
4. Decision making is one of a leader's _____ (**important**) responsibilities.
5. Bribery is one of the _____ (**big**) challenges that the government has to deal with.
6. A vacuum cleaner built in 1929 and still going strong may be Britain's _____ (**old**) working domestic appliance.
7. It was so impertinent of her to argue with our teacher. She behaves as if she were the _____ (**wise**) person in the world.

8. The _____ (**bad**) thing about being in prison is the solitude that one has to face.
9. Abu Sayyaf is the _____ (**small**) and _____ (**radical**) of the Islamic separatist groups in the southern Philippines.
10. China, which relies heavily on coal to fuel its economy, has some of the _____ (**dangerous**) mines in the world.

Exercise 4. Choose the most appropriate answer from the options (a, b, or c).

1. Bolivian police say they have closed down the _____ cocaine laboratory ever found on Bolivian soil.
a) big b) bigger c) biggest
2. The _____ ship in the Spanish Navy was launched on 10 March at Navantia's Ferrol shipyard.
a) largier b) larger c) largest
3. The Prime Minister insisted that the Army was _____ equipped than ever and had all the necessary resources.
a) better b) best c) good
4. _____ work on the system was followed by test flights in October 2005 and eventual acceptance of the aircraft.
a) Far b) Further c) Furthest
5. Suriname is one of the _____ countries in South America.
a) smaller b) smallest c) small
6. China, the world's _____ polluter, is building one new coal-fired power station each week.
a) largest b) large c) larger
7. Eight British soldiers were killed in Afghanistan's province last Friday – the _____ day for UK frontline forces since the Falklands war.
a) bloody b) bloodier c) bloodiest
8. Sir Ranulph Fiennes is the _____ Briton to climb the mountain.
a) old b) oldest c) older
9. Anna Karenina is the _____ novel ever written according to the author and presenter of BBC Radio 4's Today programme.
a) good b) better c) best
10. Lithium-ion batteries have _____ storage capacity than old lead-acid or nickel-metal versions.
a) high b) higher c) highest

Exercise 5. Use an adjective ending in –ing or –ed to complete each sentence. (See Appendix 4.)

exhausting	exciting	developing	fascinating	tiring	fascinated
exhausted	excited	developed	tired		

1. After the council meeting, it was announced that India would demand financial and technological support from _____ nations to meet its target.
2. In Nepal I saw how much retired soldiers contribute economically to this _____ country.
3. For me, the most _____ photographs are the portraits, said Sean O'Hagan in the Observer.
4. He was _____ by the ability of a male writer to paint such a vivid portrait of a lead female character.
5. I'm sick and _____ of hearing nothing but complaints.
6. We went for a long walk. It was very _____.
7. By the end of the day most of the workers were _____.

8. Captain Young's wife teaches young children. She sometimes finds her job _____.
9. I'm so _____ about going on my vacation.
10. It was an _____ experience for me.

Exercise 6. Underline the correct item.

1. It is not considered *polite/politely* in this country to pick your teeth in public.
2. Even though the man wasn't very nice, she answered him *polite/politely*.
3. His parents don't worry about him because he drives *careful/ carefully*.
4. Be *careful/ carefully* about what you have in your barracks because you never know when to expect an inspection.
5. My favourite programme wasn't transmitted yesterday because of *bad/badly* weather conditions.
6. Harry was *bad/ badly* wounded in the war.
7. Sergeant Smith answered the questions *full/ fully* and at once.
8. The play was *full/ fully* of ready-made situations that made it boring.
9. He spoke English so *good/ well* that I took it for granted that he was an American.
10. Fear can be a useful tool for politicians, but it rarely makes for *good/well* policy.
11. The day was sunny and clear, so we were surprised when the storm began *sudden/ suddenly*.
12. They were *sudden/ suddenly*, shocking attacks which for the victims came completely out of the blue. There is no overt motive for the attacks.
13. Yesterday was just a *normal/ normally* Sunday afternoon.
14. The ferry company *normal/ normally* operates 16 to 19 crossings a day between Calais and Dover.
15. Our aim is to equip field operatives with the expertise and knowledge to resolve these potentially lethal situations *quick/ quickly* and efficiently.
16. Nature Trust (Malta) yesterday welcomed the authorities' *quick/quickly* response to the dumping of oil at Lunzjata valley.
17. Earthquakes are *frequent/ frequently* in Turkey, much of which lies on top of two main fault lines.
18. *Frequent/ frequently* described as a planet-like moon, Titan has a diameter roughly 50% larger than Earth's moon and is 80% more massive.
19. Immigrants from nations that do not have automatic visa agreements often cross the borders *illegal/ illegally*.
20. 9.70% of Britons think the war in Iraq was *illegal/ illegally*.

Exercise 7. Complete the text with comparatives or superlatives of the given adjectives.

challenging	good	difficult	many	high	long
--------------------	-------------	------------------	-------------	-------------	-------------

Without doubt, Marine boot camp is _____ (1) -- both physically and mentally -- than the basic training programs of any of the other military services. Not only are the physical requirements much _____ (2), but recruits are required to learn and memorize a startling amount of information. There are more than 70 "training days" in a period a little _____ (3) than 12 weeks (but don't let that fool you. There is lots of "training" going on on the "non-training days," such as the time in Reception, the time spent in "forming," and on Sundays and Holidays. It has been said time and time again by former Marines that Marine Corps recruit training was _____ (4) thing they ever had to do in their entire lives. _____ (5) you can prepare in advance, _____ (6) off you will be.

Pronoun

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *personal* pronouns.

1. Private Richard Brooks has personal time on Sunday afternoon. _____ usually goes to Andy's Fitness Centre.
2. On Saturday we'd like to visit the Fort Jackson Museum. - Oh, _____ doesn't open on Saturday, only on Sunday.
3. Is your sister married, Pierre? - No, _____ is divorced.
4. Everything always happens when you don't want _____ to happen.
5. This is the officer in charge. Give _____ these papers.
6. These are new recruits, Sergeant Ford. Show _____ how to use rifles safely.
7. The men of No 1 Platoon are having a competition at the moment. _____ are tested for fitness.
8. This model of PDA is too expensive for _____. I can't afford _____.
9. I'd like to introduce to all of you Captain Esteban from the Spanish Army. - Nice to meet _____. Please, tell _____ about Spain.
10. This is Lieutenant Reynolds. _____ commands a rifle platoon in A Company.

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *possessive* pronouns.

1. - Good morning. I would like to speak to the Duty Officer.
- Can you give me _____ rank and name, please, sir?
2. I am a unit commander escorting a group of 140 refugees. _____ unit is made up of 20 soldiers.
3. The ceasefire will enter into force on Thursday 27th. The United Nations is asked to deploy _____ personnel and equipment so as to verify the ceasefire.
4. Rebel troops are moving towards Freetown. Reports indicate that the rebels have left _____ positions and are preparing for an assault on the capital.
5. Let me have a look at _____ new digital camera, John. Well, this model is better than _____.
6. Private Allen cut _____ hand on barbed wire. Now he is covering the injury with a field dressing.
7. We always try to spend a camping holiday with some friends of _____.
8. Are those Major Fletcher's children? - No, _____ children have gone to _____ grandmother.
9. Didn't you know about a room inspection, Private Jenkins? It's _____ responsibility to read all written orders.
10. It was a good idea of _____, Paul, to visit Linderhof Castle. You always come out with good ideas.

Exercise 3. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *demonstrative* pronouns.

the same (x2) these those (x2) this (x4) that such such a (x3)

1. _____ officers over there are Major Higgins and Captain Morgan.
2. In view of the threat of a gas attack the authorities have decided to distribute _____ respirators to the civilian population.
3. Who is _____ briefing intended for? - The general public.
4. (Interviewing a suspect)
- _____ is just a routine search. Are _____ bags yours, sir?
- Yes, _____ is all I have.
- What about _____ one over there, sir?
- Ah, yes, I've forgotten. Thank you.
5. It was _____ hot day that some soldiers fainted on the parade ground.
6. Who told you _____ story? I heard almost _____ story in the NCO club yesterday.
7. You can seldom meet _____ honest people as Sergeant Ford and Major Brown.
8. I had _____ big breakfast that I couldn't eat anything else for the rest of the day.
9. You are still _____ fun-loving person that I knew at the Academy.
10. Private Jenkins, you haven't prepared your room for inspection. There's _____ mess here!

Exercise 4. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *reflexive* pronouns. Sometimes you *don't* need anything.

myself yourself himself itself ourselves themselves each other (x3)

1. After graduating from the Military Academy officers promised to phone _____ from time to time.
2. Private Harrison, you _____ should take care of your health.
3. Don't help Private Fletcher. He must carry out this task _____.
4. Look at the present for my daughter. This necklace _____ isn't very expensive, but it looks great!
5. It will be better if I _____ tell him the news.
6. My friend and I always invite _____ to lunch on our birthdays. It's our tradition.
7. Today we are going to meet _____ at the café at 12.
8. In Britain people often give _____ presents for Christmas.
9. At the parties ladies often look at _____ in the mirror to check their make-up.
10. Don't worry about us. We can look after _____.

Exercise 5. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *indefinite* pronouns.

some (x4) somebody something (x2) any (x3) anybody anything (x2)

1. In the parachute regiment _____ recruits do special training.
2. Would you like _____ sugar in your tea? – No, thanks. I never put _____ sugar in my tea or coffee.
3. I am bored. – Don't you have _____ to do?
4. This new recruit isn't talkative at all. He seldom says _____.
5. I heard the door-bell ring. There's _____ coming, and I don't want to see _____.
6. Are you thirsty? Would you like _____ beer?
7. Sir, can I have a word to you? – I'm in a hurry. If there is _____ important you want to tell me, do it now.
8. What sort of job are you looking for? – _____ job. It doesn't matter.
9. Can you give me _____ information about that accident? – Sorry. I don't have _____ information about it.
10. There is _____ wrong with the computer. I think we should call for a specialist.

Exercise 6. Complete the sentences with *negative* pronouns or *indefinite* pronouns.

no (x2) nobody (x2) nothing none any anybody anything something

1. Lieutenant Edwards is so gloomy today. He doesn't want to talk to _____.
2. At first recruits can do _____, but during basic training they are taught basic military skills.
3. If a man suffers from hypothermia, don't give him _____ to eat, only give him a hot drink.
4. After a 5 km foot march all soldiers were tired, but _____ of them complained.
5. In this peacekeeping mission alcohol is prohibited. _____ alcohol on the base and off the base.
6. A helicopter took off and after 5 minutes in the air it crashed to the ground. Fortunately, _____ was seriously injured.
7. After checking the terrain sappers found _____ mines or unexploded ordnance.
8. Excuse me, ma'am. I have _____ important to tell you.
9. Where are your men, Major Jackson? I can see _____ on the square.
10. Let me know if you have _____ trouble. I'll help you.

Exercise 7. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *interrogative* pronouns.**who (x2) whom what (x4) which whose (x2)**

- _____ do soldiers usually do in their personal time?
- _____ invented the first portable machine gun?
- _____ trousers are on the floor? - Private Baker's. He threw them on the floor and went to bed.
- _____ is this woman in the photograph? - It's my sister.
- _____ language are you going to learn next, Tom? You've already learned French and German.
- _____ language is more difficult to learn – English or French?
- _____ does PfP mean? - Partnership for Peace.
- _____ did you speak to so loudly yesterday evening?
- I am going to buy a new car. – _____ kind of car would you like to have?
- _____ room was the worst during a room inspection?

Exercise 8. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *relative* pronouns (*who, which, what, whose, that*).

- The sentry _____ responsibility is to check ID cards stopped us at the entrance to the headquarters.
- Private Field _____ was injured during training at the assault course last week is still in hospital.
- A member of the peacekeeping forces is going to interview the hostage _____ has just been released.
- Nobody knew _____ happened with the patrol. It is supposed _____ it was attacked.
- The Uzi sub-machine gun _____ was designed by Uziel Gal is thought to be the best sub-machine gun in the world.
- The submarine _____ was first used in combat in 1776 against the British during the American Revolution was called *The Turtle*.
- Our Company Commander is a man _____ opinion I respect very much.
- Major Pulaski stayed at the hotel _____ was next to the NATO school.
- They don't allow their children to do _____ they want.
- Leonardo da Vinci made drawings of helicopters in 1485 but it was the French pilot Paul Cornu _____ flew the first helicopter in 1907.

Exercise 9. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *defining* pronouns**each every everybody everything other another (x2) either all (x3) both (x2)**

- _____ vehicles in the convoy will come under Captain Morrison's command when they reach the start point.
- Why did he decide to join the army? _____ of his parents are farmers.
- The tank crew consists of four men. _____ of them has a different task.
- (from the Camp Orders)
Combat uniform should be worn at _____ times on the camp.
- The tank has two machine guns. One of them is fixed beside the main armament. The _____ is at the top of the tank.
- (Peacekeeper's duties)
My typical day was to get up at 6 am and to check that there was no fighting between the two sides in the buffer zone. This was important because there were villages between the two sides. We were patrolling on _____ sides of the border. These people were often attacked. The roads and tracks needed to be swept _____ day for 6 months. This was very tiring.
- If the fire alarm rings, _____ should leave the building immediately.
- Private Thomson, why haven't you prepared your room for inspection? Do you expect me to do _____ for you?

9. Have you finished repairing the engine of the APC? – No, I think I need _____ three days.
10. Shall I come to you to get these documents in the morning or afternoon? - _____. I'll be in the office _____ day.
11. These boots are a bit small. It isn't my size. – Try on _____ pair of boots, please.

Exercise 10. Complete the sentences with the appropriate *quantitative* pronouns.

many (x2) much a lot of (x2) few little a few (x2) a little

1. During basic combat training recruits are taught _____ basic military skills.
2. How _____ children does Major Robinson have? – Two. A boy and a girl.
3. It isn't easy to deal with Sergeant Williams. He is so reserved. _____ people can communicate with him.
4. Only _____ soldiers can shoot as accurately as Private Jackson.
5. I will need _____ more information about the incident before I make a decision.
6. Can I talk to you, sir? – What is it, Corporal Tracy? I don't have _____ time.
7. He spoke so fast and indistinctly that I understood _____ of what he said.
8. Could you give me _____ more details about this multinational exercise next month?
9. I don't know _____ people in the garrison, Captain Smith. Can you help me? I'd like to know where there is a pub, a supermarket and a pharmacy.
10. _____ countries participate in the Bright Star multinational exercise in Egypt every two years.

Exercise 11. Read the texts and fill in the gaps with the appropriate pronouns.

1. Doctor: "I can do _____ (**anything/nothing**) for your complaint. It is hereditary."
Patient: "Then send the bill to my father."

2. The GI was competing in a rifle tournament. When _____ (**him/his**) card was brought to _____ (**him/his**), it was _____ (**such a/such**) bad performance that he involuntarily remarked to the captain, who was scrutinizing it: "After looking at that, I feel like shooting _____ (**me/myself**)."
Still looking at the card, the captain murmured: "Better take two bullets."

3. A young soldier who came on leave home was telling stories about _____ (**him/his**) military life. Suddenly he stopped to look with interest at four pretty girls coming down the street. His mother said to the father: "Look how _____ (**ours/our**) little boy has grown. He wasn't interested in girls before the Army."
Meanwhile _____ (**theirs/their**) son watched the girls intently until _____ (**they/them**) were out of sight, then turned back and announced: "One of _____ (**them/they**) is out of step."

4. Gunnery Instructor: "How to hit a target round the corner in street fighting?"
Artillery Cadet: "I guess it is necessary to put the gun on _____ (**his/its**) side."
Gunnery Instructor: "Why?"
Artillery Cadet: "But you've told _____ (**our/us**) that the shell trajectory is curved."

5. When asked about what his job was, an intelligence agent answered: "_____ (**Mine/My**) mission is so secret that I don't know _____ (**myself/yourself**) what I am and what I do."

6. "Sir, Private Smith was about to commit suicide."

"_____ (**Why/What**) did he do it?"

"Because he is absent-minded."

"_____ (**Why/What/**) do you mean?"

"He was on guard duty yesterday and shot _____ (**yourself/himself**)."

"But _____ (**which/what**) was the reason?"

"He forgot the password."

7. "Where is _____ (**yours/your**) rifle, soldier?"

"I haven't got it."

"Haven't got it? What's the good of you? What do you call a soldier without a rifle?"

"An officer."

8. Two green missile men were watching rocket launching for the first time. One of _____ (**they/them**) commented knowingly: "The rocket is stabilized by spin – that is turning round _____ (**his/its**) axes."

"What a sharp eye you have got!" the _____ (**another/other**) man exclaimed. "How could you make it out with _____ (**such a/so**) speed of the rocket?"

9. "How _____ (**much/many**) times have I told you to fall in for _____ (**this/these**) formations on time, Private Jackson?"

"I don't know, sergeant. I thought you were keeping the score."

10. The drill sergeant caught sight of a soldier out of step.

"Hey, boy, take step!" he shouted.

"Why always _____ (**mine/me**), sergeant," the soldier complained. "Let _____ (**somebody/anybody**) else do it."

11. Patrol Leader: "Sir, I saw _____ (**a lot of/much**) enemy troops about a mile north of here!"

Commanding Officer: "Good! Which way is south?"

Preposition

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences with the prepositions of *time* given below.

at (x4) during until in for on by

1. The training period started ____ 0800 hours and Private Sutton arrived ____ 0806 hours.
2. (*from the briefing*) You must draw combat rations for your sections from the stores. Do this ____ 1600 hours ____ Monday, the 25th of October. Individuals will be responsible for their meals ____ the exercise.
3. Lieutenant Edwards is studying for his promotion exams and he hopes to be promoted to captain ____ 4 years' time.
4. Corporal Shepherd has been in the army ____ 6 years. He's a radio telegraphist at the communications centre.
5. The gun group kept firing ____ the rifle group appeared through the smoke screen close to the enemy position.
6. We hope you feel better ____ the time you receive our letter.
7. (*from the interview*) Major Cooper, could you tell us which units are deployed in the area ____ the moment?

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the prepositions of *place* given below.

between at in front of inside on among outside

1. The tank is armour-plated. This gives protection to the crew ____ it.
2. There are five smoke dischargers ____ each side of the tank.
3. The men carried out live-firing of all platoon weapons ____ the shooting range.
4. Be careful! There's no cover ____ the road and the wood. You will be in the open ground.
5. Camouflage your position ____ the trees in the wood.
6. The enemy appeared to consist of four riflemen in a defensive position _____ an old farm building.
7. The platoon must be ____ the guardroom at 0730 hours on Tuesday.

Exercise 3. Complete the sentences with the prepositions of *direction and movement* given below.

through (x2) along to (x3) at across past

1. The rifle group crawled ____ the ditch and then went behind the hedgerow.
2. This is Sergeant Harris requesting permission to return ____ the base, sir. We couldn't get _____. The village was attacked last night and the bridge was blown up.
3. When does the train arrive ____ your station?
4. Are you a good swimmer? Can you swim ____ this river?
5. Go ____ the mess hall and you'll see the NCO Club. There you can find Major Fox.
6. The soldier was wounded. The bullet went straight ____ him.
7. It's too far to walk ____ the officers' mess. So I'm going to call the duty officer to transport you and your luggage ____ the mess, Captain Esteban.

Exercise 4. Complete the sentences with the suitable prepositions given below.

on (x6) in (x2) by (x2) at (x2) to (x2)

1. They met ____ the airport ____ accident.
2. Why don't we visit the exhibition of modern art ____ the weekend? – I am not keen ____ such things but ____ the whole, I like the idea.

3. Captain Richards is always well-informed about political situation ____ the world. He likes listening ____ the news ____ TV and ____ the radio.
4. In this shop payments can be made either ____ cash or ____ cheque.
5. The entire workforce of Norton Mining has gone ____ strike after a serious accident at the mine.
6. She told him offensive words ____ purpose knowing that it would annoy him.
7. It was a ridiculous thing to start learning Chinese, ____ my mind.

Exercise 5. Find and correct the mistakes if there are any.

R – Right **W** – Wrong

1. Have you ever travelled **in** underground in London? _____
2. Soldiers are really tired after going **by** foot from the range to the base. _____
3. I'm so hungry. I haven't eaten anything **from** 7 o'clock. _____
4. You have to write your address **at** the top of the letter. _____
5. I'll be waiting **for** you **at** the station. Don't be late. _____
6. What presents do you usually give your wife **at** Christmas Day? _____
7. The corporal showed Major Robinson the position of the operations tent **in** the map. _____

Exercise 6. Which alternative is correct?

1. What are those people doing **in/on** the parade ground?
2. The commander will be **at the front/in the front** of the convoy, the four trucks will be **in the centre/at the centre** and the other two trucks will be **in the back/at the back** of the convoy.
3. The lift got stuck **between/among** two floors of the hotel. People had to walk upstairs.
4. This is just one problem **between/among** many.
5. Sorry. How can I get to the petrol station? – Go along Station Road. It's **to your left/on your left**.
6. Captain Brooks isn't here **at the moment/in the moment**, but he'll be back **in a few minutes/at a few minutes**.
7. Look, here's a photo of me taken at school. Can you recognize me **on it/in it**?

Exercise 7. Fill in the gaps with the appropriate prepositions.

about on with into of (x2) for (x2) to at

1. Military exercises don't depend ____ weather.
2. Keep the distance! You may drive ____ a car in front of you.
3. The men of No3 Platoon are bad ____ using compasses.
4. The Secretary General is responsible ____ all UN peacekeeping operations.
5. The drug is suspected ____ causing over 200 deaths.
6. I think you should apologize ____ Captain Evans for your offensive words.
7. All servicemen were warned ____ the gas attack.
8. Why are you so angry ____ this recruit? Calm down.
9. Where have you been? I've been waiting ____ you for half an hour.
10. It was silly ____ you to go there alone so late.

Exercise 8. Read the texts and fill in the gaps with the correct prepositions.

1. "I want a bridge ____ (**in/at**) this place," the Commanding General said to the Unit Engineer. "Give your suggestions ____ (**in/at**) an hour."

After an hour's thinking the Engineer reported: "My one and the only suggestion is that the bridge should be built not ____ (**beside/along**) the river but ____ (**across/above**) it."

2. An old man came to the unit grounds.

“In your unit you have my grandson Robert Blake. Could you send for him to see me?”

“With pleasure. But we let him go ____ (**at/in**) the morning for your funeral.”

3. A lady’s daily routine was rudely interrupted by army manoeuvres. As her car approached the bridge that she crossed twice a day, she was halted by a sentry.

“You can’t drive ____ (**above/across**) the bridge, lady,” he said firmly. It has been just blown up.”

The lady looked ____ (**on/at**) the untouched bridge and ____ (**on/at**) the sentry, shrugged her shoulders in despair and got ____ (**off/out of**) her car. ____ (**In/At**) that moment another soldier appeared.

“Officer,” she inquired, “can you tell me one reason why I cannot drive my car ____ (**above/across**) this bridge?”

“Lady, he answered soberly, “I can’t tell you anything at all. I have been dead ____ (**for/since**) three days.”

4. The sergeant announced at company parade:

“All those fond of music step two paces forward!” With visions of soft jobs in regimental band, half a dozen men stepped forward, smiling broadly.

“Now, then,” yelled the sergeant, “you six gold bricks get busy and carry that grand piano in the basement ____ (**up/down**) to the officer’s new quarters ____ (**on/in**) the seventh floor.”

Conjunction. Linking words

Exercise 1. Choose the most appropriate coordinating conjunction from the box for each gap.

so but either...or whereas while as well as both...and
neither... nor not only...but and

1. You can _____ complete each test after the individual unit, _____ use the menu to test yourself anytime.
2. Global oil consumption fell by 1.2m barrels a day, or 1.7%, _____ natural gas use dropped 2.1%.
3. The blast caused some damage _____ no injuries.
- 4 Black widows have been involved in several major attacks in the North Caucasus _____ in Moscow.
5. The Unified Command Suite (UCS) vehicle is a self-contained, stand-alone, C-130 air mobile communications platform that provides _____ voice _____ data communications capabilities to CST commanders.
6. The Kosovo situation has been created in large part through Belgrade's bloody mismanagement, _____ in Kosovo _____ throughout the former Yugoslavia.
7. The physical properties of the Earth, _____ its geological history and orbit, have allowed life to persist during this period.
8. Garlic is technically _____ herb _____ spice but a member of the same family as onions and leeks.
9. Adults choose pictures showing an event in their lives - their wedding, or a photo with their children - _____ teenagers seem to show themselves having a good time, often with friends at a party.
10. He was Irish, but he never spoke in an Irish accent _____ that was quite amusing to see that.

Exercise 2. Choose the most appropriate subordinating conjunction from the box for each gap.

although because after before since when though if how than

1. Somalia has been in turmoil since 1991 _____ its central government collapsed.
2. South Korean search teams suspended their efforts to reach missing sailors on a sunken warship _____ the weather conditions were poor.
3. The Gaza Strip has been under a heightened Israeli blockade _____ the militant group Hamas seized control in June 2007.
4. Teach all family members basic first aid, _____ to behave during a quake and what to do after a quake.
5. But the latest research suggests the male immune system is actually weaker _____ the female.
6. We sleep better in the night _____ we laugh in the day.
7. All 60 passengers on board were safely rescued _____ the train derailed and part of it burst into flames.
8. _____ defeated on the battlefield, the Tigers “may survive underground, doing what they do best – attacking civilians.”
9. A new exhibition aims to take you into the world of entertainment _____ technology took over our lives.
10. The principle is used to justify the case where a doctor gives drugs to a patient to relieve distressing symptoms even _____ he knows doing this may shorten the patient's life.

Exercise 3. Choose the most appropriate conjunction.

1. **Until/ When** he joined the army my brother had never been abroad.
2. The plane crashed into a bridge **since/ because** it was flying too low.
3. Henry Ford wanted to make a car **after/ that** everyone would be able to afford.
4. My watch had stopped **so/ however** I had no way of knowing the right time.
5. He was busy when I phoned **or/ but** I hung on until he was free.
6. A light machine gun may be identified **neither/ either** by the weapon **nor/ or** by its tactical role.
7. **Although/ So** the island is only eight miles wide, it feels much larger.
8. People perform best **when/ until** they know the purpose of their effort.
9. The Nubia Museum in Aswan was built **after/ before** they finished work to display their finds and explain the distinct history of the Nubian people.
10. Like other politicians, as president Harry Truman was entitled to free postage for mail from the White House. **Although/ However**, he kept his own books of stamps in his desk drawer for personal letters and Christmas cards. How many of our MPs would pass the Truman test today?

Exercise 4. Choose the correct answer from the options (a, b, or c).

1. _____ you know it is unloaded, always visually inspect the gun before handling it further.
a) After b) Even if c) When
2. Always treat the gun _____ it is loaded anyway.
a) before b) as if c) because
3. _____ you are at a range, keep your rifle pointed downrange.
a) If b) However c) That
4. _____ your gun is on the target, keep your finger off the trigger.
a) Before b) So c) Unless
5. It does mean that anything you point your gun at could possibly take a bullet, _____ you intend it to or not.
a) whether b) after c) but
6. Never point the gun _____ pull the trigger at a close-range target without a backstop that will stop your fire.
a) or b) so c) that
7. Factory ammunition doesn't constitute a fire hazard, _____ be careful where you store it.
a) when b) and c) but
8. Shoot with eye _____ ear protection. Simple, eh? Obviously in some cases (self-defence, hunting) you may not be able to, but you'll be better off when you do.
a) and b) after c) since
9. Don't carry a gun into a potential conflict _____ you feel you might need it.
a) that b) although c) where
10. The tenth and final rule - never hand a gun to anyone _____ doesn't understand and abide by these rules.
a) when b) that c) if

Exercise 5. Correct a mistake in each sentence.

1. People avoid saying the word "die" **but** they don't like to think about death.
2. Joe didn't take enough time to consider all his opinions **because** he made a hasty decision.
3. The chains of habit are too weak to be felt **and** they are too strong to be broken.
4. Ben went in for the competition **if** won first prize.
5. **However** the sisters are identical twins, they have very unique and discrete personalities.
6. Too much exercise can be harmful **or** walking is good for you.
7. Coalition Joint Task Force-Horn of Africa is currently subordinate to US Central Command. **While**, when US Africa Command becomes operational in October, it will assume responsibility for the task force.

8. **When** the British slave trade from Africa was abolished in 1807, emancipation of the people did not occur until 1 August 1834.
9. **And** you upload your video, make sure you read through our handy checklist below.
10. The Inca citadel of Machu Picchu has reopened, two months **while** torrential rain swept away its rail link.

Exercise 6. Make a sentence using conjunctions in brackets.

1. You were working in the park. Did you see anyone else? (**while**)
2. A standard 3-9X variable scope extends its effective range to well beyond 700 yards. Match-grade ammunition ensures consistent hits even at extended ranges. (**and**)
3. Its 2.5 power scope limited its range to around 500 yards. It is nevertheless a powerful, rugged, and thoroughly reliable rifle. (**Although**)
4. Light arms are cheap, easy to transport and can be handled by ill-trained rebel soldiers and even children. They are especially dangerous. (**that's why**)
5. 30 soldiers were being held in Afghanistan and 10 in Pakistan. The checkpoint was overrun. (**after**)
6. The M91/30 Mosin-Nagant is a reliable, accurate rifle. Some German snipers in Russia preferred to their own Mauser sniper rifle. (**which**)
7. What progress has been made in Kosovo? It declared independence last year in 2009. (**since**)
8. Loading a cylinder was a slow and awkward process. Soldiers in the field often carried multiple revolvers. (**so**)
9. The couple were taken hostage. Armed Somali pirates boarded their yacht, the Lynn Rival, in the early hours of 23 October last year. (**when**)
10. Stryker is a family of eight-wheeled armoured vehicles. Armoured vehicles combine high battlefield mobility, firepower, survivability, and versatility with reduced logistics requirements. (**that**)

Exercise 7. Complete the text with linking words.

first	finally	next	then
-------	---------	------	------

Lt Smith _____ (1) studied the notes that he kept on each of his soldiers. _____ (2) he talked to private Jones' platoon sergeant. _____ (3), he talked to private Jones himself. _____ (4), he examined the information to determine if it was relevant to the problem and analyzed the information to determine the cause of the problem.

Exercise 8. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

and (x2)	that (x2)	however	but	as...as	though	if
----------	-----------	---------	-----	---------	--------	----

The truth about five-a-day

We've long been advised to eat five portions of fruit and vegetables a day, _____ (1) according to new evidence, the regime doesn't offer _____ (2) much protection against cancer _____ previously estimated. Basing their conclusions on a study of around 480,000 people across ten countries, an international team of researchers reckons _____ (3) only around 2.5% of cancers could be averted _____ (4) people ate an extra two portions of fruit _____ (5) vegetables per day, on average. _____ (6), cancer charities pointed out that this equates to about 7,000 cases of cancer a year in the UK, which, _____ (7) fewer than anticipated, is not insignificant. In any case, a fruit and vegetable-rich diet has an impact on other diseases: the same research showed that those who consumed at least five portions a day were 30% less likely to suffer from coronary heart disease _____ (8) those who ate just one _____ (9) a half portions a day.

Exercise 3. Choose the most appropriate phrasal verb from the box for each gap in the sentences. Put them in the correct form.

break out	call off	take in	run out of	run into	go off	carry out
break off	get over	break into				

1. He had orders **to withdraw** from the attack at 1800.
2. Keep an eye on the prisoners, don't let them **escape**.
3. We **collided** with a mine field and got stuck.
4. The student **understood** everything the instructor said.
5. South Korea **has cancelled** a rescue operation for more than 40 sailors missing since a warship sank last week.
6. A burglar who used a toilet in a house he **entered illegally** was caught by DNA evidence in a hair he left behind on the seat.
7. You shouldn't blame them. They **were** only **executing** their orders.
8. The bomb **exploded** when he started the car engine.
9. The group of castaways managed to get to the land and spent 3 years trying to survive, but they **were short of** food and they all died of starvation.
10. Those who witnessed the tragedy can't **overcome** the shock.

Exercise 4. Correct a mistake in each sentence.

1. I **look for** to meeting you again in the near future.
2. You'll have to **put down** your cigarette. They don't allow smoking in here.
3. The fighting **broke into** when militants attacked and captured a security check post in Orakzai.
4. The two of us were close friends and regularly **went down** to dinner together.
5. A motorist who **ran about** a deer on a main road in Dorset calls for the authorities to offer more help to wounded animal.
6. **Come apart** to my room and let's listen to some music.
7. They **had been looking up** a house for over a week before they found one.
8. Commanders **put out** the meeting until tomorrow.
9. The blasts **went by** 15 minutes apart in the city, 110km (70 miles) south of the capital Baghdad.
10. During their stay on the ISS, the trio **will carry away** experiments and support two shuttle missions to the space station.

Exercise 5. Complete this short biography, using given verbs. Put them in the correct form.

bring	become	carry	drop	name	take	live	end (x 2)
--------------	---------------	--------------	-------------	-------------	-------------	-------------	------------------

Richard Potts was born 100 years ago today in the same small town in Wales that he lives in now. He was _____ **after** (1) his grandfather, the distinguished sculptor whom he was later said to _____ **after** (2) in both character and appearance. The young Richard was orphaned at an early age and was _____ **up** (3) by an aunt. He failed to _____ **up** (4) to his relatives' hopes for him by _____ **out** (5) of school at the age of 15. They were very concerned about what would _____ **of** (6) him and, although there must have been plenty of temptations encouraging the young boy to gambling and drink, he resisted them all and _____ **up** (7) taking a job in a coal mine. He impressed the managers so much that he eventually _____ **up** (8) as a member of the board. He _____ **on** (9) working until five years ago, when ill health forced him to retire, but he is still a familiar figure around the streets of his home town.

Miscellaneous

1. A camouflaged uniform is usually put on for combat actions or field dressing, _____?
a) doesn't it b) isn't it c) is it
2. Usually camouflage producers in different countries _____ three basic colours and these are green, brown and yellow.
a) use b) using c) are using
3. AK-47 is _____ old weapon, but still very good. The Soviet Union used this weapon a lot and Russia and many other countries around _____ world still do.
a) the; the b) an; the c) the; a
4. The mission of chemical analysts is to decontaminate the environment. They also _____ NBC reconnaissance by taking samples of chemicals from air, water and soil.
a) does b) are doing c) do
5. I come from Bratislava, but I am now living in Brussels. I work in the European Parliament. It is an important institution, because it _____ laws for all EU countries.
a) passes b) pass c) is passing
6. There were only 30,000 words in Old English. Modern English has _____ vocabulary in the world - more than 600,000 words.
a) the most large b) largest c) the largest
7. Studies show that too much TV watching leads to _____ problems as bad eating habits, lack of exercise, obesity and depression.
a) such a b) so c) such
8. Did you know that the man who invented James Bond was a secret agent _____? Before he started writing the James Bond stories, Ian Fleming worked for British Naval Intelligence. He even had a code name. It was not 007, but 17F.
a) yourself b) himself c) oneself
9. A tsunami is a chain of huge waves, caused by an earthquake, but under the seabed. Tsunami waves can be very long (as much as 100 kilometres) and there may be an hour _____ them.
a) among b) apart c) between
10. The Imperial War Museum in London is one of the best war museums in the world. It has so _____ exhibits on _____ floors that one visit hardly seems enough.
a) much; its b) many; its c) many; his
11. There wasn't _____ he could do for his friend. He felt helpless.
a) nothing b) none c) anything
12. The planning process which provides for a nation's security involves _____ military strategy _____ military tactics.
a) both... and b) either... or c) neither... nor
13. Due to the emergency last night, Sergeant Thomas _____ enough sleep, therefore, he is very sleepy.
a) didn't got b) didn't get c) got

14. Did you know the Earth is not round? It's shaped like a pumpkin, and it's becoming fatter and fatter. That's according to the scientists who _____ an eye on the Earth's figure over the last 25 years.

- a) are keeping b) have been keeping c) keep

15. The first plane _____ by Orville and Wilbur Wright in 1903. It was a biplane with two wings and it _____ by Orville in North Carolina.

- a) was built; was flown b) was build; was flown c) was built; flew

16. There aren't many students in class today. - It's field training exercise. _____ of the men are doing it today.

- a) all b) most c) a few

17. When someone wants to learn another language, they _____ speak the language with other people and they _____ be shy.

- a) must; don't have to b) should; have to c) should; shouldn't

18. Exercise Destine Glory is _____ multinational exercise based in _____ Mediterranean. It is _____ exercise with more than 8,000 soldiers from 12 countries.

- a) an; the; an b) a; the; the c) the; the; an

19. In the Australian Army male soldiers _____ to have long hair.

- a) are not allowed b) do not allowed c) not allowed

20. When the convoy _____ at the start point, the radio link _____.

- a) will arrive; will be checked b) arrives; will be checked c) will arrive; is checked

21. New research shows that chocolate _____ keeps you younger _____ makes you feel better and happier. But don't eat it too often and too much!

- a) not only; and b) not; but c) not only; but also

22. The word “quiz” was invented by a Dublin theatre manager called Daly. In 1780, Daly had a bet that within 24 hours he _____ invent a word that would be on everyone’s lips the next day. He spent the whole night chalking QUIZ on every wall in the city. The next day the strange word was on everyone’s lips. What did it mean?

And so it has become to mean a “puzzling question”!

- a) might b) should c) could

23. The White House, the official residence of the US president, is situated at 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue in Washington. American presidents in the White House for over 200 years.

- a) are living b) have been living c) live

24. Cinderella was lucky to have little _____. Today only three percent of young _____ wear shoe size _____ than 36. Mankind is growing!

- a) foots; women; more little b) feet; womans; littler c) feet; women; less

25. Many American people believe that leap years are good for important undertakings, and _____ started on the 29th of February is sure of success!

- a) anything b) nothing c) something

26. People keep_____ Ken Bannister things with bananas on them or things shaped like bananas. This is because Ken _____ banana things for 30 years. His collection has been recognized by the Guinness Book of Records. There are more than 17,000 items at his Banana Museum in California!

- a) to send; collects b) sending; has been collecting c) sending; is collecting

27. As British people say, “all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy”. Like _____ else, British people like doing things outside work.

- a) everybody b) somebody c) anybody

28. In 1986 after almost 200 years of debate the governments of France and Britain agreed to start construction of the Channel Tunnel, also called the Euro Tunnel. The volume of soil removed from the tunnel was so huge that it increased the size of Britain 90 acres, equivalent to 68 football fields.

- a) in b) by c) at

29. People have long been interested in having one language that could be spoken throughout the world. Through the years, at least 600 universal languages _____, including Esperanto, but English, according to specialists, has better chances to become a global language. So, why not learn it?

- a) were proposed b) had been proposed c) have been proposed

30. _____ first crossword puzzle was created by an Englishman, a journalist from Liverpool named Arthur Wynne. It was first published in an American newspaper, *New York World*, in 1913.

- a) a; the b) the; the c) a; a

31. Louis Braille, a French teacher who was blinded in an accident _____ the age of three, invented a system of writing which enables _____ blind to read by touch.

- a) at; the b) in; the c) of; -

32. Computer technology is the fastest-growing industry in the world. The first computer was the size of a minibus and weighed a ton. Today, its job can be done by a chip the size of a pinhead. And the revolution

- a) still goes on b) is still going on c) still going on

33. Very soon we'll have computers that we'll wear on our wrists or even in our glasses and earrings. Such wearable computers _____ in the USA.

- a) are developing b) are developed c) are being developed

34. The Guinness Book of World Records became a best-seller long ago. It has sold over 77 million copies so far. And if you think that it's only the English who are mad about records, you are wrong: the book has been translated into 32 languages. All over the world people seem to read about other people who are _____, _____ or just _____ than they are.

- a) more fast; more fat; more fit; more mad
b) faster; fater; fiter; mader
c) faster; fatter; fitter; madder

35. Today, everybody _____ that tobacco is dangerous. But in the 1600s English doctors prescribed tobacco as a cure for numerous diseases, including the plague.

- [illegible]

36. In Victorian England library etiquette demanded that books written by women shouldn't be shelved next to books written by men, unless the authors were married to _____.

- a) each one b) each other c) themselves

37. Astronomers say that our Sun _____ be unique and that its twin is found in the constellation Scorpio which is 48 million light years from the Earth. They are _____ age, between four and five billion years old.

- a) may not; the same b) must not; a same c) should not; same

38. It _____ scientifically _____ that sleep helps to solve problems. According to new research, if you have a problem, you should think about it just before going to sleep. Your brain will continue working on the solution while you are asleep. And, hopefully, in the morning you will know the solution to your problem! It is believed that was how Mendeleev discovered his periodic table of chemical elements.

- a) had been ... proved b) has been...proved c) has... proved

39. The museum “Britain at War Experience” uses all of your senses. You can see, hear, feel and even smell the blitz! You can walk through the streets of London after the blitz and see (and smell!) the smouldering remains of a London street. Be careful of the unexploded bomb – it can _____ any minute!

- a) go up b) go out c) go off

40. In the 18th century many foreign visitors came to _____ Great Pyramid of Cheops in _____ Egypt. They were scientists, historians, archeologists, explorers. One of _____ most famous visitors was Napoleon Bonaparte. His military expedition in 1798 was not only military but archeological as well.

- a) the; - ; the b) the; the; the c) a ; - ; the

41. When Napoleon saw the pyramids for the first time he exclaimed: “Soldiers! From the top of these pyramids, forty centuries _____ at us.”

- a) are looking b) look c) looking

42. The word “pyramid” _____ from the Greek word *pyramis* which _____ “a wheat cake”. The Greek thought that the pyramids looked like cakes

- a) is coming; is meaning. b) comes; means c) comes; is meaning

43. Each year, the Atlantic Ocean grows about 4 centimetres _____, pushing Europe and North America apart. When Columbus crossed the Atlantic Ocean in 1492, it was 20 metres _____ than it is today.

- a) more wide; more narrow b) wider; narrower c) more wide; narrower

44. _____ America is the world leader in obesity, Europe _____. According to World Health Organisation (WHO), almost one-third of people living in the European Union are now overweight and one in ten is obese.

- a) Therefore; is quickly catching up
- b) However; quickly catches up
- c) Though; is quickly catching up

45. The Queen's Royal Lancers Armoured Cavalry Regiment _____ in Catterick, North Yorkshire (UK). They _____ with Challenger 2 Main Battle Tanks. The Queen's Royal Lancers _____ on operations with UN forces.

- a) is based; are equipped; are served
b) is based; are equipped; serve
c) are based; equipped; serve

46. Space is not as empty as you _____ think. In fact, space is filled with flying trash. There are parts of rockets and satellites, particles of solid fuel, countless flecks of paint, buckets of garbage and lots of objects lost by cosmonauts, including a camera, a glove and a spanner. So watch _____ !

- a) must; up b) should; on c) might; out

47. If you have a traffic accident, report the accident to the control station. If there are any _____ persons, give the first aid and _____ medical support.

- a) injuring; call to b) injured; call for c) injured; call in

48. My favourite kit is the Firesteel lighter. It's _____ excellent tool for lighting fires. The Firesteel was invented by a captain in _____ Swedish Army. You can light 12,000 fires with the Firesteel.

- a) an ; the b) a ; the c) the; a

49. A soldier needs a lot of things to fight with, _____ he only has two hands to carry them. That's why a military uniform usually includes lots of accessories. A belt and some webbing can hold all kinds of pouches _____, together with rucksacks and chest rigs, can contain all the materials vitally important for fighting and surviving.

- a) therefore; which b) otherwise; what c) but; which

50. The effect of landmines is not always obvious. Their _____ impact is on the victims – men, women and children who have lost limbs or eyesight stepping on a landmine. But landmines also lead to _____ indirect health problems as the spread of polio.

- a) visiblest; such a b) most visible; such c) most visible; so

51. 11-year-old Miwez hopes _____ an engineer when he grows up.

- a) becoming b) become c) to become

52. Where would you like to live if you _____ a completely free choice?

- a) had b) have c) has

53. We wouldn't have any friends if we _____ everything we said about each other.

- a) heared b) heard c) hear

54. Doing is _____ than saying.

- a) good b) best c) better

55. If each household cut consumption by just 10% , its emissions _____ by 14 million tonnes a year.

- a) will reduce b) reduce c) would reduce

56. Scientists have worried about plastic rubbish in the oceans _____ the 1980s.

- a) since b) for c) during

57. It was _____ attack against a UN target in Afghanistan since last year.

- a) larger b) the largest c) largest

58. _____ drought in decades in the Amazon has seen a major river fall to its lowest level since records began in 1902.

- a) The worst b) Worst c) Worse

59. Now not only the Rio Negro, but _____ Amazon and Solimoes rivers are at their lowest level in decades.

- a) - b) a c) the

60. It is the worst flooding to hit the country - one of _____ in the world - since 1963.

- a) poorest b) the most poorest c) the poorest

61. Since the Nigerian government and Mend signed an amnesty agreement last year, incidents of violence and kidnapping in the Delta _____.

- a) have fallen b) fell c) have falled

62. There are huge areas that are covered in water _____ people are living on the tops of their houses.
a) but b) so c) because
63. Australia has some 1,550 troops _____ in the southern province of Uruzgan, mostly training Afghan army recruits.
a) based b) base c) basing
64. In the latest incident, the four attackers, dressed in burkas _____ by women, ambushed the compound just before midday.
a) wore b) weared c) worn
65. Cholera causes diarrhea and vomiting _____ to severe dehydration.
a) led b) leading c) leaded
66. Officials from the Brazilian Geological Service measured the Rio Negro at Manaus _____ it flows into the Amazon River.
a) where b) when c) until
67. The former president _____ two days in the North Korean capital.
a) spent b) spends c) spend
68. He arrived at the station, took a taxi and drove to the hotel where he _____ a room.
a) reserve b) reserves c) had reserved
69. He didn't know what _____.
a) had happened b) happens c) will happen
70. The Afghan fighters _____ Australian officers and _____ combat displays at the Cultana base in South Australia.
a) met; oversaw b) met, oversea c) met, overseed
71. Security forces started _____ in the air to disperse the crowd and prevent people from going near the café.
a) shoot b) shooting c) to shoot
72. The office finally admitted that several prisoners _____.
a) injured b) had injured c) had been injured
73. Poor sanitary conditions make the camps vulnerable to cholera, which is caused by bacteria _____ through contaminated water or food.
a) transmitted b) transmitting c) transmits
74. 87 % of parents wish their children spent more time playing outside. But 25 % of parents are too worried about their children's safety to let them _____ so.
a) do b) doing c) to do
75. The gunners _____ three planes during the operation.
a) brought down b) brought up c) brought back
76. Apples are _____ than caffeine when you need to wake up in the morning.
a) efficienter b) more efficient c) most efficient

77. Our eyes are always the same size from birth, but our nose and ears never stop _____.
 a) grow b) to grow c) growing
78. If Santa Claus _____ each child in the world with only one chocolate, his sleigh, loaded with gifts, _____ 250 tons.
 a) presents; will weigh
 b) presented; would weigh
 c) had presented; would have weighed
79. The person who stops _____ requires one hour less sleep at night.
 a) smoke b) to smoke c) smoking
80. Militant group al-Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula was responsible _____ bringing down an American cargo plane in Dubai in September.
 a) for b) to c) after
81. The pilot reported an emergency _____ contact was lost.
 a) or b) after c) before
82. By 2003, Beetle annual production _____ to 30,000 from a peak of 1.3 million in 1971.
 a) fell b) fallen c) had fallen
83. Volkswagen started _____ the Beetle, also known as the Beetle Bug, in 1938.
 a) to manufacturing b) manufacturing c) manufactured
84. The police are looking _____ five men suspected of being part of an extreme left-wing group.
 a) after b) for c) at
85. Controlled explosions were carried out on two parcel bombs at Athens airport's cargo terminal _____ Tuesday evening.
 a) in b) on c) at
86. Anyone who is afraid _____ waves shouldn't live near seashore.
 a) of b) to c) that
87. I envy all those easy-going, relaxed people. My life's full of stress, because I'm easily _____.
 a) annoy b) annoyed c) annoying
88. Could you switch _____ the TV? It distracts me from studying.
 a) over b) on c) off
89. Tom was really upset about another failed exam, so he decided _____ studying.
 a) give up b) to give up c) giving up
90. Life seems so _____ after the excitements of my wild journey last year.
 a) quiet b) quieter c) quietest
91. A healthy diet will help you _____ many diseases.
 a) avoid b) avoiding c) avoided
92. I was disappointed to hear that she _____ her driving test again.
 a) was failing b) fails c) had failed

93. I _____ trees when I was a child.

- a) used to climb b) was climbing c) had climbed

94. I asked my neighbours to look at my house _____ my absence.

- a) for b) since c) during

95. I think both parents should _____ the child.

- a) bring away b) bring down c) bring up

96. You won't achieve anything in your life _____ you work harder.

- a) or b) because c) unless

97. They were completely _____, but they felt that they achieved a lot winning the championship.

- a) exhausting b) exhausted c) exhaust

98. Pakistan's international partners urge Islamabad to reform the economy and government to cope after _____ floods.

- a) devastate b) devastating c) devastated

99. On the basis of the situation we intend _____ tasks in various districts.

- a) fulfil b) fulfilling c) to fulfil

100. He also used a rifle equipped _____ a silencer and a telescopic sight.

- a) with b) of c) about

Enjoy Your English

1. Find the past form of the following verbs:

blow	break	cut	find	get	give	grow	hear
keep	make	put	run	send	take	think	throw

The words can go across or down, or diagonally left to right. The same letter may be used in more than one word. The past form of “blow” is shown as an example.

W I S E N T H R E W
 G R I P O H E V E R
 R A N U T O E L T O
 E E L T C U B E M N
 W B R A K G A V E G
 T Y P E X H O L D M
 T O E C U T I T T A
 B R O K E H E A R D
 C A S K F O U N D E
 C A R K E P T A D Y

2. Find the past form of the following verbs:

bring	carry	catch	come	do	fall	go	hang
hold	leave	read	see	sell	set	stand	wear

The words can go across or down, or diagonally left to right. The same letter may be used in more than one word. The past form of “see” is shown as an example.

B R O U T H U N G T
 C L A W R E A D H A
 A S F E L L T G O R
 U O I N O D U U C W
 G L S T O O D S A I
 H D W O R E A S M N
 T R I B E D I D E T
 B R O U G H T U F T
 G O O D D A L E F T
 B Y E C A R R I E D

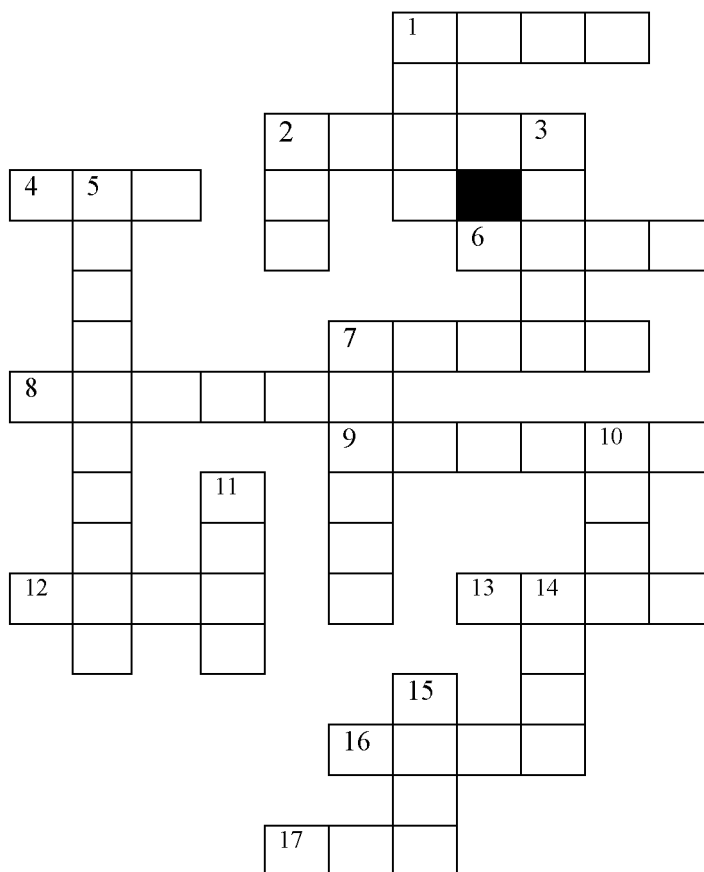
3. Complete the crossword by filling in the correct part of each irregular verb (infinitive or past tense)

Across

1. Past tense of **sing**
2. Infinitive of **built**
4. Infinitive of **ran**
6. Past tense of **give**
7. Past tense of **break**
8. Infinitive of **froze**
9. Past tense of **catch**
12. Past tense of **take**
13. Past tense of **fly**
16. Past tense of **go**
17. Past tense of **cut**

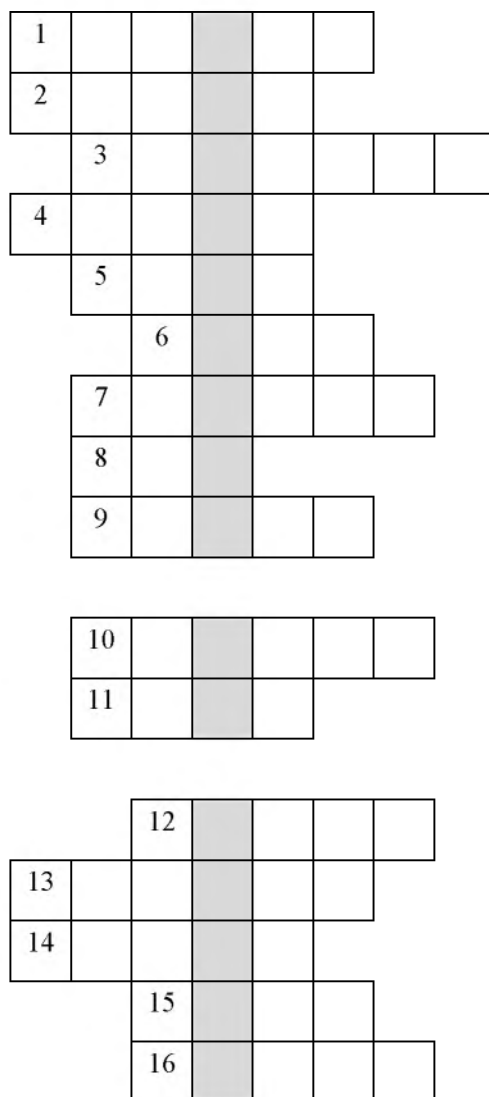
Down

1. Infinitive of **swam**
2. Past tense of **bite**
3. Past tense of **drink**
4. Past tense of **understand**
5. Past tense of **became**
6. Infinitive of **hid**
7. Infinitive of **made**
8. Past tense of **leave**
9. past tense of **keep**



4. Do you know the forms of the English verbs?

If you put the verbs in the puzzle below into the correct form, you'll be able to read **the proverb**.



1. shake - shook - _____
2. drink - drank - _____
3. bring - _____ - brought
4. fly - flew - _____
5. hold - held - _____
6. beat - _____ - beaten
7. hide - hid - _____
8. dig - dug - _____
9. spend - spent - _____
10. drive - drove - _____
11. cost - _____ - cost
12. speak - _____ - spoken
13. become - became - _____
14. grow - grew - _____
15. feel - _____ - felt
16. write - _____ - written

5. Which word is different?

A

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. a) driven | b) rode | c) gone | d) flown |
| 2. a) attended | b) promoted | c) went | d) deployed |
| 3. a) up | b) above | c) over | d) under |
| 4. a) platoons | b) knives | c) bayonets | d) mines |
| 5. a) teeth | b) mice | c) squads | d) feet |

B

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) the best | b) the largest | c) the worst | d) the farthest |
| 2. a) companies | b) injuries | c) lorries | d) helmets |
| 3. a) many | b) much | c) few | d) a lot |
| 4. a) more expensive | b) more popular | c) taller | d) more intelligent |
| 5. a) don't know | b) doesn't speak | c) don't go | d) don't attend |

C

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1. a) somebody | b) something | c) nothing | d) anything |
| 2. a) himself | b) myself | c) themselves | d) yourself |
| 3. a) wounded | b) crossing | c) damaged | d) written |
| 4. a) fewer | b) less | c) most | d) more |
| 5. a) by train | b) in a car | c) by plane | d) by boat |

D

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. a) mine | b) her | c) its | d) their |
| 2. a) have done | b) has polished | c) have come | d) have given |
| 3. a) slowly | b) early | c) suddenly | d) carefully |
| 4. a) look for | b) look after | c) look like | d) look up |
| 5. a) opposite | b) since | c) behind | d) in front of |

6. Can you fill in the correct prepositions in this funny story? The first one has been done for you.

(1) On Wednesday I had an important interview (2) _____ a job. I got up (3) _____ 7 o'clock in the morning and shaved carefully. I put (4) _____ my best jacket and trousers. I had to travel (5) _____ train, so I walked to the station.

(6) _____ my way I saw a man who was painting his fence (7) _____ red paint. The man didn't notice me: he was looking (8) _____ the fence. Then he turned suddenly and splashed my beautiful trousers!

I was very angry (9) _____ the man. He apologized (10) _____ me, but the damage was done. There was a department store not far (11) _____ the station, so I decided to buy a new pair.

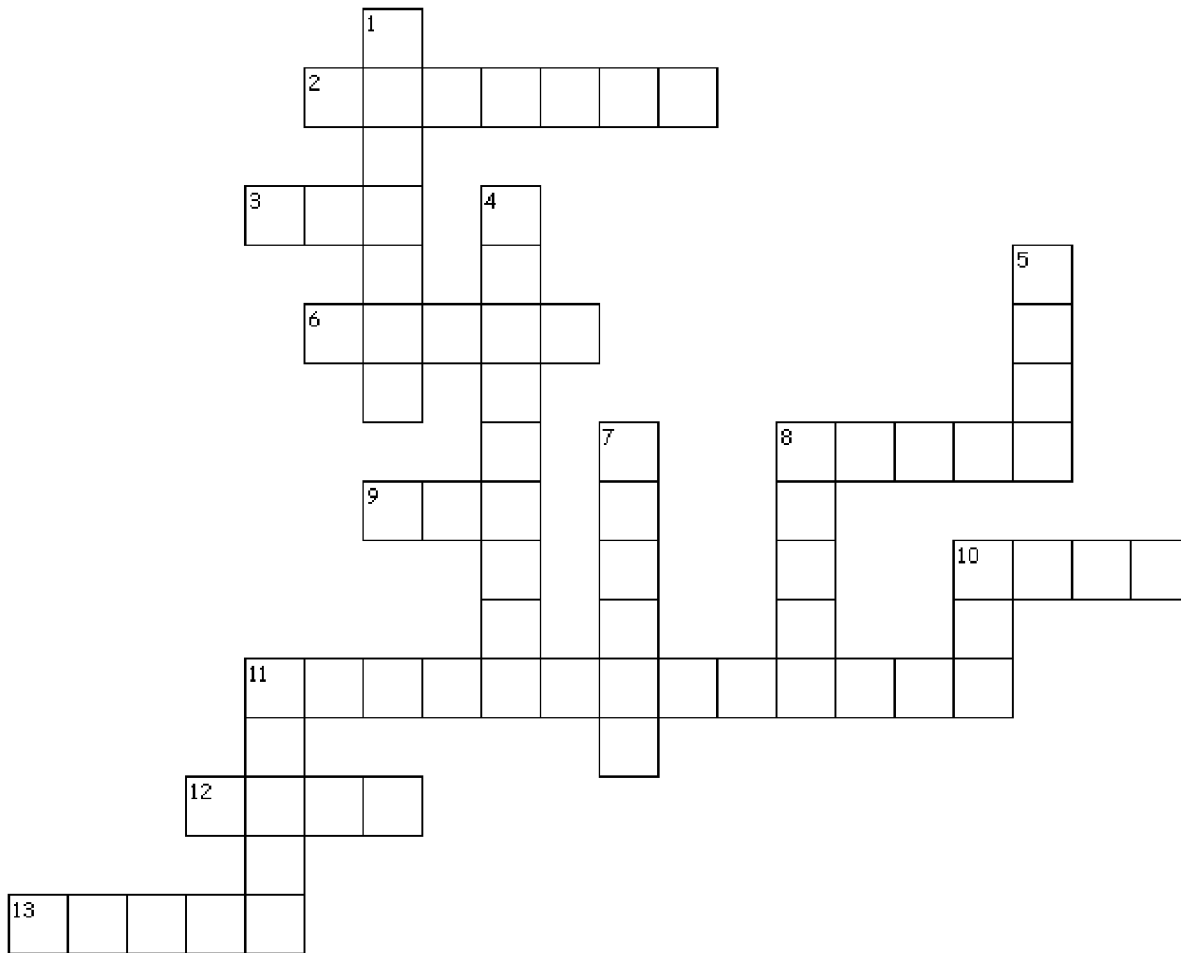
I found a nice pair of trousers and since I was short (12) _____ time, I decided to change (13) _____ the train. The shop was full, so I paid hurriedly (14) _____ my trousers, grabbed my shopping bag and left.

I arrived (15) _____ the station just (16) _____ time to catch the train. I was very proud (17) _____ myself. "Now I won't be late (18) _____ the interview," I thought and smiled happily (19) _____ an elderly lady who was staring (20) _____ my trousers.

I went (21) _____ the toilet to change. I threw away my stained trousers and opened the bag to get my new ones, but all I found was a pink woolen sweater!

7. Fill in the puzzle with the past participles of the verbs below:

For example DRIVE = DRIVEN



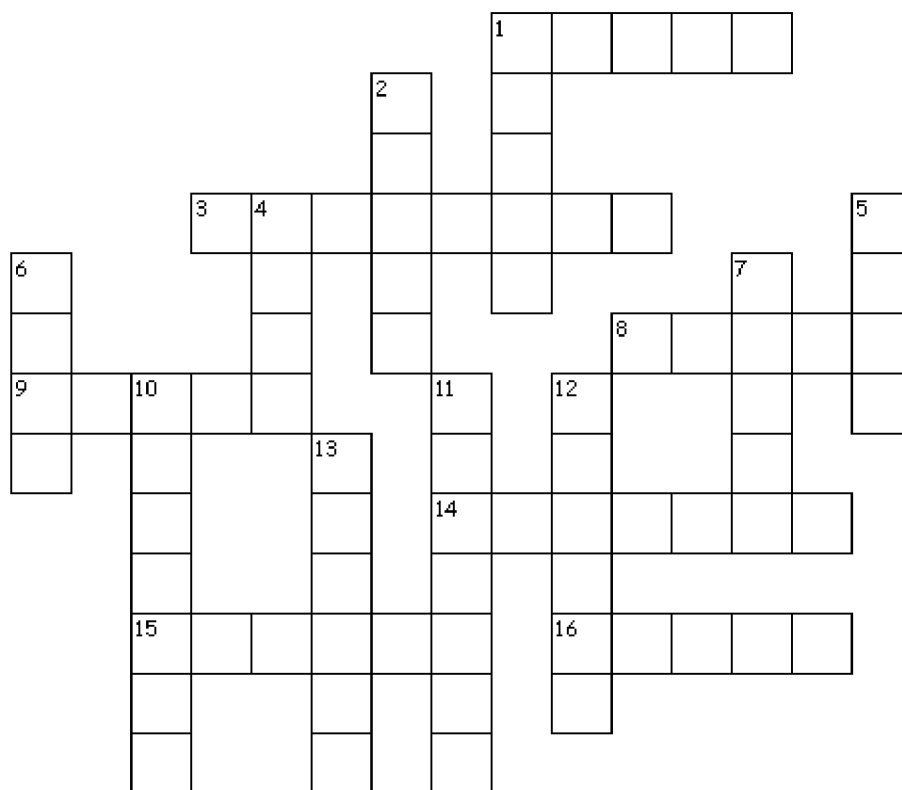
ACROSS

- 2. bring -
- 3. cut -
- 6. hear -
- 8. begin -
- 9. meet -
- 10. hold -
- 11. misunderstand -
- 12. pay -
- 13. spend

DOWN

- 1. write -
- 4. forget -
- 5. see -
- 7. drive -
- 8. build -
- 10. have -
- 11. mean -

8. Complete the sentences with the appropriate prepositions and fill in the crossword puzzle.



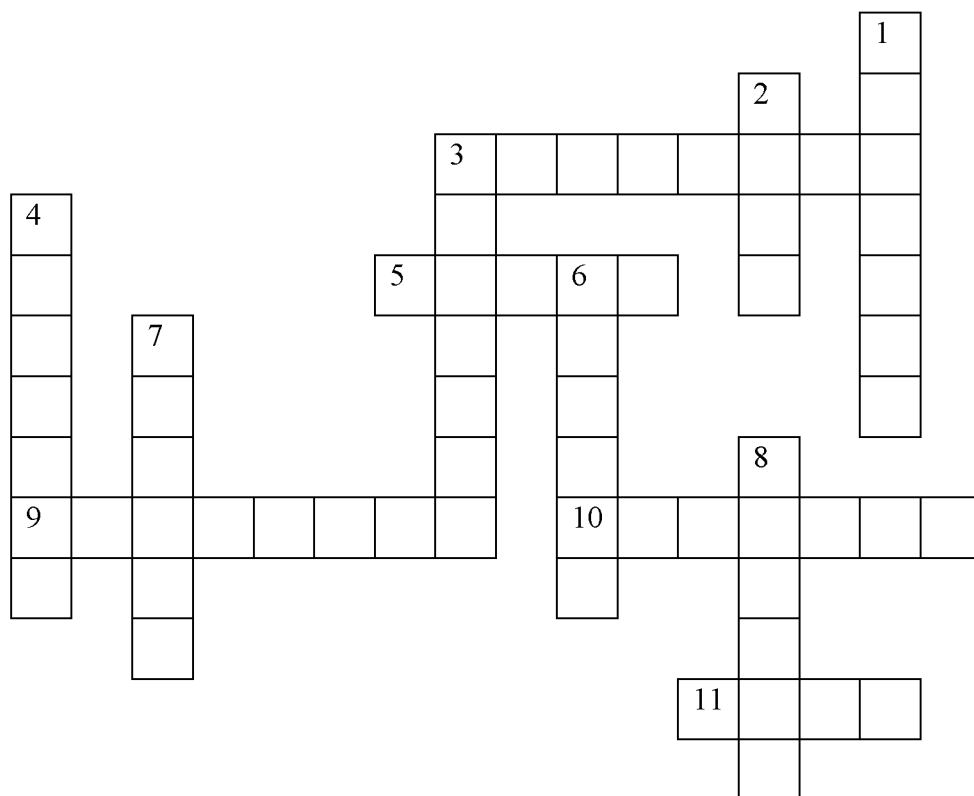
Across

1. What are you looking _____ the table, Private Smith?
3. The mess hall is _____ the NCO club.
8. The rank _____ major is captain.
9. How many films _____ James Bond have you seen?
14. All soldiers must run _____ the tunnel as quickly as possible.
15. There is no parking for visitors _____ the compound.
16. I've known Sergeant Fox _____ 2008.

Down

1. Let's wait _____ the rain stops.
2. Some refugees were _____ the survivors.
4. I called him when he was running _____ me.
5. Go _____ the street and in a few minutes you'll see the chemist's.
6. His parents live _____ the sea.
7. After the exercises soldiers walked slowly _____ the road.
10. It's rather cold _____. Let's stay at home.
11. Unfortunately, the lift got stuck _____ the floors.
12. I can't swim _____ the river. It's too wide for me.
13. You are not allowed here. Stay back _____ the barrier.

9. Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative degrees of adjectives and fill in the crossword puzzle.



Across

3. It was the _____ story I have ever heard. (**funny**)
 5. The climate in the east of Ukraine is _____ than in the west. (**dry**)
 9. Usually one arm is _____ than another one. (**strong**)
 10. Can I come to you _____ than usual? (**early**)
 11. Private Morgan sings very well. He's the _____ singer in the platoon. (**good**)

Down

1. After the competitions I can say that the men of A Company are the _____. (**fit**)
 2. Can you lend me some money? I've got _____ than I thought. (**little**)
 3. He lives 2 kilometres _____ from the Academy than I do. (**far**)
 4. Lake Baikal is the _____ in the world. (**deep**)
 6. The test turned out to be _____ than the previous one. (**easy**)
 7. We want to help the families which are much _____ than the others. (**poor**)
 8. You must drive _____ when you approach the places where children usually play. (**slow**)

Sample Tests

Sample Test 1

Task 1. Read the text and fill in the gaps with the suitable variant.

An injured Iraq veteran who was told he _____ (1) again completed the London Marathon ____ (2) Saturday. Major Phil Packer _____ (3) 13 days to walk 26,2-mile route, raising more than £700,000 for charity Help for _____ (4). He lost the use of both legs in a rocket attack, but has fought to overcome his _____ (5). Hundreds of well-wishers lined the route as he approached the finish line. "Somebody walked with me every step, be it dinner lady, taxi driver or police officer," he said collecting his medal. "This is for soldiers with much _____ (6) injuries than _____ (7)."

- | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1. a) will never walk | b) would never walk | c) would never walking |
| 2. a) at | b) in | c) on |
| 3. a) has taken | b) took | c) had taken |
| 4. a) Heroes | b) Heros | c) Heroess |
| 5. a) injuris | b) injuries | c) injurys |
| 6. a) worst | b) badder | c) worse |
| 7. a) my | b) mine | c) me |

Task 2. Complete the sentences with the appropriate question tags.

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. We aren't allowed to leave the restricted area without permission, | a) ...will you? |
| 2. Sergeant Fox is responsible for the weapon training, | b) ...can't he? |
| 3. Private Jackson, I see you don't like the meal, | c) ...are we? |
| 4. As far as I know, Captain Evans can speak Spanish, | d) ...won't it? |
| 5. The tyre is flat. I have to change it. Please help me, | e) ...isn't he? |
| 6. You have received my message, | f) ...didn't they? |
| 7. The patrol will leave the base at 2200 hours tonight, | g) ...do you? |
| 8. There aren't any armed people in front of the building, | h) ...haven't you? |
| 9. Somebody took my razor yesterday, | i) ...hasn't he? |
| 10. Captain Esteban has already been here, | j) ...are there? |

Task 3. Active or Passive?

- Paul *has promoted/has been promoted* to major recently.
- Air-conditioning *will install/will be installed* in our office next week.
- Passengers *ask/are asked* not to speak to the driver.
- Sergeant Wilson *has invited/was invited* some friends of his to the party.
- Unfortunately you can't visit the Army Museum because it is *re-organising/is being re-organised* now.
- He is very fond of this wrist-watch because it *was belonged/belonged* to his grandfather.
- When did you discover that your wallet *had been disappeared/had disappeared*?
- Sorry I'm late. I *stuck/was stuck* in a traffic jam for forty minutes.
- You can't see Colonel Moore. He *is interviewing/is being interviewed* at the moment.
- The knife is very sharp. Somebody *can hurt/can be hurt* in a second.

Task 4. Choose the suitable sentences on the right to complete the sentences on the left. Three sentences on the left are extra.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Private Briggs looks tired. He ... | a) it's the first time he is travelling by plane. |
| 2. Colonel Harrison informed that ... | b) nobody was injured. |
| 3. If you stopped smoking ... | c) had been repairing a car for three hours. |
| 4. I won't speak to him if ... | d) while he was jumping across the ditch. |
| 5. There was an accident last night. Luckily ... | e) it's the first time he has travelled by plane. |
| 6. Private White hurt his leg ... | f) has been repairing a car for three hours. |
| 7. Can you call me back in half an hour? | g) you will be in better health, Private Smith. |
| 8. Look at that man. He's so nervous. I think ... | h) the British Army representative would arrive at 1100 hours. |
| | i) he doesn't apologise to me. |
| | j) you would be in better health, Private Smith. |
| | k) I'm writing a report. |

Task 5. Fill in the gaps with the correct variant.

- You _____ to your platoon commander like that. It was impolite.
 - shouldn't speak
 - shouldn't have spoken
 - should have spoken
- I think they _____ Sergeant Fox because he didn't say that.
 - must misunderstand
 - had to misunderstand
 - must have misunderstood
- Major Evans isn't answering the telephone. He _____.
 - should have left.
 - need have left
 - might have left
- You are not in a very good shape, Private Briggs. Go for a run or go swimming. You _____ every day. Two times a week will be enough for the first few weeks.
 - should running
 - should go running
 - shouldn't go running
- Why didn't you come to the party? - Yesterday evening I became ill suddenly. I _____ a doctor.
 - had to call
 - must call
 - should call

Sample Test 2

Task 1. Read the text and choose the correct variant to fill in the gaps.

The stepladders that for 400 years _____ (1) students to reach the top _____ (2) at _____ (3) Bodleian library in _____ (4) Oxford have been removed because of safety fears. But the library says the books _____ (5) must remain in their “historic location”, out of reach, while students travel as far as _____ (6) British Library in London to find _____ (7) copies.

- | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 1. a) have allowed | b) allowed | c) have been allowed |
| 2. a) shelves | b) shelves | c) shelves |
| 3. a) a | b) the | c) - |
| 4. a) an | b) - | c) the |
| 5. a) itself | b) yourselves | c) themselves |
| 6. a) a | b) the | c) - |
| 7. a) others | b) another | c) other |

Task 2. Choose the correct sentence.

1. a) Why you think this man looks like the suspect?
b) Why do you think this man looks like the suspect?
c) Why are you thinking this man looks like the suspect?
2. a) Private Thomas, you not listen to the instructor again!
b) Private Thomas, you don't listen to the instructor again!
c) Private Thomas, you aren't listening to the instructor again!
3. a) Have you finished to clear your rifles yet, men?
b) Are you finished clearing your rifles yet, men?
c) Have you finished clearing your rifles yet, men?
4. a) I know Colonel Wilson since the Academy.
b) I have known Colonel Wilson since the Academy.
c) I am knowing Colonel Wilson since the Academy.
5. a) Sappers clear the area of mines all day.
b) Sappers are clearing the area of mines all day.
c) Sappers have been clearing the area of mines all day.

Task 3. Complete the sentences with the correct variant.

1. Look! Somebody has parked _____ my garage door and I can't get my car out.
a) opposite b) in front of c) behind
2. Private Smith always cuts his hair _____. It doesn't look great.
a) himself b) yourself c) oneself
3. The unit commander says that relationship _____ refugees and soldiers is good.
a) among b) between c) about
4. Calculations were much slower before the invention of _____.
a) a computer b) computer c) the computer

5. "To survive" means to stay alive in _____ dangerous situation.
a) a b) the c) -
6. The *Black Hawk* helicopter is manufactured in _____ USA, _____ Japan and _____ Korea.
a) the; the; the b) the; - ; - c) an; the; the
7. In my opinion, happiness is _____ than money.
a) most important b) the most important c) more important
8. He couldn't answer _____ of the questions they asked him.
a) any b) none c) no
9. What did you buy in the PX, Sam? - _____. I couldn't find _____ I wanted.
a) any; anything b) nothing; anything c) none; anything
10. Do you really think it'll be better if you go _____ a diet?
a) to b) on c) at

Task 4. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. A modern tank is very expensive. It cost a lot of money to produce it.
2. Lieutenant Edwards has joined the army three years ago.
3. The platoon arrived in the battle camp early in the morning.
4. The sentry checked the ID card of the major.
5. Private Jenkins was the first to finish the ten-mile endurance march. He is the fittest in the platoon.
6. We are late. Hurry up! - I only need few minutes to get ready.
7. I have to tell you something very important but not here. There are too much people around.
8. Captain Parker is back from Germany. - Is he? I am going to call him.
9. Private Scott's parents live near the Lake Ontario.
10. Would you like any coffee? – No, thanks. I never have coffee in the evening.

Task 5. Change the following sentences into reported speech.

1. "You must avoid alcohol and cigarettes for a month," the doctor said to him.
2. "Private Wilson, give me your rifle," ordered the sergeant.
3. "I've just seen a new company commander," said Lieutenant Walker.
4. "What are you doing on the parade square at this time, Private Smith?" asked Major Brown.
5. "Don't open fire unless your life is in immediate danger," the instructor said to the soldiers.
6. "The convoy will reach its destination at 2000 hours," said the commander.
7. "Do you like it here in England, Captain Esteban?" asked Captain Smith.
8. "The football match between A Company and B Company hasn't finished yet," said Paul.
9. "Where is the NATO School located?" asked Major Pulaski.
10. "Can I connect to the Internet using a PDA?" John asked a shop assistant.

British military surgeons operating in ____ (1) Afghanistan have been forced to ask for help from their American colleagues to cope with mounting ____ (2). Additional plastic surgeons, technicians and specialist nurses have been dispatched to the Army's main field hospital at Camp Bastion in Helmand province in response to the growing pressure on resources. Sixty-five British soldiers ____ (3) in Helmand last year. Almost ____ (4) number suffered serious injuries in the first six months of 2009. The increasing sophistication of roadside bombs is largely responsible. Camp Bastion also ____ (5) Afghan victims as well as soldiers from ____ (6) US and ____ (7) NATO countries.

- between inside about on in at**
since from behind

1. Paul, why don't you take some time off? You _____ too hard lately.
a) worked b) had been working c) have been working
2. Here's an interesting statistics: on a typical day the average person _____ about 48,000 words.
a) speaks b) is speaking c) spoke
3. - Hello! Jim? This is Alex. How are you?
- Alex? What a coincidence! I _____ about you when the phone rang.
a) thought b) was thinking c) am thinking

4. - Let's go! What's taking you so long?
 - I'll join you as soon as I _____ my keys.
 a) will find b) found c) find
5. Lieutenant Walker's eyes burned and his shoulders ached. He _____ at the computer four straight hours.
 a) was sitting b) had been sitting c) has been sitting
6. On July 20, 1969, an American astronaut Neil Armstrong _____ down on the moon.
 a) had stepped b) stepped c) was stepping
7. Major Atkins has a new car. He _____ it for a good price. He paid 30 percent less than the regular retail cost.
 a) was able to buy b) could buy c) might buy
8. Breaking news! Scientists _____ that there's life on the Mars.
 a) discovered b) has discovered c) have discovered
9. Karol, _____ to the course by train or by car?
 a) are you going b) will you go c) you go
10. When the soldiers _____ their uniforms they went to the parade square.
 a) cleaned b) had cleaned c) have cleaned

Task 4. Put the questions to the italicized words.

1. A bomb exploded in **the Plaza Shopping Centre** yesterday morning.
2. **A mines search operation** will start tomorrow at 0700 hours.
3. The Black Hawk helicopter weighs **11,780 pounds**.
4. Yuri Gagarin died in an accident in a new MIG-15 **in 1968**.
5. There is **a man or a woman** walking down the road to the camp.
6. The UN representative is talking to **a journalist** about the situation in the capital city.
7. During breaching speed is more important **because it is often done under enemy fire**.

Task 5. Which alternative is correct?

1. In Holland bicycles *are widely using/are widely used* in the city instead of public transport.
2. Private Johnson *was clearing/cleared* his weapon when the sergeant asked him to leave the room.
3. Would you mind *switching/to switch* air conditioning off?
4. Nobody enjoys *to go/going* to the dentist.
5. Major Briggs is usually so sad. It's the first time he *is laughing/has laughed*.
6. Sergeant Fox doesn't let the soldiers *take/to take* rifles without his permission.
7. I will inform you when we *will finish/finish* weapon training.
8. There's someone behind us. I think we *are followed/are being followed*.
9. The explosion *heard/was heard* five miles away.
10. The policeman asked us if we *have seen/had seen* the accident.

Sample Test 4

Task1. Read the text and fill in the gaps with the correct variant.

An experimental aircraft that draws its power from the sun is making a round-the-clock test flight. The aim is to assess whether the plane can fly in darkness, using solar cells on _____(1) wings to generate enough power to stay in the air _____(2) 24 hours.

The HB-SIA plane, which took _____(3) from Switzerland, has the weight of a family car but the wingspan of a big airliner.

The test flight was initially due to take place last week but was postponed because of a technical problem.

“For seven years now, the whole team _____(4) to achieve the first decisive step of the project,” said pilot Andre Borschberg as he entered the cockpit at an airfield in Payame, in _____(5) west of Switzerland.

He is to take the aircraft to an altitude of 27,900ft (8,500m) by late Wednesday, when the _____(6) stop being strong enough to supply the solar cells with energy.

“If this mission _____(7) successful, it will be _____(8) longest and highest flight ever made by a solar plane.”

- | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) his | b) it | c) its |
| 2. a) during | b) for | c) since |
| 3. a) of | b) off | c) up |
| 4. a) was working | b) had been working | c) has been working |
| 5. a) the | b) a | c) - |
| 6. a) sun rays | b) sun's rays | c) suns rays |
| 7. a) will be | b) is | c) be |
| 8. a) a | b) - | c) the |

Task 2. Read the dialogue and report the conversation.

Two officers are discussing where to billet their soldiers on arrival in a new town.

1. **A:** Where will we billet our men?

2. **B:** The old school is ideal because it has lots of space for everyone and it's off the main road, so it will be easy to get our trucks in.

3. **A:** I think it will be better to go for the cinema. There is a car park beyond with space for more trucks than in the school yard. It is nearer the rail depot and the town centre. That will make it easier to manage patrols and deliveries.

4. **B:** Perhaps you are right. I agree with you.

1. **A** asked where _____

2. **B** said that _____

3. **A** said that _____

4. **B** said _____

Task 3. Choose only five sentences on the right to complete the sentences on the left.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Lieutenant Briggs said that ... | a) if you will ignore your superior. |
| 2. The overall security situation in Kosovo ... | b) Major Edwards had served in Germany. |
| 3. Private Evans, you will be reprimanded next time... | c) improved much recently. |
| 4. Before he went to Iraq, ... | d) he has been learning Arabic for a year. |
| 5. United States and Royal Air Force ... | e) if you don't salute your superior. |
| | f) has improved considerably recently. |
| | g) attacked Iraqi installations from 10am to 11am on Friday, 16. |
| | h) he had been learning Arabic for a year. |
| | i) Major Edwards served in Germany. |
| | j) were attacking Iraqi installations from 10am to 11am on Friday, 16 |

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the appropriate pronouns.

- When did you water the plants? You should give _____ a little water every day.
- Help Private Allen to apply a clean dressing. He can't do it _____.
- I haven't seen my friend for ages. Now we call _____ almost every day.
- Last month four UN vehicles were involved in incidents on the roads because of bad weather conditions, fortunately with _____ loss of life.
- You can't be sure that she got the message until you told her _____.
- Is this your car? - No, it isn't my car. _____ is behind that one.
- Is there _____ I can do for you?
- During a room inspection the soldiers have to stand by _____ beds.
- A radio telegraphist is a signaller _____ is specially trained at sending and receiving signal messages.
- There are certain rules about treatment of prisoners of war _____ servicemen must follow.
- A soldier must be able to look after _____ properly. So he must learn the simple skills that help _____ to survive in the field.

Task 5. Choose the appropriate verb forms to complete the sentences.

- a) was answering b) haven't answered c) was answered d) to answer e) would answer
 f) will answer g) has answered h) is answering i) had answered j) have answered
 k) didn't answer l) has been answered m) answers n) answered

- Can I talk to Sergeant Ford? – Wait a minute, he _____ the soldiers' questions.
- Major Brown said that he _____ all questions after the briefing.
- I phoned you several times yesterday but nobody _____.
- I am waiting, Private Jones. You _____ my question.
- He is sure I _____ all questions in the test, but I am not sure at all.
- Colonel Shepherd repeated the question, but the lieutenant _____.
- He refused _____ the charges against him.

Sample Test 5

Task 1. Read the text and fill in the gaps with the appropriate variant.

David Franklin was riding his motorbike through _____ (1) Canadian mountains. It was a cool evening. He loved the quiet, lonely road and enjoyed _____ (2) along in the fresh air. "As I _____ (3) a sharp corner, the back tyre skidded. That's the last I remember," says David. David lost control of the bike and when he woke up, he was at the bottom of a hill. He _____ (4) and his left leg was broken. He knew he _____ (5) back to the road for help. Slowly, he began the painful crawl up the hill. He was in agony, but kept _____ (6). Eventually he reached the road. A passing car stopped _____ (7) him. David felt extremely relieved. He was exhausted, but he knew he was lucky to be alive.

- | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) a | b) - | c) the |
| 2. a) to speed | b) speeding | c) speed |
| 3. a) was turning | b) turned | c) turning |
| 4. a) bled | b) was bled | c) was bleeding |
| 5. a) must get | b) had to get | c) must to get |
| 6. a) to go | b) go | c) going |
| 7. a) helping | b) to help | c) help |

Task 2. Are the underlined words *right* (R) or *wrong* (W)? Correct them if they are wrong.

- Major Pulaski was in the NATO School last month, isn't he? _____
- This coffee tastes a little hot to me. _____
- I think this GPS is belonging to Major Brown. _____
- Has anyone seen the map I left on the table? _____
- It's the first time Lieutenant Evans is participating in a joint exercise. _____
- Another three years passed before we met again in Afghanistan. _____
- Do you know where the centre of the Earth is? _____
- I agree with you. Your argument is more convincing than my. _____
- I am going home on holiday. My parents haven't seen me from 2008. _____
- Did you fix these shelves yourself? I think they are going to fall. _____

Task 3. Choose the correct answer and fill in the gaps.

- Terrorism isn't just an American problem any more, _____?
a) isn't it b) doesn't it c) is it
- _____ you must not do is panic.
a) That b) What c) Which
- Major Evans was the only person _____ advice I asked for.
a) whose b) which c) whom
- Paul, what are we doing this weekend? – We _____ rent a car and go to the mountains.
a) must b) have to c) could
- It was a difficult text. I _____ look up a lot of words in the dictionary.
a) must to b) had to c) have to
- Lieutenant Walker said that he had never been _____ Iraq.
a) in b) to c) at
- Captain Edwards is a friend _____. I have known him since school.
a) of me b) of my c) of mine
- Amelia Earhart was _____ first woman to cross _____ Pacific on a solo flight.
a) a; the b) the; the c) - ; the
- _____ doctor can tell you exactly how long you are going to live.
a) no b) any c) every
- Private Baker is very secretive. He doesn't talk to _____ about his problems.
a) nobody b) somebody c) anybody

Task 4. Choose the correct sentence.

1. a) Lieutenant Walker arrived to Oberammergau two days ago.
b) Lieutenant Walker arrived in Oberammergau two days ago.
c) Lieutenant Walker arrived at Oberammergau two days ago.
2. a) Let me give you the advices though you don't like it.
b) Let me give you some advices though you don't like it.
c) Let me give you some advice though you don't like it.
3. a) Private Graham, have you put down everybody's names yet?
b) Private Graham, have you put down everybodys' names yet?
c) Private Graham, have you put down everybody names yet?
4. a) Don't even talk to me about that. I have a very little interest in his problems.
b) Don't even talk to me about that. I have very little interest in his problems.
c) Don't even talk to me about that. I have very few interest in his problems.
5. a) My friend has just arrived from Afghanistan. I haven't seen him from 2008.
b) My friend has just arrived from Afghanistan. I haven't seen him since 2008.
c) My friend has just arrived from Afghanistan. I haven't seen him after 2008.
6. a) Infantrymen must be able to operate by day and by night in some weather.
b) Infantrymen must be able to operate by day and by night in no weather.
c) Infantrymen must be able to operate by day and by night in any weather.
7. a) Military intelligence is a part of the army which collects information about the enemy.
b) Military intelligence is a part of the army which collect information about the enemy.
c) Military intelligence is a part of the army which is collecting information about the enemy.
8. a) If you do not take notes at the briefing you must forget important details.
b) If you do not take notes at the briefing you might forget important details.
c) If you do not take notes at the briefing you should forget important details.
9. a) Our forces will be moved from here to the assembly area with helicopter.
b) Our forces will be moved from here to the assembly area in helicopter.
c) Our forces will be moved from here to the assembly area by helicopter.
10. a) An armoured IFV WARRIOR can move at the speed of 75 km per hour.
b) An armoured IFV WARRIOR can move with the speed of 75 km per hour.
c) An armoured IFV WARRIOR can move in the speed of 75 km per hour.

Task 5. Read the text and choose the correct variant.

My name's Peter Jones and I *was/have been* (1) in *an/the* (2) Army *for/since* (3) three years. I serve in the Royal Logistics Corps. I walked into the careers centre while I *did/was doing* (4) my A-level and thought, "Do I really want to go to university and do an office job?" I'm a mountain biker at heart and love to be outdoors whenever possible, so I decided I *will look/would look* (5) for an outdoor lifestyle. I also wanted to go and do something exciting, see the world. The Army provided the ideal solution. In 2003 I attended bomb disposal training at a highly prestigious centre in the USA. After I completed the course, I was promoted *as/to* (6) corporal. I was also appointed as an ammunition technician – I carry out the inspection, repair and disposal of all ammunition, including guided missiles. I can also be employed on bomb disposal tasks for *either/both* (7) military and police authorities. I like having this sort of responsibility.

Sample Test 6

Task 1. Which alternative is correct?

A teenage soldier who risked his life to rescue his commanding officer *has become/became* (1) one of the *younger/youngest* (2) ever recipients of *the/ -* (3) Military Cross. Private Alex Kennedy, now 19, was in Helmand Province last June when his platoon was *ambushed/ ambushing* (4) by the Taliban, and his commander was shot. Despite the bullets raining down, Private Kennedy *has crawled/ crawled* (5) to the aid of the *injured/ injuring* (6) man, and then used his radio to direct fire towards *the/ a* (7) gunmen so that he could drag his comrade to safety. Then the rifleman insisted he was no *a/ -* (8) hero, and that he was just doing “the job he was trained to do”.

Task 2. Choose the most appropriate answer from the options (a, b, or c).

Nine people _____ (1) and more than 30 injured in a train crash in _____ (2) Italian Alps. The commuter train, which was en route from Castebello to Laces, _____ (3) through _____ (4) mountain valley close to _____ (5) winter resort of Merano _____ (6) it was struck by _____ (7) massive landslide. Crash investigators suspect that the slide was caused by a leaking water pipe high up on the mountainside, which sent a torrent of water, rocks and mud _____ (8) into _____ (9) valley beneath. The train was swept off the tracks, and the carriages _____ (10) into the Adige river if they _____ by trees on the water's edge.

- | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) have killed | b) killed | c) have been killed |
| 2. a) the | b) a | c) - |
| 3. a) is passing | b) passing | c) was passing |
| 4. a) the | b) a | c) - |
| 5. a) - | b) the | c) a |
| 6. a) when | b) while | c) because |
| 7. a) a | b) - | c) the |
| 8. a) was crashed | b) crashing | c) crashed |
| 9. a) - | b) a | c) the |
| 10. a) will plunge; aren't stopped | | |
| b) would plunged; were not stopped | | |
| c) would have plunged; hadn't been stopped | | |

Task 3. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

retired	both	according to	have warned	that	leading	called on
as many as	forcing	claimed				

Two former senior generals _____ (1) that the US military's ability to fight future wars is threatened by rising rates of obesity among the nation's youth. In an article for The Washington Post, _____ (2) former chairmen of the US Joint Chiefs of Staff _____ (3) that a quarter of young Americans are unfit for military service. The situation is so serious _____ (4) they, and 130 other _____ (5) military leaders, _____ (6) Congress to introduce new laws to govern child nutrition, _____ (7) education authorities to slash the amount of salt, sugar and fat in school meals. _____ (8) government statistics, _____ (9) one in three American children is clinically obese, _____ (10) medical experts to warn of an “epidemic”.

Task 4. Put the given verbs in the correct tenses.

create	break into	raid	leave	be	shoot	believe	live	note	tie up
--------	------------	------	-------	----	-------	---------	------	------	--------

Last month US special forces _____ (1) the home of one of Afghanistan's few women MPs and killed one of her relatives, on the hunt for a Taliban leader. MP for the eastern province of Nangarhar _____ (2) not at home when up to 100 US and Afghan troops _____ (3) her house after a tip-off that a Taliban supporter _____ (4) there. According to MP, her family members _____ (5) and abused during the raid, and her niece's husband, who _____ (6) that the house was being broken into by robbers, _____ (7) dead after picking up a shotgun in self-defence. "These actions are creating the distance that exists between the Afghan government and the people," said Siddiqi, who _____ (8) that the dead man _____ (9) five children: "The Americans _____ (10) five more enemies."

Task 5. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. I was moving up on the escalator when I was hearing a loud bang, a blast.
2. The bigger killer in the world is not terrorism or the drugs trade, but corruption.
3. Somali pirate attacks usually increase in the months between March and May because calmer seas allow the pirates to operate more free.
4. If you will get your feet wet, you'll catch cold.
5. At home children look after information on the computer in a more informal way.
6. It's hard arguing with figures.
7. The Rwanda is now stable, its economy is growing – and tourists are slowly returning.
8. A soldier in the next room weared earphones asked his officer how to spell the names.
9. Sergeant Milton is trying to give off smoking.
10. If we stopped now, leaving terror camps intact and terror states unchecked, our sense of security will be false and temporary.

Sample Test 7

Task 1. Which alternative is correct?

Smokers are not so clever

Non-smokers are *cleverer/ clever* (1) than smokers. It may seem obvious (though perhaps not to smokers), but when researchers in Israel compared the IQ of more *that/ than* (2) 20,000 men aged between 18 and 21 with their *smoked/ smoking* (3) habits, they noted an inverse correlation between brain power and nicotine addiction. Smokers had an IQ of 94 on average, *compared/ comparing* (4) with 101 for non-smokers. Those *which/ who* (5) smoked at least a packet of cigarettes a day had *an/ a* (6) average IQ of just 90. Prof Mark Weiser of Tel Aviv University, who led the research, said socioeconomic factors were not a major cause of the trend: it was more *that/ than* (7) intelligent people made *better/ gooder* (8) decisions regarding their health. "People with lower IQs are not only prone to addictions such as smoking," he told *The/ -* (9) Daily Telegraph. "These same people are more likely *to have/ having* (10) obesity, nutrition and narcotics issues."

Task 2. Choose the most appropriate answer from the options (a, b, or c).

The benefits of a big breakfast

"Breakfast like _____ king, lunch like _____ prince and dine like _____ (1) pauper." That's what they say, and it seems they may have a point, said ScienceDaily.com. In _____ (2) experiments on mice, researchers found that the kind of food the rodents _____ (3) in the morning had the effect of "programming" their metabolism for the rest of the day. They also found that if the mice _____ (4) with a high-fat meal, their metabolism burnt more calories. Consumption of a high-fat meal _____ (5) of the day, by contrast, led to increased weight and fat gain.

The researchers, from the University of Alabama at Birmingham, said their study was the first _____ (6) the question of whether the timing of _____ (7) you eat influences body weight. They now plan to _____ (8) whether their results hold true for humans. Health officials were _____ (9) to quash reports that the study proved that a full English was the perfect breakfast, pointing out that the high-fat diets the mice _____ (10) did not necessarily equate to a greasy fry-up for humans.

- | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) a, a, a | b) the, the, the | c) - , - , - |
| 2. a) recentness | b) recently | c) recent |
| 3. a) consume | b) was consumed | c) consumed |
| 4. a) started off | b) started for | c) started over |
| 5. a) in the end | b) at the end | c) to an end |
| 6. a) look up | b) look at | c) look after |
| 7. a) that | b) what | c) which |
| 8. a) find against | b) find for | c) find out |
| 9. a) quick | b) quickly | c) quickness |
| 10. a) was given | b) were given | c) gave |

Task 3. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

worse dubbed	more difficult was playing	is being forced have come up with	were being played	to understand
-----------------	-------------------------------	--------------------------------------	-------------------	---------------

Why mobile phones are annoying

One of the great irritations of modern life _____ (1) to listen to other people's mobile-phone conversations in public spaces. And now, says The Independent, researchers _____ (2) a scientific explanation for why it's so annoying: the brain automatically works twice as hard _____ (3) what's being said, making it _____ (4) to think about other things. Psychologists at Cornell University asked a group of volunteers to track moving dots on a screen while they _____ (5) recordings of both sides of a piece of dialogue, and then just one side, which they _____ (6) a "halfalogue". When the "halfalogue" _____ (7), the volunteers proved significantly _____ (8) at the dot-following exercise. The psychologists say their findings indicate that passengers in cars shouldn't use their mobiles, for fear of distracting the driver.

Task 4. Complete the text with the given words.

Increasingly although	killed	has survived	the	on	wearing	himself	sustained
--------------------------	--------	--------------	-----	----	---------	---------	-----------

Britain's ambassador to Yemen, Tim Torlot, _____ (1) an assassination attempt in the capital, Sana'a. Torlot was on his way back to the embassy from a morning meeting when a suicide bomber blew _____ (2) up close to his car. _____ (3) bomber, who was reportedly _____ (4) a school uniform and an explosives belt, was the only person _____ (5) in the attack, _____ (6) several security guards _____ (7) minor injuries. The attack was blamed _____ (8) al-Qa'eda, which is _____ (9) using Yemen as a base from which to launch terror operations.

Task 5. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. White phosphorus causes horrific burns and its use is illegal in builded-up areas.
2. In the North Caucasus suicide bombings by Islamist militants are increasing common - and police and local government officials are the usually target.
3. Nothing will go wrong if we checked everything twice.
4. Our soldiers, worked with the Bosnian Government, seized terrorists who were plotting to bomb our embassy.
5. While the user were reloading, the weapon was nearly useless, and an adversary might be able to take advantage of the situation and kill or wound the user.
6. Gunfights also broke down between police and demonstrators in the town of Daleh.
7. I tried estimate how far the town is, but it was difficult as the map was not very precise.
8. Ms Stang, who was 73 when she was killed, worked in the Amazon since 30 years to preserve the rainforest and protect the rights of rural workers against large-scale farmers wanted to take their land.
9. The offensive in Marjah is the bigger assault since the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan.
10. The Garand M1C sniper rifle become the standard issue sniper rifle in June of 1944, and served well and reliably in World War II, in Korea, and in the early days of Vietnam.

Sample Test 8

Task 1. Which alternative is correct?

Mobile phone test

The world's **biggest/ bigger** (1) study of the effects of mobile phones on human health **has launched/ has been launched** (2) in London. **The/ -** (3) research project, known as Cosmos, will involve around 250,000 mobile-users from five European countries, and will last between 20 and 30 years. The health impact of mobiles **has been tested/ tested** (4) time and again, and to date, no adverse effects **have been detected/ have detected** (5). **However/ And** (6), some scientists say these studies are insufficient, **as/ or** (7) they have not looked into the effects of long-term use. "We still cannot **rule out/ rely on** (8) the possibility that mobile phone use causes cancer. The balance of evidence suggests that it does not, **nor/ but** (9) we need to be sure," said Professor Lawrie Challis of the Mobile Telecommunications and Health Research programme. The research will **look into/look after** (10) the effect of mobile phones on everything from cancer to depression.

Task 2. Choose the most appropriate answer from the options (a, b, or c).

More than 100 people were killed and 350 wounded on Monday in the _____ (1) day of violence _____ (2) in Iraq this year. The day began with a series of drive-by shootings at checkpoints in Baghdad _____ (3) by police and army officers, killing seven. Later, _____ (4) 20 people were killed in three car-bomb attacks in the southern port of Basra; another dozen died in two suicide attacks in Suwayra, south of the capital; and four more lost their lives in the central city of Falluja. The _____ (5) incident occurred in nearby Hilla, where two car bombs _____ (6) outside a textile factory as workers _____ (7) to board buses to take them home. When the emergency services _____ (8) at the scene, a suicide bomber _____ (9) himself ____, inflicting _____ (10) casualties. At least 45 people were killed.

- | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) bloodest | b) the most bloody | c) bloodiest |
| 2. a) seen | b) saw | c) seeing |
| 3. a) manned | b) maned | c) was manned |
| 4. a) at least | b) last | c) at last |
| 5. a) worstest | b) worst | c) worster |
| 6. a) explode | b) exploded | c) exploding |
| 7. a) was queuing | b) queuing | c) were queuing |
| 8. a) were arrived | b) was arrived | c) arrived |
| 9. a) blowed up | b) blew up | c) was blowing up |
| 10. a) further | b) much | c) less |

Task 3. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

ourselves that lasting incredible showing encouraging than tired aimed finding

Television was the subject of two news stories last week, neither of them _____ (1). The first was research _____ (2) that Britons are watching more TV _____ (3) ever: the average person watches an _____ (4) four hours a day. The second was a report _____ (5) that exposure to hours of telly a day has a _____ (6) negative effect on toddler's educational development: by the age of 11, those children were still "more likely to be obese, inattentive and _____ (7)". Many other countries are alert to this problem and recommend _____ (8) no under-five watches more than an hour of telly a day. But in Britain, there is no attempt to limit the amount of TV children watch. On the contrary, we have CBeebies, a children's TV channel _____ (9) at the under-sixes that "exists not serve children, but to serve their parents"

by acting as a “stationary babysitter”. The sheer dominance of TV should worry us. Without our notice, or direct consent, television has “stripped us of the ability to entertain _____ (10), to relieve ourselves of boredom”.

Task 4. Complete the text with the given words.

practised	joint	stated	started	besieged	took part	concluded
combined	simulating	including				

Peace Mission 2005 was the first ever _____ (1) military exercise between China and Russia. The exercise _____ (2) on August 19, 2005, and consisted of _____ (3) land, sea, and air elements _____ (4) an intervention in a state _____ (5) by terrorists. It _____ (6) on August 25, 2005. The force _____ (7) air and naval blockades, an amphibious assault, and occupying a region. Approximately 8,000 Chinese troops _____ (8) along with 2,000 Russians troops.

The _____ (9) reason for the exercise was counter-terrorism, however many analysts agreed that the use of such heavy firepower, _____ (10) long range bombers, was not necessary.

Task 5. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. More high bridge in the world is located in the Himalyan mountains. It was built by the Indian Army, in 1982, and is about 5,600 metres above sea level.
2. The number of pupils at private schools has falled for the first time in five years as the recession forces parents to tighten their belts.
3. At the time of the economic crisis much people will have to face up to the loss of money.
4. In spite of his numerous problems he's always cheerfully.
5. The cyclist was captured on CCTV riding along Henry Hickman Close just moments before the attack took part.
6. Jerusalem was more Christian than Jewish when Umar ibn Al-Khattab arrived in 637 at the head of an invaded Muslim army.
7. Egypt's farmers are dependent on River Nile and its water.
8. How did you managed to get here so quickly?
9. The Wright brothers invented, build and flew the first airplane on December 7, 1903, at Kitty Hawk, North Carolina.
10. Save your pennies than buy the goods, you will not only appreciate the thing you've saved up for, but you will not have a debt either.

Sample Test 9

Task 1. Which alternative is correct?

Until/ While (1) his 94th birthday, Jim Perry *never set/ had never set* (2) foot in *the/ a* (3) plane. But that didn't stop the pensioner *piloted/ piloting* (4) his own aircraft *when/ if* (5) friends clubbed together to buy him a flying lesson. Perry, who is blind in one eye, was nervous before take-off, *but/ because* (6) there was no stopping him once he *took/ has taken* (7) the control of *the/ a* (8) plane. "I only flew for about ten minutes but you can go a long way in a plane in ten minutes," he said. "And I didn't just fly in *a/ -* (9) straight line, I dipped it to the left and dipped it to the right. I *flew/ had flown* (10) all the way along the Tyne Valley."

Task 2. Choose the most appropriate answer from the options (a, b, or c).

_____ (1) a Florida coast guard fished a camera in a waterproof case out of the sea, it had no name on it – _____ (2) he used the images to _____ (3) where it _____ (4) from. _____ (5) he uploaded some beach shots to a scuba website, and divers pointed him to _____ (6) Caribbean island of Aruba, 1000 miles away. _____ (7) , he posted some snaps onto _____ (8) Aruba website. A local recognised _____ (9) children in some of the photos, and contacted their father – the camera's owner. "I can't stop _____ (10) about it," said he. "It's really big news on the island."

- | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a) But | b) When | c) If |
| 2. a) so | b) because | c) after |
| 3. a) work for | b) work against | c) work out |
| 4. a) had floated | b) had been floated | c) had been floating |
| 5. a) Next | b) Then | c) First |
| 6. a) - | b) the | c) a |
| 7. a) Then | b) Also | c) Than |
| 8. a) the | b) an | c) a |
| 9. a) the | b) - | c) a |
| 10. a) to laugh | b) laugh | c) laughing |

Task 3. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

was horrified	began	would help	arrived	spoke	became	were left
was taking place	made	had fought				

The story of the Red Cross _____ (1) in 1859, during the Italian War of Independence, when a Swiss businessman called Henry Dunant _____ (2) in the village of Solferino in Italy as a big battle _____ (3) nearby. After the battle, Dunant _____ (4) to see that thousands of wounded soldiers _____ (5) without any kind of medical help. Dunant _____ (6) to the local people, however, and managed to get lots of them to help the wounded soldiers. He _____ (7) sure they followed the principle of neutrality by treating all the soldiers equally, regardless of which side they _____ (8) on. When he returned home, Dunant wanted to create a neutral organization that _____ (9) wounded soldiers on all sides during future wars. In 1863 he helped create the International Committee for the Relief of the Wounded, which later _____ (10) the Red Cross.

Task 4. Put the given verbs in the correct tenses, Active or Passive.

begin	call	carry out	die	not direct	evacuate	leave	organise
sanction	take place						

Exercise Tiger was the code name for a full-scale rehearsal in 1944 for the D-Day invasion of Normandy. In Devon, an area _____ (1) Slapton Sands was picked as a good practice area on account of the similarities with the Utah landing beach in Normandy.

Exercises for the landings _____ (2) in late 1943 with the main invasion scheduled for June 1944. About 3,000 people _____ (3) from the area. Some of them _____ (4) their villages before. Plenty of exercises _____ (5) and certainly one of the biggest was Operation Tiger with nearly 30,000 men involved.

Exercise Tiger _____ (6) in late April 1944. The first practice landings _____ (7) without any problems but during the exercise planned for the early hours of 28th April 1944, catastrophe hit. German E-Boats patrolling from Cherbourg intercepted a convoy of 8 LST (Landing ships). They aimed torpedoes at the LSTs and desperate men jumped into the frozen seas to get away the sinking boats. Numerous men _____ (8) how to put on their life jackets and drowned.

Additionally, the use of live ammo _____ (9) and more men were killed by friendly fire the moment they strayed into the wrong sections of the beaches. In total in excess of nine hundred men _____ (10) throughout Exercise Tiger.

Task 5. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. They will develop and deploy effective missile defences to protect America and their allies from suddenly attack.
2. Private Bergdahl vanished from his base, near the border with the Pakistan, just five months after arriving in Afghanistan.
3. But some fighters are reported to be still in a large number because government and UN troops are trying to hunt them down.
4. Crime in England and Wales felt by 7% in 2009, according to both police figures and the British Crime Survey.
5. Some 300,000 people have been killed in Darfur, according to the UN, and more than 2.6 million displaced for ethnic rebels took up arms in 2003.
6. The stupid neither forgive nor forget; the naïve forgive and forget; the wise forgive but not forget.
7. We're all disgusting at the way he treats his parents. He shows no respect.
8. Mr Lerounis had living among the Kalash since 2001. Sponsored by the Greek government, he managed a museum which highlighted the tribe's culture and Greek connections.
9. The navy is patrolling the coast of Africa to blocking the shipment of weapons and the establishment of terrorist camps in Somalia.
10. The RAF (Red Army Faction) broke down 10 years ago. It targeted bankers, businessmen, judges and US servicemen.

Sample Test 10

Task 1. Which alternative is correct?

In the week from 29 August to 5 September, the E-3A Component *participated/ had participated* (1) in Exercise Northern Viking 2008 at Keflavik International Airport, Iceland. *For/ Since* (2) 1951, the United States Air Force (USAAF) *had been guarding/ has been guarding* (3) the skies over Iceland, in the light of a defense agreement *signining/ signed* (4) by both countries. Exercise Northern Viking is also a part of this agreement, showing the Icelandic people *that/ what* (5) NATO is committed to assisting with the defense of Iceland and ensuring their *was continued/ continued* (6) peace and security.

More than 450 participants from the Alliance *took part/ taken part* (7) in Northern Viking exercise. The exercise *itself/ himself* (8) was a standard flying exercise with moderate tactical fighter operations, including air-to-air refueling operations, high value air asset and ship defense. The NATO E-3A played a key role in fulfilling all of those tasks. The sorties were *flied/ flown* (9) according to schedule and AWACS delivered a solid product throughout the exercise with *-/ a* (10) good result.

Task 2. Choose the most appropriate answer from the options (a, b, or c).

The Colombian military _____ (1) four men who _____ (2) captive in the jungle by the rebel group Farc _____ (3) nearly 12 years. Troops raided _____ (4) rebel camp in the southern province of Guaviare last weekend in a raid that took six months to plan, freeing three of men ____ (5). The fourth, Lieutenant Colonel William Donato, _____ (6) into the jungle when fighting began and hid for several hours _____ (7) he was persuaded that the soldiers _____ (8) for him were not rebels in disguise. The men – two senior policemen and two soldiers – _____ (9) in 1998. Farc is thought to be still holding up to 19 hostages. The rescue _____ (10) days before the second round of the presidential election.

- | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) have been freed | b) have been freeing | c) have freed |
| 2. a) had been held | b) had held | c) held |
| 3. a) for | b) since | c) while |
| 4. a) a | b) the | c) - |
| 5. a) immediately | b) suddenly | c) hardly |
| 6. a) were escaping | b) was escaping | c) escaped |
| 7. a) or | b) while | c) until |
| 8. a) searched | b) searching | c) was searching |
| 9. a) all captured | b) were all captured | c) was all captured |
| 10. a) came | b) was coming | c) would come |

Task 3. Choose the most appropriate answer from the box for each gap in the text.

woke up	took	leads	kept	spent	was sitting	had given	found
---------	------	-------	------	-------	-------------	-----------	-------

When Juliana _____ (1), she was still strapped to her plane seat. She had survived a plane crash that had killed everyone else on board. But Juliana _____ (2) on the ground in the middle of the Amazon rainforest. Alone. Juliana remembered advice her father _____ (3) her. Water runs down hills. Water _____ (4) to people. So Juliana headed downhill. She _____ (5) a stream and _____ (6) more than a week splashing her way downstream. She had to fight off clouds of mosquitoes, egg-laying flies, and clinging leeches. Juliana could hear planes above, searching for her, but she had no way to signal them. So she _____ (7) walking.

On the tenth day, Juliana found a hunter's hut. No one was there, but the hut had salt and kerosene in it. Juliana used the kerosene to kill worms that had infested her skin. The next day hunters arrived at the hut and _____ (8) Juliana back to civilization. She had survived for 11 days on her own in the Amazon wilderness.

Task 4. Put the verbs in the correct form, Active or Passive and complete the text.

hold	crack down	attack	say	include	alert	drive off
-------------	-------------------	---------------	------------	----------------	--------------	------------------

A cell of al-Qa'eda gunmen _____ (1) a Yemeni intelligence base in the south of the country last weekend, killing 11 people, _____ (2) three women and a child. Witnesses _____ (3) the militants opened fire with machine guns and rocket-propelled grenades, and _____ (4) with several prisoners who were being held at the facility in the southern city of Aden. Yemeni officials denied they _____ (5) any detainees at the facility, and claimed to have captured the leader of the cell the day after the attack. Western nations _____ (6) to the growing threat of al-Qa'eda in Yemen ever since a group based in the country claimed responsibility for the foiled Christmas Day plot to bring down a US airliner. Yemen's government says a recent truce with tribal leaders is helping them _____ (7) on the militants.

Task 5. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. The State with more high percentage of people who walk to work is Alaska.
2. The piracy issue in Somalia today is there so it's an ungoverned space.
3. The rebels say they have left the area last month to avoid civilian casualties.
4. Britons spend an average of 49 hours a year talked about the weather – or six months in a lifetime.
5. The number of British teenagers studying a modern language fell by a third since 2004.
6. The recent years have brought about revolutionary inventions, like mobile phones and notebooks, who have made our lives much easier.
7. The insurgents signed a preliminary peace deal and ceasefire with Khartoum in February, but than pulled out after accusing the government of acts of war.
8. It is easiest to forgive an enemy than to forgive a friend.
9. It was not difficult to spot Kevin in a crowd, with his red hair.
10. General Ghorri said troops made choices neither not to fire at the insurgents with civilians nearby or they have had to target and advance much more slowly in order to distinguish between militants and civilians as they go.

Appendix 1

Patterns of Irregular Verbs

1. Three principal parts are the same

hit -	hit -	hit	bid -	bid -	bid
quit -	quit -	quit	hurt -	hurt -	hurt
split -	split -	split	burst -	burst -	burst
bet -	bet -	bet	cost -	cost -	cost
let -	let -	let	shed -	shed -	shed
set -	set -	set	spread -	spread -	spread
put -	put -	put	cast -	cast -	cast
cut -	cut -	cut			
shut -	shut -	shut			

2. Last two principal parts are the same

have -	had -	had	sleep -	slept -	slept
make -	made -	made	keep -	kept -	kept
build -	built -	built	creep -	crept -	crept
bent -	bent -	bent	weep -	wept -	wept
spend -	spent -	spent			
send -	sent -	sent	think -	thought	thought
			teach -	taught -	taught
meet -	met -	met	buy -	bought -	bought
read -	read -	read	catch -	caught -	caught
bleed -	bled -	bled	fight -	fought -	fought
feed -	fed -	fed	seek -	sought -	sought
lead -	led -	led	mean -	meant -	meant
			leave -	left -	left
light -	lit -	lit	flee -	fled -	fled
slide -	slid -	slid			
sit -	sat -	sat	tell -	told -	told
shoot -	shot -	shot	sell -	sold -	sold
hold -	held -	held			
win -	won -	won	lose -	lost -	lost
shine -	shone -	Shone			
get -	got -	got			
			hear -	heard -	heard
find -	found -	found	understand	understood	understood
wind -	wound	wound			
bind -	bound -	bound			
dig -	dug -	dug			
stick -	stuck -	stuck			
strike -	struck -	struck			

3. Three principal parts differ

be -	was,were	been
go -	went -	gone
do -	did -	done
arise -	arose -	arisen
drive -	drove -	driven
fly -	flew -	flown
ride -	rode -	ridden
rise -	rose -	risen
sing -	sang -	sung
ring -	rang -	rung
drink -	drank -	drunk
swim -	swam -	swum
begin -	began -	begun
blow -	blew -	blown
know -	knew -	known
grow -	grew -	grown
throw -	threw -	thrown

run -	ran -	run
come -	came -	come
eat -	ate -	eaten
give -	gave -	given
see -	saw -	seen
draw -	drew -	drawn
break -	broke -	broken
speak -	spoke -	spoken
choose -	chose -	chosen
steal -	stole -	stolen
tear -	tore -	torn
wear -	wore -	worn
swear -	swore -	sworn
bear -	bore -	born
forget -	forgot -	forgotten

Appendix 2

Main Verb Forms

Present Simple	<p>I, you, we, they do He, she, it does</p> <p>China produces more than 90% of rare earth minerals, which are used to produce electronic items such as mobile phones.</p>
Present Continuous	<p>I am doing He, she, it is doing We, you, they are doing</p> <p>Australian officials are trying to contact a group of missing surfers.</p>
Present Perfect Simple	<p>I, you, we, they have done He, she, it has done</p> <p>Haiti has not seen a cholera outbreak for about half a century.</p>
Present Perfect Continuous	<p>I, you, we, they have been doing He, she, it has been doing</p> <p>The authorities have been pouring a mixture of clay and acid into the rivers.</p>
Past Simple	<p>I, he, she, it, we, you, they v + -ed or v²</p> <p>Up to last week nobody paid much attention to the fighting in north-west Pakistan.</p>
Past Continuous	<p>I, he, she was doing We, you, they were doing</p> <p>However, wind speed was weakening as the storm hit mountainous areas in the centre of the northern Philippines.</p>
Past Perfect Simple	<p>I, he, she, it, we, you, they had done</p> <p>One suicide bombing had demolished part of a village police station just a few hours before they passed through.</p>
Past Perfect Continuous	<p>I, he, she, it, we, you, they had been doing</p> <p>When he saw them, they had been running for nine miles – and we still had a mile to go.</p>
Future Simple	<p>I, he, she, it, we, you, they will do</p> <p>Probably they will never come back in full force.</p>
Future Continuous	<p>I, he, she, it, we, you, they will be doing</p> <p>They will be walking round the town.</p>
Future Perfect	<p>I, he, she, it, we, you, they will have done</p> <p>The respected and non-partisan Congressional Research Service estimates that the US will have spent almost \$802 bn on funding the war by the end of fiscal year 2011,</p>
Future Perfect Continuous	<p>I, he, she, it, we, you, they will have been doing</p> <p>At seven o'clock, he will have been doing his work for two hours!</p>

Appendix 3

Verb patterns

Verb +to infinitive

agree
choose
decide
expect
forget
help (or without to)
hope
manage
learn
need
offer
promise
refuse
seem
want
would like
would love
would prefer

Verb + somebody + to infinitive

advise
allow
ask
beg
encourage
expect
help
invite
need
order
remind
tell
want
warn (+ not)
would like
would love
would prefer
would hate

Verb + -ing

accuse (of)
admit
adore
avoid
can't help
consider
delay
deny
enjoy
fancy
hate
imagine
involve
like
look forward to
love
mind
miss
postpone
practise
prefer
prevent (sb from)
regret
risk
suggest
finish

Verb + -ing or to infinitive

(with no change in meaning)

begin
start
continue

(with a change in meaning)

remember
stop
try

Appendix 4

Adjectives with –ing and -ed

There are several adjectives in English which have 2 forms: an **–ed** form and an **–ing** form. The **–ing** form is used to describe **things**. These adjectives have an **active** meaning, describing someone that is **doing** something (**acting**) or something that is **causing** something to us. The **–ed** form is used to describe our **feelings** and they have a **passive** meaning.

-ing form

ageing
aggravating
alarming
amazing
amusing
annoying
astonishing
bewildering
boring
captivating
challenging
charming
comforting
confounding
confusing
convincing
decreasing
depressing
devastating
developing
disappointing
discouraging
disgusting
disheartening
dismaying
displeasing
distressing
disturbing
embarrassing
encouraging
entertaining
exasperating
exciting
exhausting
fascinating
fatiguing
frightening

- ed form

aged
aggravated
alarmed
amazed
amused
annoyed
astonished
bewildered
bored
captivated
challenged
charmed
comforted
confounded
confused
convinced
decreased
depressed
devastated
developed
disappointed
discouraged
disgusted
disheartened
dismayed
displeased
distressed
disturbed
embarrassed
encouraged
entertained
exasperated
excited
exhausted
fascinated
fatigued
frightened

-ing form

frustrating
fulfilling
gratifying
horrifying
increasing
inspiring
insulting
interesting
intriguing
irritating
mortifying
moving
mystifying
overwhelming
perplexing
perturbing
puzzling
relaxing
remaining
satisfying
sickening
shocking
surprising
tempting
terrifying
threatening
tiring
troubling
unnerving
unsettling
upsetting
vexing
welcoming
worrying

- ed form

frustrated
fulfilled
gratified
horrified
increased
inspired
insulted
interested
intrigued
irritated
mortified
moved
mystified
overwhelmed
perplexed
perturbed
puzzled
relaxed
remained
satisfied
sickened
shocked
surprised
tempted
terrified
threatened
tired
troubled
unnerved
unsettled
upset
vexed (vext)
welcomed
worried

KEYS TO THE EXERCISES

Present Simple and Present Continuous

Exercise 1

1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b 5. c 6. a 7. a 8. b 9. a 10. c

Exercise 2

1. are you looking 2. take 3. is cutting 4. is standing 5. wears

Exercise 3

1. W - aren't reading
2. W - are they laughing
3. W - always looks
4. R
5. R

Exercise 4

1. smells 2. am seeing 3. are having 4. tastes 5. is thinking of 6. is being 7. contains
8. Do (you) understand 9. belongs 10. have

Exercise 5

1. am feeling 2. think 3. gives; says 4. loves; talks 5. am not going; am coming
6. tastes

Present Perfect

Exercise 1

1. have left 2. Have (you) learned 3. haven't been 4. have fired 5. has taken

Exercise 2

1. d 2. j 3. h 4. b 5. g 6. a 7. i 8. e 9. c 10. f

Exercise 3

1. Have you ever traveled 2. have eaten 3. has been ill 4. did you buy; haven't seen
5. have forgotten 6. arrived 7. have never seen 8. did you get married

Exercise 4

1. has asked 2. have cooked 3. has happened 4. have forgotten 5. haven't seen
6. has never had

Exercise 5

1. **W** - haven't drunk
2. **R**
3. **W** - have (you) visited
4. **W** - have known
5. **R**
6. **W** - have (you) shaved off
7. **R**

Exercise 6

1. has fallen
2. have selected
3. has happened
4. have ridden; have driven
5. has stolen

Present Continuous, Present Perfect and Present Perfect Continuous**Exercise 1**

1. have been running
2. has been learning
3. has been smoking
4. is waiting
5. is speaking

Exercise 2

1. **R**
2. **W** - has been working *or* has worked
3. **W** - have you been writing
4. **R**
5. **R**

Exercise 3

1. c
2. b
3. a
4. a
5. b

Exercise 4

1. have known
2. has had
3. have been driving
4. has had
5. have (you) been waiting
6. haven't been
7. has been sitting
8. has already begun

Exercise 5

1. have been telling
2. is getting
3. have been eating
4. is polishing
5. have returned
6. Have (you) ever seen
7. is playing; are losing
8. have never had
9. have been grumbling
10. are (Henry and Dieter) talking; are discussing

Exercise 6

1. am looking
2. have been doing *or* have done
3. has been shopping; hasn't bought; has been fishing; hasn't caught
4. have been watching
5. is marching
6. has been
7. is shouting; are not shining

Past Simple**Exercise 1**

1. died 2. left 3. spent 4. bought 5. went 6. stayed 7. listened 8. lent
9. kept 10. lost

Exercise 2

1. - How did it rain during the night?
 - When did it rain heavily?
 - It didn't rain heavily during the night.
2. - What did prisoners of war build in 1942?
 - When did prisoners of war build this bridge?
 - Prisoners of war didn't build this bridge in 1944.
3. - How did Private White feel (when he went into major's office)?
 - When did Private White feel very nervous?
 - Private White didn't feel very nervous when he went into major's office.
4. - What did we leave early in the morning?
 - When did we leave the camp?
 - We didn't leave the camp early in the morning.
5. - How did Captain Hawkins use to go to work?
 - Where did Captain Hawkins use to go by bus?
 - Captain Hawkins didn't use to go to work by bus.
6. - When did the nuclear submarine USS Triton complete the first underwater circumnavigation of the Earth?
 - What did the nuclear submarine USS Triton complete 50 years ago?
 - On May 10th 1960 the nuclear submarine USS Triton didn't complete the second underwater circumnavigation of the Earth.
7. - What did the attacker detonate in a waiting room at the Civil Hospital?
 - Where did the attacker detonate a bomb?
 - The attacker didn't detonate a bomb in a ward at the Civil Hospital.
8. - Who practised convoy drills, search and rescue tasks, amphibious operations and beach landings?
 - What did the troops practise?
 - The troops didn't practise map reading.

9. - When did 200 workers at a warehouse in Copenhagen go on strike for five days in protest?
 - Who went on strike for five days in protest?
 - Last week 200 workers at a warehouse in Copenhagen didn't go on strike for a month in protest.

10. - Who did A United Nations bodyguard save?/ Who saved 17 colleagues by holding back Taliban fighters who stormed a guesthouse?
 - How did a United Nations bodyguard save 17 colleagues?
 - A United Nations bodyguard didn't save 17 colleagues by holding back Taliban fighters who stormed a guesthouse.

Exercise 3

1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b 5. a 6. b 7. c 8. c 9. a 10. b

Exercise 4

- Sappers cleared the area of land mines.
- The police officer didn't give the man a ticket.
- The recruits continuously asked questions in class this morning. *or* This morning the recruits continuously asked questions in class.
- We stayed at home last Sunday. *or* Last Sunday we stayed at home.
- I borrowed a book from the library this morning. *or* This morning I borrowed a book from the library.
- Large military forces launched a campaign this morning to retake a building.
- The ceasefire agreement came into effect at 11am.
- The first NATO airlifts began on 1 July 2005.
- The dishwasher didn't become widespread as a labor-saving machine until the 1960s.
- Nobel invented many powerful and relatively safe explosives and explosive devices.

Exercise 5

1. had 2. drove 3. waved 4. said 5. replied 6. learnt

Exercise 6

1. spoke 2. conducted 3. terrified 4. showed 5. served 6. took
 7. didn't write 8. gathered 9. stared 10. didn't exist

Past Simple and Present Perfect

Exercise 1

1. came 2. have doubled 3. conducted 4. has been reorganized 5. have worked
 6. has borrowed; started 7. has relied 8. served 9. held 10. bought

Exercise 2

1. took place 2. crashed; ejected 3. has changed 4. have trained 5. supplied 6. invented
 7. lost 8. tried 9. have taken part 10. took part

Exercise 3

1. done 2. decided 3. asked 4. used
5. have you dealt with
6. recaptured 7. have fled
8. What did the protesters shout their support for?
9. has lost 10. sank

Exercise 4

1. b 2. b 3. c 4. c 5. a 6. b 7. a 8. c 9. b 10. a

Exercise 5

1. has bought 2. has begun 3. was 4. flew 5. has flown 6. landed 7. landed
8. has (just) refused 9. wanted 10. did not take

Past Simple and Past Continuous**Exercise 1**

1. were crossing
2. were sailing; vanished
3. did not attempt; opened
4. came; stayed
5. was riding; was smoking; blew up
6. attacked; was walking
7. were walking; stood
8. left; was shining
9. was falling; took off
10. cut; was shaving

Exercise 2

1. were speeding
2. derailed and smashed
3. was carrying; was repelled
4. halted; were illegally crossing
5. ambushed; were getting
6. defused; was serving
7. ordered
8. operated; ordered
9. were travelling; stopped
10. was moving up; heard

Exercise 3

1. was driving
2. were you
3. made
4. Who were the police still looking for?
5. joined
6. break
7. were

8. Where did the explosion take place?

9. fired

10. was waiting

Exercise 4

1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c 5. b 6. a 7. c 8. b 9. b 10. c

Exercise 5

1. dragged 2. changed 3. marched 4. were blazing 5. were running

6. stopped 7. saluted 8. felt 9. knocked 10. drove off

Past Simple, Past Perfect and Past Perfect Continuous

Exercise 1

1. c 2. a 3. a 4. b 5. b 6. c 7. b 8. a 9. a 10. c

Exercise 2

1. lived

2. had lived

3. had abandoned

4. had been smoking; had never had

5. died; had gone

6. mistook

7. hiked

8. had opened

9. had been hiking

10. had already started

Exercise 3

1. made 2. had 3. had met 4. had been waiting 5. had lost/ lost 6. had been raining

7. began 8. escaped 9. became 10. had finished

Exercise 4

1. had been fighting 2. had covered 3. rose up 4. threatened 5. ordered

6. had been planting 7. began 8. had been growing 9. had begun

Present Tenses for Future

Exercise 1

1. starts; are 2. are (we) having 3. is spending 4. are having; does (it) start

5. Are (you) coming; am leaving 6. does (the train) arrive

Exercise 2

1. is going to fall 2. is going to have 3. am going to congratulate 4. is going to snow

5. is going to return 6. are going to stay

Exercise 3

1. start 2. are you doing 3. it's going to rain 4. are you seeing 5. is flying; leaves 6. have

Exercise 4

1. is going to rain 2. are (you) going to marry 3. are (you) going to give

Future Simple**Exercise 1**

1. will 2. will 3. are going to 4. will 5. are going to
6. will 7. will 8. am going to 9. will 10. am going to

Exercise 2

1. will give 2. will call 3. am going 4. will open 5. is going to wash

Exercise 3

1. **W** - is going to stop
2. **W** - will crash
3. **W** - is playing
4. **R**
5. **W** - arrives

Exercise 4

1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a 5. b

Exercise 5

1. will win; if 2. when (you) retire 3. If; will not respect 4. if (they) follow
5. When (he) comes

Exercise 6

1. will have; will give 2. will shoot 3. is; will blow

Future Continuous and Future Perfect**Exercise 1**

1. will happen 2. will be working 3. will have settled 4. will finish 5. will be; will be training
6. will find

Exercise 2

1. will have been married 2. will have gone 3. will be demonstrating 4. will have stopped
5. will be learning 6. will be waiting

Exercise 3

1. **R**
2. **W** - will have prepared
3. **R**
4. **W** - will (you) be doing
5. **W** - will be swimming

Exercise 4

1. will have become extinct
2. will be living; will have become
3. will have stopped dying; will have found
4. will be using
5. will be doing; will be doing
6. will have increased; will have been
7. will be going; will have improved
8. will be setting up

Future Tenses-in-the Past**Exercise 1**

1. would be
2. would come
3. would keep
4. would recover
5. would win

Exercise 2

1. would be doing
2. would be discussing
3. would be preparing
4. would be checking
5. would be doing

Exercise 3

1. would have painted
2. would have been married
3. would have repaired
4. would have done
5. would have reached

Exercise 4

1. would see
2. would have passed
3. would get
4. would be walking
5. would have returned
6. would be practising

Exercise 5

1. would pay
2. would recommend

Passive**Exercise 1**

1. is prohibited
2. should be carried; should be worn; is not allowed; will be organised
3. are allowed
4. are held
5. was met
6. was promoted
7. was being used
8. has been repaired
9. had been given
10. will be put out

Exercise 2

1. Watch out! The fence **is being painted**.
2. These plants **should be watered** three times a week.
3. Servicemen **are prohibited** to smoke inside the building.
4. Soldiers **will be taken** to the War Museum on Saturday.
5. Most part of the Earth **is covered** with water.
6. Ball-point pens **were invented** by Lazlo Biro.

Exercise 3

1. **R**
2. **W** - was being carried
3. **W** - will be republished
4. **W** - was damaged
5. **R**
6. **W** - is being repaired

Exercise 4

1. d 2. e 3. a 4. b 5. f 6. c

Exercise 5

1. was caught
2. has been robbed; have been taken
3. have not been carried out; was stolen
4. are surrounded; is not surrounded

Reported Speech**Exercise 1**

1. He told his wife that he would phone her the next day.
2. He asked me if I had seen Lieutenant Walker.
3. The section commander said that the nearest village was two miles to the left.
4. Michael said that he couldn't come to the party because he was working that evening.
5. Major Brown said that all men had practised survival skills and had improved their fitness at the battle camp.

Exercise 2

1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c 5. a 6. c

Exercise 3

1. **R**
2. **W** - was going
3. **W** - had listened
4. **R**
5. **R**
6. **W** - didn't have

Exercise 4

1. said 2. told 3. said 4. told 5. said

Exercise 5

1. He said that four soldiers and eight local youths had been involved (*or* were involved).
2. He said that the soldiers had come (*or* came) and had started (*or* started) drinking.
3. He said that then those guys had come (*or* came) in with some girls.
4. He said that one of the soldiers had started (*or* started) flirting with one of the girls.
5. He said local youths had begun (*or* began) to fight.
6. He said his whole bar had been destroyed (*or* was destroyed).
7. He said tables had been broken (*or* were broken), mirrors had been smashed (*or* were smashed) and the front door had been ripped off (*or* was ripped off).
8. He said he didn't know how he was going to repair all that.
9. He said he had called (*or* called) the police.
10. He said they had arrested (*or* arrested) two soldiers and two local youths.

Modal Verbs**Exercise 1**

1. will be able to 2. managed to 3. can 4. could; was able to 5. can 6. couldn't have left
7. could 8. could 9. could have phoned 10. couldn't say

Exercise 2

1. may/might miss 2. may/might have been 3. may/might have taken 4. may/might fail
5. may/might be having 6. may/might be 7. may/might be doing 8. may/might be offended
9. may/might bump 10. may/might have happened

Exercise 3

1. must 2. don't have to 3. have to 4. must be looking 5. must 6. don't have to
7. needn't 8. have to 9. must have passed 10. had to

Exercise 4

1. should take 2. must report 3. should be 4. must salute 5. should have stopped
6. should drive 7. should not give up 8. should try 9. must have retired
10. should have been

Exercise 5

1. must 2. could 3. should 4. will be able to 5. should 6. should 7. must not
8. don't have to 9. must 10. had to 11. shouldn't 12. might

Exercise 6

1. had to 2. cannot 3. can't 4. didn't have to do 5. had to; could

Conditionals**Exercise 1**

1. h 2. e 3. a 4. g 5. f 6. j 7. c 8. d 9. i 10. b

Exercise 2

1. were granted; would be
2. installed; would be saved
3. had left; would have been
4. had; could buy
5. would have passed; had studied
6. would have called; hadn't been
7. had; would buy
8. had; would jump out of
9. were/ was confirmed; would be
10. wouldn't trust; were

Exercise 3

- | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------|--------------|
| 1. correct | 2. don't | 3. is busy | 4. exercised | 5. wins | 6. will lend |
| 7. want | 8. will get | 9. break down | 10. would run | | |

Exercise 4

1. a 2. c 3. c 4. b 5. a 6. b 7. b 8. a 9. b 10. c

Exercise 5

- | | | | | | |
|---------|----------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|
| 1. asks | 2. rains | 3. will say | 4. doesn't rain | 5. shines | 6. will forget |
|---------|----------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|

Verb Patterns**Exercise 1**

- | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------------|
| 1. to rely | 2. to cut; to refrain; not to use | 3. making | 4. to know | 5. paying |
| 6. to give | 7. to rule | 8. rubbing | 9. varying | 10. to eliminate |

Exercise 2

1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a 5. a 6. c 7. b 8. b 9. c 10. a

Exercise 3

1. managed to overcome
2. can't imagine working
3. like listening or like to listen
4. decided not to drive
5. prefer to do
6. started filming or started to film
7. wants to buy
8. was accused of collaborating
9. love strolling or love to stroll
10. promise to create

Exercise 4

1. to explain 2. putting 3. messing 4. to get 5. to prove 6. repairing 7. to make
8. asking 9. to inform 10. passing

Exercise 5

1. exchanging 2. having 3. sending 4. preferred 5. being able to
6. speaking 7. offering 8. unlimited 9. carried out/ done 10. done /carried out

Participle**Exercise 1**

1. inventing 2. allowing 3. looking 4. carrying 5. triggering 6. trying 7. capturing
8. training 9. carving 10. trying

Exercise 2

1. left 2. happened 3. spent 4. designed 5. known 6. formed 7. approved 8. shown
9. equipped 10. embarrassed

Exercise 3

1. founded 2. overlooking 3. marking 4. carried out 5. postponed 6. recorded
7. wearing 8. injured 9. working 10. involved

Exercise 4

1. Carrying about five tonnes of equipment, they had to negotiate vertical drops and freezing torrents of water.
2. Wishing to see as much as possible of the town, we hired a car.
3. I was watching big men doing an obstacle course.
4. You'll run the obstacle course carrying the M16A2 Rifle.
5. Don't apply any form of heat for at least 72 hours, as it increases blood flow to the area, worsening the bruising.
6. On average every two days they receive one new information on an incident involving theft or smuggling of nuclear material
7. Having lost control of his car on an icy road, the driver hit a tree.
8. In early 2009, Israel invaded Gaza planning to finish Hamas off altogether.
9. Drug smuggling is also growing, moving cocaine from South America to Europe.
10. Feeling unwell, Len decided to stay away from classes for a few days.

Exercise 5

1. providing 2. located 3. recovering 4. Based 5. shouting 6. carried out
7. demonstrating 8. wearing 9. knowing 10. standing

Question. Question Tags**Exercise 1**

1. Are British Forces deployed in more than 80 countries?
2. Did he join the army when he was 19?
3. Will we join the humanitarian trucks at the petrol station?
4. Does every day start with the commander's briefing at 0800 hours?
5. Has Captain Esteban just arrived from Madrid?

Exercise 2

1. Who talked about the accident?
2. What language do people in Chile speak?
3. How much does the tank weigh?
4. Where do the men carry out the live-firing?
5. Why is Private Allen covering his hand with a dressing?

Exercise 3

1. Does a brigade consist of three or four battalions?
2. Did he serve abroad for three or five years?
3. Is the Brigade Headquarters in a camouflaged position in a wood or in the village?
4. Will the recruits get to the exercise area on foot or by APC?
5. Do soldiers demonstrate patrolling skills by night or by day?

Exercise 4

1. Do you get up early?
2. What time does your working day usually begin?
3. When did the accident happen?
4. How often do you go on holiday?
5. How long have you been married?

Exercise 5

1. **W** - Where were you at 7 o'clock yesterday?
2. **W** - Who knows French in your platoon?
3. **R**
4. **W** - How far does he live from the garrison?
5. **R**

Exercise 6

1. aren't you? 2. won't it? 3. aren't they? 4. does he? 5. will you? 6. didn't he?

Exercise 7

1. b 2. b 3. c 4. b 5. a 6. b 7. c

Exercise 8

1. do you want; is; do you want; are you; is it 2. won't you 3. aren't they? 4. do you?
5. wouldn't you?

Noun. Plural Nouns. Possessive Case**Exercise 1**

1. charges 2. platoons 3. answers; questions 4. companies 5. classes 6. knives
7. marches 8. heroes; lives 9. devils; witches; ghosts 10. Chiefs

Exercise 2

1. riflemen 2. fish 3. children 4. feet 5. mice

Exercise 3

1. want 2. good advice 3. are 4. is 5. is 6. was

Exercise 4

1. The roof of the mess hall 2. Major Connors's new car 3. the title of the film
4. soldiers' results 5. the meaning of this word 6. Barry's phone number 7. The leg of the chair
8. a month's holiday 9. the influence of television 10. America's influence

Exercise 5

1. book shop 2. chocolate cake 3. baby's toy 4. wine bottle 5. train timetable 6. horse's tail
7. bus station 8. instructor's office 9. football club 10. computer discs 11. telephone box
12. bath towel 13. newspaper's editor

Exercise 6

1. gases; names; experts; casualties; agents 2. men; guns; fingerprints; handkerchiefs
3. pouches; helmets; knives

Exercise 7

1. my wife's letter 2. the recruit's first turn 3. the sergeant's head; A moment's silence
4. Private Smith's rifle

Article**Exercise 1**

1. a; an; a 2. an 3. a 4. a; a 5. a 6. a 7. an 8. an 9. a; a; a 10. an

Exercise 2

1. The; a 2. A; the; the 3. The; the 4. The; the; a 5. -; - 6. the; the; a 7. the; the
8. The; the; the; - 9. The; -; the 10. The; -; -

Exercise 3

1. an 2. - 3. - 4. - 5. - 6. The 7. -; - 8. - 9. The 10. - 11. -
12. a 13. a 14. the 15. -; the

Exercise 4

1. b 2. a 3. a 4. b 5. c 6. a 7. c 8. a 9. b 10. b

Exercise 5

1. His first stop was at Old Providence, to **the** north of Panama.
2. There was widespread looting and gunfire during the night in **the** capital.
3. The source of **the** Nile River is in Rwanda; it begins there.
4. Leadership is essential to **a** successful officer.

5. The quiet student was very nervous when he gave **his** first speech.
6. Police found seven hunting rifles, **a** handgun, two bombs and a cache of bullets in the house.
7. Torrential downpours that began **on Monday afternoon** set off dozens of landslides.
8. **The** biggest losses of forest occurred in Brazil, Indonesia and Australia.
9. **The** room with all its useful electronic devices is very convenient.
10. The shelling started in **the** afternoon when Islamist fighters fired mortars at the presidential palace and airport.

Exercise 6

1. The 2. the 3. a 4. - 5. the 6. - 7. The 8. a 9. - 10. - 11. -
12. The 13. a 14. the 15. the 16. - 17. The 18. the

Adjective. Adverb

Exercise 1

1. of 2. at 3. with 4. to 5. of 6. for 7. for 8. to 9. of 10. with

Exercise 2

1. more densely populated; hotter
2. fatter
3. more difficult
4. better
5. larger
6. faster
7. stronger; more resistant; tastier
8. father
9. longer; wider; lighter
10. taller; lower

Exercise 3

1. largest
2. most powerful
3. saltiest
4. most important
5. biggest
6. oldest
7. wisest
8. worst
9. smallest; most radical
10. most dangerous

Exercise 4

1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b 5. b 6. a 7. c 8. b 9. c 10. c

Exercise 5

1. developed 2. developing 3. fascinating 4. fascinated 5. tired 6. tiring
7. exhausted 8. exhausting 9. excited 10. exciting

Exercise 6

1. polite 2. politely 3. carefully 4. careful 5. bad 6. badly 7. fully 8. full 9. well
 10. good 11. suddenly 12. sudden 13. normal 14. normally 15. quickly 16. quick
 17. frequent 18. frequently 19. illegally 20. illegal

Exercise 7

1. more challenging 2. higher 3. longer 4. the most difficult 5. The more 6. the better

Pronoun**Exercise 1**

1. He 2. it 3. she 4. it 5. him 6. them 7. They 8. me; it 9. you; us 10. He

Exercise 2

1. your 2. My 3. its 4. their 5. your; mine 6. his 7. ours 8. his; their 9. your 10. yours

Exercise 3

1. Those 2. these 3. this 4. This; those; this; that 5. such a 6. this; the same 7. such
 8. such a 9. the same 10. such a

Exercise 4

1. each other 2. yourself 3. himself 4. itself 5. myself 6. each other 7. - 8. each other
 9. themselves 10. ourselves

Exercise 5

1. some 2. some; any 3. anything 4. something 5. somebody; anybody 6. some
 7. anything 8. any 9. some; any 10. something

Exercise 6

1. anybody 2. nothing 3. anything 4. none 5. no 6. nobody 7. no 8. something
 9. nobody 10. any

Exercise 7

1. What 2. Who 3. Whose 4. Who 5. What 6. Which 7. What 8. Whom
 9. What 10. Whose

Exercise 8

1. whose 2. who 3. who 4. what; that 5. which *or* that 6. that *or* which 7. whose
 8. that *or* which 9. what 10. who

Exercise 9

1. All 2. Both 3. Each 4. all 5. other 6. both; every 7. everybody 8. everything
 9. another 10. either; all 11. another

Exercise 10

1. a lot of *or* many 2. many 3. Few 4. a few 5. a little 6. much 7. little 8. a few
9. many 10. a lot of *or* many

Exercise 11

1. nothing 2. his; him; such a; myself 3. his; our; their; they; them 4. its; us
5. My; myself 6. Why; What; himself; what 7. your 8. them; its; other; such a
9. many; these 10. me; somebody 11. a lot of

Preposition**Exercise 1**

1. at; at 2. at; on; during 3. in 4. for 5. until 6. by 7. at

Exercise 2

1. inside 2. on 3. at 4. between 5. among 6. in front of 7. outside

Exercise 3

1. along 2. to; through 3. at 4. across 5. past 6. through 7. to; to

Exercise 4

1. at; by 2. at; on; on 3. in; to; on; on 4. in; by 5. on 6. on 7. to

Exercise 5

1. **W** - by
2. **W** - on
3. **W** - since
4. **R**
5. **R**
6. **W** - on
7. **W** - on

Exercise 6

1. on 2. at the front; in the centre; at the back 3. between 4. among 5. on your left
6. at the moment; in a few minutes 7. in it

Exercise 7

1. on 2. into 3. at 4. for 5. of 6. to 7. about 8. with 9. for 10. of

Exercise 8

1. at; in; along; across 2. in 3. across; at; at; out of; at; across; for 4. up; on

Conjunction. Linking words

Exercise 1

1. either...or 2. while 3. but 4. and 5. both...and 6. not only...but 7. as well as
8. neither...nor 9. whereas 10. so

Exercise 2

1. when 2. because 3. since 4. how 5. than 6. if 7. after 8. Although 9. before
10. though

Exercise 3

1. Until 2. because 3. that 4. so 5. but 6. either... or 7. Although 8. when
9. after 10. However

Exercise 4

1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. a 6. a 7. c 8. a 9. c 10. b

Exercise 5

1. because 2. so 3. until 4. and 5. although 6. but 7. however 8. Although
9. As/ When/ If 10. after

Exercise 6

1. Did you see anyone else **while** you were working in the park?
2. A standard 3-9X variable scope extends its effective range to well beyond 700 yards, **and** match-grade ammunition ensures consistent hits even at extended ranges.
3. **Although** its 2.5 power scope limited its range to around 500 yards, it is nevertheless a powerful, rugged, and thoroughly reliable rifle.
4. Light arms are often especially baneful **because** they are cheap, easy to transport and can be handled by ill-trained rebel soldiers and even children.
5. It said 30 soldiers were being held in Afghanistan and 10 in Pakistan **after** the checkpoint was overrun.
6. The M91/30 Mosin-Nagant is a reliable, accurate rifle **which** some German snipers in Russia preferred to their own Mauser sniper rifle.
7. What progress has been made in Kosovo **since** it declared independence in 2009?
8. Loading a cylinder was a slow and awkward process, **so** soldiers in the field often carried multiple revolvers.
9. The couple were taken hostage **when** armed Somali pirates boarded their yacht, the Lynn Rival, in the early hours of 23 October last year **as** they sailed from the Seychelles towards Tanzania.
10. Stryker is a family of eight-wheeled armored vehicles **that** combine high battlefield mobility, firepower, survivability, and versatility with reduced logistics requirements.

Exercise 7

- 7.1. first
- 7.2. next/ then
- 7.3. then/ next
- 7.4. finally

Exercise 8

1. but 2. as...as 3. that 4. if 5. and 6. however 7. though 8. than 9. and

Phrasal Verbs**Exercise 1**

1. give 2. set 3. catch 4. wake 5. speak 6. stood 7. dressed 8. look
9. makes

Exercise 2

1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c 5. a 6. b 7. a 8. c 9. b 10. a

Exercise 3

1. break off 2. break out 3. ran into 4. took in 5. has called off 6. broke into
7. carrying out 8. went off 9. run out of 10. get over

Exercise 4

1. look forward 2. put out 3. broke out 4. went out 5. ran over 6. Come over
7. had been looking for 8. put off 9. went off 10. carry out

Exercise 5

1. named 2. take 3. brought 4. live 5. dropping 6. become 7. ended
8. ended 9. carried

KEYS TO MISCELLANEOUS

1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c 5. a 6. c 7. c 8. b 9. c 10. b 11. c 12. a 13. b 14. b
15. a 16. b 17. c 18. b 19. a 20. b 21. c 22. c 23. b 24. c 25. a 26. c
27. a 28. b 29. c 30. b 31. a 32. b 33. c 34. c 35. b 36. b 37. a 38. b
39. c 40. a 41. a 42. b 43. b 44. c 45. b 46. c 47. b 48. a 49. c 50. b
51. c 52. a 53. b 54. c 55. c 56. a 57. b 58. a 59. c 60. c 61. a 62. b
63. a 64. c 65. b 66. a 67. a 68. c 69. a 70. a 71. b 72. c 73. a 74. a
75. a 76. b 77. c 78. b 79. c 80. a 81. c 82. c 83. b 84. b 85. b 86. a
87. b 88. c 89. b 90. a 91. a 92. c 93. a 94. c 95. c 96. c 97. b 98. b
99. c 100. a

KEYS TO ENJOY YOUR ENGLISH

1. Past form of the verbs

W	I	S	E	N	T	H	R	E	W
G	R	I	P	O	H	E	V	E	R
R	A	N	U	T	O	E	L	T	O
E	E	L	T	C	U	B	E	M	N
W	B	R	A	K	G	A	V	E	G
T	Y	P	E	X	H	O	L	D	M
T	O	E	C	U	T	I	T	A	
B	R	O	K	E	H	E	A	R	D
C	A	S	K	F	O	U	N	D	E
C	A	R	K	E	P	T	A	D	Y

2. Past form of the verbs

B	R	O	U	T	H	U	N	G	T
C	L	A	W	R	E	A	D	H	A
A	S	F	E	L	L	T	G	O	R
U	O	I	N	O	D	U	U	C	W
G	L	S	T	O	O	D	S	A	I
H	D	W	O	R	E	A	S	M	N
T	R	I	B	E	D	I	D	E	T
B	R	O	U	G	H	T	U	F	T
G	O	O	D	D	A	L	E	F	T
B	Y	E	C	A	R	R	I	E	D

3. Infinitive and past tense

Across

1. sang
2. build
4. run
6. gave
7. broke
8. freeze
9. caught
12. took
13. flew
16. went
17. cut

Down

1. swim
2. bit
3. drank
5. understood
7. become
10. hide
11. make
14. left
15. kept

4. Forms of the verbs

1. shaken
2. drunk
3. brought
4. flown
5. held
6. beat
7. hidden
8. dug
9. spent
10. driven
11. cost
12. spoke
13. become
14. grown
15. felt
16. wrote

Knowledge is power.

5. Which word is different?

A

1. b
2. c
3. d
4. b
5. c

B

1. b
2. d
3. c
4. c
5. b

C

1. c
2. c
3. b
4. c
5. b

D

1. a
2. b
3. b
4. c
5. b

6. Prepositions

1. on
2. about
3. at
4. on
5. by
6. on
7. with
8. at
9. with
10. to
11. from
12. of
13. on
14. for
15. at
16. in
17. of
18. for
19. at
20. at
21. to

7. Past Participle

Down

1. written
4. forgotten
5. seen
7. driven
8. built
10. had
11. meant

Across

2. brought
3. cut
6. heard
8. begun
9. met
10. held
11. misunderstood
12. paid
13. spent

8. Prepositions

Across

1. under
3. opposite.
8. below
9. about
14. through
15. inside
16. since

Down

1. until
2. among
4. past
5. down
6. near
7. along
10. outside
11. between
12. across
13. behind

9. Comparatives and superlatives

Across

3. funniest
5. drier
9. stronger
10. earlier
11. best

Down

1. fittest
2. less
3. farther
4. deepest
6. easier
7. poorer
8. slower

KEYS TO THE SAMPLE TESTS

Sample Test 1

Task 1

1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a 5. b 6. c 7. b

Task 2

1. c 2. e 3. g 4. b 5. a 6. h 7. d 8. j 9. f 10. i

Task 3

1. has been promoted
2. will be installed
3. are asked
4. has invited
5. is being re-organised
6. belonged
7. had disappeared
8. was stuck
9. is being interviewed
10. can be hurt

Task 4

1. f 2. h 3. j 4. i 5. b 6. d 7. k 8. e

Task 5

1. b 2. c 3. c 4. c 5. a

Sample Test 2

Task 1

1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b 5. c 6. b 7. c

Task 2

1. b 2. c 3. c 4. b 5. c

Task 3

1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c 5. a 6. b 7. c 8. a 9. b 10. b

Task 4

1. A modern tank is very expensive. It costs a lot of money to produce it.
2. Lieutenant Edwards joined the army three years ago.
3. The platoon arrived at the battle camp early in the morning.
4. The sentry checked the major's ID card.

5. Private Jenkins was the first to finish the ten-mile endurance march. He is the fittest in the platoon.
6. We are late. Hurry up! – I only need a few minutes to get ready.
7. I have to tell you something very important but not here. There are too many people around.
8. Captain Parker is back from Germany. – Is he? I will call him.
9. Private Scott's parents live near Lake Ontario.
10. Would you like some coffee? – No, thanks. I never have coffee in the evening.

Task 5

1. The doctor told him to avoid alcohol and cigarettes for a month.
2. The sergeant ordered Private Wilson to give him his rifle,
3. Lieutenant Walker said that he had just seen a new company commander.
4. Major Brown asked Private Smith what he was doing on the parade square at that time.
5. The instructor told the soldiers not to open fire unless their lives were in immediate danger.
6. The commander said that the convoy would reach its destination at 2000 hours.
7. Captain Smith asked Captain Esteban if he liked it there in England.
8. Paul said that the football match between A Company and B Company hadn't finished yet.
9. Major Pulaski asked where the NATO School was/is located.
10. John asked a shop assistant if he could connect to the Internet using a PDA.

Sample Test 3

Task 1

1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. b 6. a 7. c

Task 2

1. at 2. on 3. Between 4. at; from 5. In 6. behind 7. since 8. in 9. in; about 10. inside

Task 3

1. c 2. a 3. b 4. c 5. b 6. b 7. a 8. c 9. a 10. b

Task 4

1. Where did a bomb explode yesterday morning?
2. What will start tomorrow? *or* What kind of operation will start tomorrow?
3. How much does the Black Hawk helicopter weigh?
4. When did Yuri Gagarin die in an accident in a new MIG-15?
5. Is there a man or a woman walking down the road to the camp?
6. Who(m) is the UN representative talking to about the situation in the capital city?
7. Why is speed more important during breaching?

Task 5

1. are widely used
2. was clearing
3. switching
4. going
5. has laughed
6. take
7. finish
8. are being followed
9. was heard
10. had seen

Sample Test 4**Task 1**

1. c 2. b 3. b 4. c 5. a 6. b 7. b 8. c

Task 2

1. **A** asked where they would billet their men.
2. **B** said that the old school was ideal because it had a lot of space for everyone and it was off the main road, so it would be easy to get their trucks in.
3. **A** said that he thought it would be better to go for the cinema. There was a car park beyond with space for more trucks than in the school yard. It was nearer the rail depot and the town centre. That would make it easier to manage patrols and deliveries.
4. **B** said that perhaps he was right and he agreed with him.

Task 3

1. h 2. f 3. e 4. b 5. j

Task 4

1. them
2. himself
3. each other/one another
4. no
5. yourself
6. Mine
7. anything
8. their
9. who
10. that/ which
11. himself; him

Task 5

1. h 2. e 3. n 4. b 5. f 6. k 7. d

Sample Test 5**Task 1**

1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. b 6. c 7. b

Task 2

1. **W** – wasn't he
2. **R**
3. **W** – belongs
4. **R**
5. **W** – has participated
6. **R**
7. **R**
8. **W** – mine
9. **W** – since
10. **W** – shelves

Task 3

1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. b 6. b 7. c 8. b 9. a 10. c

Task 4

1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b 5. b 6. c 7. a 8. b 9. c 10. a

Task 5

1. have been
2. the
3. for
4. was doing
5. would look
6. to
7. both

Sample test 6**Task 1**

1. has become 2. youngest 3. the 4. ambushed 5. crawled 6. injured 7. the 8. –

Task 2

1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. b 6. a 7. a 8. b 9. c 10. c

Task 3

1. have warned 2. both 3. claimed 4. that 5. retired 6. called on 7. forcing
8. According to 9. as many as 10. leading

Task 4

1. raided 2. was 3. broke into 4. was living 5. were tied up 6. believed
7. was shot 8. noted 9. had left 10. have created

Task 5

1. heard 2. biggest 3. freely 4. you get 5. look for/ up 6. hard to argue
7. Rwanda 8. wearing 9. give up 10. would be

Sample test 7**Task 1**

1. cleverer 2. than 3. smoking 4. compared 5. who 6. an 7. that
8. better 9. the 10. to have

Task 2

1. a 2. c 3. c 4. a 5. b 6. b 7. b 8. c 9. a 10. b

Task 3

1. is being forced 2. have come up with 3. to understand 4. more difficult
5. were being played 6. dubbed 7. was playing 8. worse

Task 4

1. has survived 2. himself 3. The 4. wearing 5. killed 6. although
7. sustained 8. on 9. increasingly

Task 5

1. White phosphorus causes horrific burns and, under international conventions, its use is illegal in **built-up** areas.
2. In the North Caucasus suicide bombings by Islamist militants are **increasingly** common - and police and local government officials are the usual target.
3. Nothing will go wrong if we **check** everything twice.
4. Our soldiers, **working** with the Bosnian Government, seized terrorists who were plotting to bomb our embassy.
5. While the user **was** reloading, the weapon was nearly useless, and an adversary might be able to take advantage of the situation and kill or wound the user.
6. Gunfights also **broke out** between police and demonstrators in the town of Daleh.
7. **I tried to estimate** how far the town is, but it was difficult as the map was not very precise.
8. Ms Stang, who was 73 when she was killed, worked in the Amazon **for** 30 years to preserve the rainforest and protect the rights of rural workers against large-scale farmers wanting to take their land.
9. The offensive in Marjah is the **biggest** assault since the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan
10. The Garand M1C sniper rifle **became** the standard issue sniper rifle in June of 1944, and served well and reliably in World War II, in Korea, and in the early days of Vietnam.

Sample Test 8**Task 1**

1. biggest 2. has been launched 3. The 4. has been tested 5. have been detected
6. However 7. as 8. rule out 9. but 10. look into

Task 2

1. c 2. a 3. a 4. a 5. b 6. b 7. c 8. c 9. b 10. a

Task 3

1. encouraging 2. showing 3. than 4. incredible 5. finding 6. lasting 7. tired
8. that 9. aimed 10. ourselves

Task 4

1. joint 2. started 3. combined 4. simulating 5. besieged 6. concluded
7. practised 8. took part 9. stated 10. including

Task 5

1. highest 2. has fallen 3. many 4. cheerful 5. took place 6. invading 7. the River Nile
8. manage 9. built 10. then

Sample Test 9**Task 1**

1. Until 2. had never set 3. a 4. piloting 5. when 6. but 7. took 8. the
9. a 10. flew

Task 2

1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a 5. c 6. b 7. a 8. b 9. a 10. c

Task 3

1. began 2. arrived 3. was taking place 4. was horrified 5. were left 6. spoke
7. made 8. had fought 9. would help 10. became

Task 4

1. called 2. began 3. were evacuated 4. had never left 5. were organised
6. took place 7. were carried out 8. had not been directed 9. had been sanctioned
10. died

Task 5

1. sudden
2. Pakistan
3. But some fighters are reported to be still at large **so** government and UN troops are trying to hunt them down.
4. fell
5. Some 300,000 people have been killed in Darfur, according to the UN, and more than 2.6 million displaced **since** ethnic rebels took up arms in 2003.
6. do not forget
7. disgusted
8. had been living
9. to block
10. broke up

Sample Test 10**Task 1**

1. participated 2. since 3. has been guarding 4. signed 5. that 6. continued 7. took part
8. itself 9. flown 10. a

Task 2

1. c 2. a 3. a 4. b 5. a 6. c 7. c 8. b 9. b 10. a

Task 3

1. woke up 2. was sitting 3. had given 4. leads 5. found 6. spent 7. kept
8. took

Task 4

1. attacked 2. including 3. said 4. drove off 5. had been holding/ had held
6. have been alerted 7. crack down

Task 5. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it.

1. highest 2. because 3. left 4. talking 5. has fallen 6. which/ that 7. then
8. easier 9. in the crowd 10. either